

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:451

Annual Report

2010-2011

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公司資料 Corporate Information

董事會	Directors
**/- ** **	Eventive Directors
執行董事	Executive Directors Mr VID Sum Vin (Chairman)
葉森然先生(主席)	Mr YIP Sum Yin (Chairman)
喩紅棉女士	Madam YU Hung Min Madam YU Pei Yi
喻佩儀女士	Madam YO Pel YI
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors
黎永良先生	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter
林國昌先生	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong
李美玲女士	Madam LEE Mei Ling
行政總裁	Chief Executive Officer
葉校然先生	Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice
公司秘書	Company Secretary
邵敏菁女士	Madam SHIU Man Ching
註冊辦事處	Registered Office
Canon's Court	Canon's Court
22 Victoria Street	22 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 12	Hamilton HM 12
Bermuda	Bermuda
總辦事處	Principal Office
香港	
H /E	17th Floor, Phase I
新界	17th Floor, Phase I Kingsford Industrial Building
新界	Kingsford Industrial Building
新界 葵涌	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street
新界 葵涌 葵喜街26-32號	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung
新界 葵涌 葵喜街26-32號 金發工業大廈	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories
新界 葵酒 葵喜街26-32號 金發工業大廈 第一期17樓 核數師	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong Auditor
新界 葵酒 葵喜街26-32號 金發工業大廈 第一期17樓 核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong
新界 葵高街26-32號 金發工業大廈 第一期17樓 核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 香港執業會計師	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants
新界 葵喜街26-32號	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants 22nd Floor, Prince's Building
新界 葵高街26-32號 金發工業大廈 第一期17樓 核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 香港執業會計師	Kingsford Industrial Building 26-32 Kwai Hei Street Kwai Chung New Territories Hong Kong Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

公司資料 Corporate Information

主要往來銀行	Principal Banks
中國銀行股份有限公司	Bank of China Limited
中國建設銀行股份有限公司	China Construction Bank Corporation
中國農業銀行股份有限公司	Agricultural Bank of China Limited
香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
恒生銀行有限公司	Hang Seng Bank Limited
香港法律顧問	Hong Kong Legal Adviser
張美霞律師行	Jennifer Cheung & Co.
香港	Unit A, 19th Floor
中環	Two Chinachem Plaza
干諾道中68號	68 Connaught Road Central
華懋廣場Ⅱ期	Central
19樓A室	Hong Kong
百慕達法律顧問	Bermuda Legal Adviser
Appleby	Appleby
(香港辦事處)	(Hong Kong Branch Office)
香港	8th Floor
中環	Bank of America Tower
夏慤道12號	12 Harcourt Road
美國銀行中心	Central
8樓	Hong Kong
主要股份過戶及轉讓登記處	Principal Registrar and Transfer Office
HSBC Securities Services (Bermuda) Limited	HSBC Securities Services (Bermuda) Limited
6 Front Street	6 Front Street
Hamilton HM 11	Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda	Bermuda
香港股份過戶及轉讓登記處	Hong Kong Branch Registrar and Transfer Office
卓佳雅柏勤有限公司	Tricor Abacus Limited
香港	26th Floor, Tesbury Centre
灣仔	28 Queen's Road East
皇后大道東28號	Wanchai
金鐘滙中心26樓	Hong Kong

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

業務回顧

Business Review

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團由持續經營業務所得之除所得税前盈利為1,437,848港元(二零一零年:6,321,299港元),較去年下降77%。而股東應佔盈利為6,950,449港元(二零一零年:股東應佔虧損為46,534,524港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2011, profit before income tax from continuing operations of the Group amounted to HK\$1,437,848 (2010: HK\$6,321,299) represented a decrease of 77% compared with last year. Profit attributable to shareholders amounted to HK\$6,950,449 (2010: loss attributable to shareholders amounted to HK\$46,534,524).

雖然印刷線路板分部之收益因經濟復甦、客戶基礎擴闊及江西廠房提高了生產力而升至1,332,336,472港元(二零一零年:902,243,858港元),但仍錄得4,794,494港元虧損(二零一零年:盈利1,200,265港元),原因如下:

Although the revenue for the printed circuit boards ("PCB") segment increased to HK\$1,332,336,472 (2010: HK\$902,243,858), which was mainly due to economic recovery, the broadening customer base and the enhancement in production capacity in the Jiangxi factory, it recorded a loss of HK\$4,794,494 (2010: profit of HK\$1,200,265) as the results of the following reasons:

(i) 原材料成本上升

- (i) the increase in raw material costs
- (ii) 人民幣升值引致生產和行政開支上升
- (ii) the increase in both production and administrative expenses due to the appreciation of Renminbi
- (iii) 主要由江西廠房產生之折舊及攤銷增加17,323,352港元
- (iii) the increase in depreciation and amortisation expenses amounting to HK\$17,323,352 arising mainly from the Jiangxi factory
- (iv) 主要由興建及營運江西廠房產生的融 資成本增加11,844,833港元
- (iv) the increase in finance costs amounting to HK\$11,844,833 which was mainly caused by the additional loans for financing the construction and operation of the Jiangxi factory

本集團電子業務已於本年停止營運並列為已終止經營業務。電子產品分部因物業、廠房及設備減值虧損撥回11,173,115港元後錄得盈利11,744,943港元。去年錄得虧損主要為物業、廠房及設備減值虧損及計提終止廠房運作之有關費用所致。

Electronic products segment was classified as discontinued operation as a result of cessation of this business during the year. This segment incurred a profit of HK\$11,744,943 with the reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment amounting to HK\$11,173,115. The loss in last year was mainly due to the impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and the related expenses accrued for the closure of the factory.

江西廠房於二零零九年三月正式投產,在 產能方面約佔全年整體產能之46%。 Our Jiangxi factory commenced operation in March 2009 and it contributed 46% of the total production output for the year.

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

展望

Prospect

管理層致力開拓更多國際知名客戶。投入 更多機械設備於江西廠房以提高生產效 率,達至最有效之生產模式。銷售收益亦 有相應的增長潛力。由二零一一年四月至 二零一一年五月,印刷線路板之產量相比 去年同期已增加超過兩成。 The management works hard to explore more sales opportunities from the international renowned customers. More machinery is injected into our Jiangxi factory to improve the efficiency of the production lines in Jiangxi in order to reach the economic scale of production. Sales revenue will have potential to grow accordingly. From April 2011 to May 2011, production output of PCB increased over 20% compared with those of the corresponding period of last year.

然而,營商環境仍是充滿困難和挑戰。原材料價格及工資可能會上揚、人民幣升值以及利率可能上揚之壓力仍然是本集團的潛在成本負擔。我們為了緩和上述負面影響,將盡力降低生產報廢率、提高生產技術及增加自動化運作以達至最有效之生產模式。

However, the forthcoming business environment is still difficult and challenging. Possible increase in raw material costs and labor costs, appreciation of Renminbi and possible increase in interest rates remain the potential burdens to the Group. In order to ease the negative impact induced from the aforesaid factors, we would try with full endeavor to reach the economic scale of production, lower the scrap rate, move towards hi-technology, and uplift the degree of automation in production.

長遠而言,因LED電視、3G手提電話和個 人手提電腦之需求日益增加及國家政府對 本土經濟的刺激方案等利好因素,將會為 本集團印刷線路板業務之未來帶來更多的 發展空間。 In the long-run, the increasing demand of LED televisions, 3G mobile phones and net books, with the stimulation policy on the domestic economy by the government of Mainland China, will form a solid foundation to enhancing our Group's PCB business development.

致謝

Appreciation

本人謹代表董事會對管理層及員工之勤勉 和貢獻、業務上伙伴及公司股東一直以來 的支持,致以衷心謝意。 On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our gratitude and sincere appreciation to all management and staff members for their diligence and dedication, and also to our business partners and the Company's shareholders for their continuing support.

承董事會命 **葉森然** *主席*

On behalf of the Board **Yip Sum Yin**

Chairman

香港,二零一一年六月二十九日

Hong Kong, 29 June 2011

回顧

Overview

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,集團收益較去年上升43%,升至1,334,510,672港元(二零一零年:931,579,923港元),股東應佔盈利達6,950,449港元(二零一零年:股東應佔虧損達46,534,524港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2011, the revenue of the Group amounting to HK\$1,334,510,672 (2010: HK\$931,579,923) represented an increase of 43% compared with last year whereas the profit attributable to shareholders amounted to HK\$6,950,449 (2010: loss attributable to shareholders amounted to HK\$46,534,524).

財務回顧

Financial Review

收益

本集團業務主要為製造及銷售印刷線路板及電子消費品。截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團電子業務已停止營運並列為已終止經營業務。

Revenue

The Group principally engages in the manufacturing and selling of printed circuit boards and consumer electronic products. For the year ended 31 March 2011, electronic products segment was classified as a discontinued operation as a result of cessation of this business.

兩年的收益比較如下:

The revenues for 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

		二零一一年 2011 港元 HK\$	二零一零年 2010 港元	增加/(減少) Increase/ (decrease)
		пу	HK\$	%
印刷線路板 電子產品	Printed circuit boards Electronic products	1,332,336,472 2,174,200	902,243,858 29,336,065	48 (93)
		1,334,510,672	931,579,923	43

年內,本集團來自香港、澳門及中國大陸 的客戶收入佔本年度收益之60%(二零一零 年:64%)。

由於電子產品分部的收益少於本期間集團 總收益之1%及已列為已終止經營業務,故 此以下分析只適用於印刷線路板分部。 In the current year, the revenue from customers in Hong Kong, Macao and Mainland China represented 60% (2010: 64%) of the Group's total revenue.

As the revenue of electronic products segment only represents lower than 1% of the Group's total revenue and it has already been classified as a discontinued operation, the following analysis is only applied to the PCB segment.

銷售成本

Cost of sales

本年度銷售成本升至1,196,490,064港元 (二零一零年:790,312,495港元),較去年 度上升51%。 Cost of sales in the current year increased to HK\$1,196,490,064 (2010: HK\$790,312,495) representing an increase of 51% compared with last year.

毛利率由12.4%降至10.2%,主要由於原材料成本上升及人民幣升值。

The decline in gross profit margin from 12.4% to 10.2% was mainly due to the increase in raw material costs and the appreciation of Renminbi.

其他經營收入

Other operating income

其他經營收入包括副產品銷售11,562,848 港元(二零一零年:3,678,593港元)及中國 大陸政府補貼612,614港元(二零一零年: 1,666,056港元)。 Other operating income mainly included sale of manufacturing by-products amounting to HK\$11,562,848 (2010: HK\$3,678,593) and government subsidies of Mainland China amounting to HK\$612,614 (2010: HK\$1,666,056).

行政開支

Administrative expenses

行政開支升至89,283,885港元(二零一零年:74,600,881港元),較去年上升20%。行政開支包括匯兑虧損淨額金額為19,173,933港元(二零一零年:6,103,610港元)。此乃人民幣升值所致。

Administrative expenses increased to HK\$89,283,885 (2010: HK\$74,600,881) representing an increase of 20% compared with last year. Net exchange loss amounting to HK\$19,173,933 (2010: HK\$6,103,610) due to the appreciation of Renminbi was included.

其他經營開支

Other operating expenses

其他營運開支升至5,992,891港元(二零一零年:3,166,559港元)較去年上升89%。

Other operating expenses increased to HK\$5,992,891 (2010: HK\$3,166,559) representing an increase of 89% compared with last year.

其他營運開支主要包括壞賬撇除5,289,584 港元(二零一零年:2,442,226港元)佔總收 益之0.4%(二零一零年:0.3%)。 Other operating expenses mainly included bad debts written off amounting to HK\$5,289,584 (2010: HK\$2,442,226) which represented 0.4% (2010: 0.3%) of total revenue.

融資成本

Finance costs

融資成本為32,919,300港元(二零一零年: 21,074,467港元)較去年上升56%。主要由 於為籌資興建及營運江西廠房而新增貸款 及中國人民銀行貸款基准利率上調所致。 Finance costs amounting to HK\$32,919,300 (2010: HK\$21,074,467) represented an increase of 56% compared with last year, which was mainly due to the additional loans for financing the construction and operation of the Jiangxi factory and the increase of People's Bank of China benchmark lending rate.

物業重估

於過往年度,本集團的租賃土地及樓宇和 投資物業按歷史成本減往後累計折舊及減 值虧損列賬。本公司董事認為本集團繼續 採納該等會計政策不再切實可行,而運用 香港會計準則16下的重估方法和香港會計 準則40下的公平值方法將可就本集團之業 績與財務狀況提供更為適當及相關的資料。

故本集團於本年度更改其於租賃土地及樓宇和投資物業的會計政策以跟隨重估方法和公平值方法。於二零一一年三月三十一日,總資產賬面值因而上升73,581,133港元和投資物業公平值收益2,370,000港元計入綜合收益表。有關詳細資料,請參閱附註2(b)之會計政策和歸類變動。

Property revaluation

In previous years, the Group's leasehold land and buildings and investment property were carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The directors reassessed the appropriateness of this accounting policy during the year and concluded that using the revaluation model under HKAS 16 and the fair value model under HKAS 40 would provide more appropriate and relevant information about the Group's results and financial position.

Consequently, the Group changed its accounting policies on leasehold land and buildings and investment property to follow the revaluation model and fair value model in this year. As a result, the net book value of the total assets was increased by HK\$73,581,133 as at 31 March 2011 and the fair value gain of investment property amounting to HK\$2,370,000 was recorded in the consolidated income statement. Please refer to note 2(b) "Changes in accounting policies and classifications" for details.

營運回顧

印刷線路板分部

收益升至1,332,336,472港元(二零一零年:902,243,858港元),多於本年度總收益之99%(二零一零年:97%)。分部業績降至34,251,497港元(二零一零年:34,619,943港元),此乃原材料成本上升以及人民幣升值所致並抵銷部份客戶訂單之利潤增長。

電子產品分部

收益降至2,174,200港元(二零一零年:29,336,065港元),少於本年度集團總收益1%(二零一零年:3%)。分部業績錄得盈利12,063,586港元(二零一零年:虧損43,628,264港元),此乃因為物業、廠房及設備減值虧損撥回11,173,115港元所致。

Review of operations

Printed Circuit Boards Segment

Revenue increased to HK\$1,332,336,472 (2010: HK\$902,243,858) which accounted for more than 99% (2010: 97%) of the Group's total revenue for the current year. Segment result decreased to HK\$34,251,497 (2010: HK\$34,619,943), which was due to the increase in raw material costs and the appreciation of Renminbi partially compensated by slight improvement in profit margin of the customers' orders.

Electronic Products Segment

Revenue decreased to HK\$2,174,200 (2010: HK\$29,336,065) which accounted for less than 1% (2010: 3%) of the Group's total revenue for the current year. Segment result recorded a profit of HK\$12,063,586 (2010: loss of HK\$43,628,264) which was due to the reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment amounting to HK\$11,173,115.

變現能力及財政狀況

Liquidity and financial resources

本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日之總借貸包括融資租賃之承擔為471,802,590港元(二零一零年:559,265,147港元),全部須以港元、美元及人民幣歸還。本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日之負債比率為91%(二零一零年:108%),其計算方法為總貸款扣除已抵押銀行存款,及銀行存款及現金後除以總權益所得之比率。

At 31 March 2011, total borrowings of the Group, including obligations under finance leases, amounted to HK\$471,802,590 (2010: HK\$559,265,147) which were payable in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi. The Group's gearing ratio at 31 March 2011, which was calculated as the ratio of total borrowings less pledged bank deposits, and cash at banks and in hand to total equity, was 91% (2010: 108%).

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之總 借貸還款期如下: At 31 March 2011, the Group's total borrowings were repayable as follows:

		二零一- 2011 港元 HK\$	1	二零一零 2010 港元 HK\$	年
一年以內 第二年 第三至第五年	Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years	290,487,185 113,693,476 67,621,929	62% 24% 14%	393,896,515 76,167,185 89,201,447	70% 14% 16%
		471,802,590	100%	559,265,147	100%

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之總 銀行信貸概述如下: At 31 March 2011, the Group's total banking facilities were summarised as follows:

		二零一一年	二零一零年
		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
總銀行信貸額	Total banking facilities granted	496,593,446	723,451,433
已使用之信貸額	Facilities utilised	(427,841,835)	(485,338,451)
尚未使用之信貸額	Available facilities	68,751,611	238,112,982

總信貸額中,以本集團資產作法定抵押之銀行信貸額為371,034,137港元(二零一零年:306,948,912港元),該等資產之賬面淨值為660,115,818港元(二零一零年:519,428,272港元)。

Among the total facilities, banking facilities amounting to HK\$371,034,137 (2010: HK\$306,948,912) were secured by legal charges on the Group's assets with a net book value of HK\$660,115,818 (2010: HK\$519,428,272).

年內,本集團獲授之若干銀行融資訂明 其中多項財務契諾,規定(i)本集團之總 負債除以總權益不能多於2.2;及(ii)資產 未經批准不應擅自抵押(二零一零年: (i) 本集團之負債比率不能多於1;(ii)本 集團之總負債除以總權益不能多於2.2; 及(iii)資產未經批准不應擅自抵押)。於 二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團已獲 授銀行信貨合共110,000,000港元(二零 -零年:168,000,000港元),其中已使 用了約82,000,000港元(二零一零年: 117,000,000港元),由於本集團違反 了該等契諾,故此長期未償還貸款為數 35,559,349港元(二零一零年:39,457,206 港元)已在綜合財務狀況表中重新分類為 流動負債。直至本財務報表批准日期, 其中一間主要銀行已豁免相關信貸約為 59,000,000港元之契諾。於二零一一年 三月三十一日,相關銀行貸款金額約為 59,000,000港元。有關二零一一年三月 三十一日後改變之詳細資料,請參閱附註 2(a)之編製基準。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之融資租賃承擔43,960,754港元(二零一零年:73,926,696港元)乃以本集團之物業、廠房及設備作法定抵押,該等物業、廠房及設備之賬面淨值為133,581,431港元(二零一零年:151,181,265港元)。

During the year, certain of the banking facilities granted to the Group stipulated that (i) the total liabilities over total equity of the Group should not be more than 2.2 and (ii) the assets should not be pledged without permission (2010: (i) the gearing ratio of the Group should not be more than 1, (ii) the total liabilities over total equity of the Group should not be more than 2.2 and (iii) the assets should not be pledged without permission). At 31 March 2011, the Group breached such covenants. The total banking facilities from the relevant banks were approximately HK\$110 million (2010: HK\$168 million) of which approximately HK\$82 million (2010: HK\$117 million) was utilised as at 31 March 2011. Accordingly, the non-current portion of bank loans amounting to HK\$35,559,349 (2010: HK\$39,457,206) was reclassified as a current liability in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2011. Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, a relevant principal bank granted a waiver from strict compliance of the financial covenant requirements of its banking facilities amounting to approximately HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011. Such bank loans amounted to approximately HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011. Please refer to note 2(a) "Basis of preparation" for further details of changes subsequent to 31 March 2011.

At 31 March 2011, obligations under finance leases of the Group amounting to HK\$43,960,754 (2010: HK\$73,926,696) were secured by legal charges on the Group's property, plant and equipment with a net book amount of HK\$133,581,431 (2010: HK\$151,181,265).

其他近期融資活動

於二零一一年三月十四日,本公司與富強證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議,據此,配售代理同意按竭盡所能基準促成承配人以每股股份3.27港元之價格認購最多11,380,000股新股份。根據配售事項全部11,380,000股股份已獲配關購,而配售事項已於二零一一年知多二十日完成。本公司擬將所得款項淨資金及/或於適當時機在未來進行潛在投資項目。

Other recent financing activities

On 14 March 2011, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Fortune (HK) Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Placing Agent agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, placees to subscribe up to a maximum of 11,380,000 new shares at a price of HK\$3.27 per share. All the 11,380,000 shares under the placing were fully subscribed and the placing was completed on 20 April 2011. The Company intends to use the net proceeds of approximately HK\$36 million as working capital of the Group and/or for possible investment in the future when opportunities arise.

於二零一一年三月二十三日,本公司與國金集團有限公司(「認購人」)訂立認購協議,據此,認購人同意以現金90,000,000港元可換股可贖回債券(「債券」)。認購事項之所得款項淨額(扣除相關開支)估計約為89,000,000港元。所得款項淨額將全數用以償還於香港及中國之銀行貸款及應付款項。此發行債券已於二零一一年六月十六日完成。

On 23 March 2011, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Union Gold Group Limited (the "Subscriber"), pursuant to which the Subscriber agreed to subscribe for a HK\$90 million convertible redeemable bond of the Company (the "Bond") at HK\$90 million in cash. The net proceeds from the subscription (after deducting related expenses) are estimated to be approximately HK\$89 million. The entire net proceeds will be mainly used for repayment of bank loans and payables in Hong Kong and Mainland China. On 16 June 2011, the issue of the Bond was completed.

僱員及酬金政策

本集團位於中國大陸的長安廠、鳳崗廠及江西廠於二零一一年三月三十一日僱用職工4,366人(二零一零年:3,518人),而香港及澳門辦事處僱用職員40人(二零一零年:42人)。截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,僱員成本(不包括董事酬金)合計163,182,307港元(二零一零年:125,485,580港元),薪酬福利一般按市場價格及個人資歷而釐定,本集團定期評估薪酬政策。

Employees and remuneration policies

At 31 March 2011, 4,366 (2010: 3,518) staff members and workers were employed in our Chang An factory, Feng Gang factory and Jiangxi factory in Mainland China and 40 (2010: 42) staff members were employed in Hong Kong and Macao offices. Staff costs, excluding directors' remuneration, amounted to HK\$163,182,307 for the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$125,485,580). Remuneration packages are generally structured with reference to the prevailing market practice and individual qualifications. The remuneration policies of the Group are reviewed on a periodic basis.

匯率波動之風險及相關之對沖

本集團之借貸主要以港元、美元及人民幣 列值。本集團於年內並沒有廣泛地使用金 融工具以對沖相關風險但會密切監察波動 及在有需要時使用相關之金融工具。

Exposure to fluctuation in exchange rates and related hedges

The Group's borrowings are primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi. The Group had not used financial instruments extensively to hedge against such risk during the year but will closely monitor the change and use financial instruments when necessary.

董事會矢志促進良好企業管治以保障股東權益及提升本集團表現。年內,本公司一直符合香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治常規守則(「企業管治常規守則」)。

The board of directors (the "Board") is committed to promoting good corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and to enhance the Group's performance. Throughout the year, the Company was in compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。本公司已向所有董事作出特定查詢後,所有董事均確定,於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,彼等均有遵守該守則所訂的標準。

Directors' securities transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its code of conduct regarding the directors' securities transactions. The Company has made specific enquiry with all directors of the Company, who have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2011.

董事會

本公司由董事會帶領及管理。董事會制訂 發展策略及路向,發展公司業務。本集團 高級管理層負責於日常運作中執行該等策 略及路向。

董事會由六名董事組成,包括三名執行董 事及三名獨立非執行董事。一名獨立非執 行董事具備上市規則所規定恰當專業會計 資格或相關財務管理專業知識。

各獨立非執行董事均已根據上市規第3.13 條作出年度獨立身分確認書。基於此,本 公司確認彼等之獨立性。

董事會定期舉行會議,每年最少四次,以審閱財務報表、新項目重大投資、股息政策、重要融資、庫務政策及會計政策變動。全體董事均可取得依時提供之董事會文件及相關資料。公司秘書負責存管會議記錄。

Board of directors

The Company is governed by the Board which has the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company. The Board set strategies and directions for the Group's activities with a view to develop its business. The senior management of the Group implements such strategies and directions in the day-to-day management.

The Board comprises six directors, with three executive directors and three independent non-executive directors. One of the independent non-executive directors possesses the appropriate professional accounting qualifications or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

Each of the independent non-executive directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers each of them is independent.

The Board meets regularly, at least four times a year, to review financial statements, material investments in new projects, dividend policy, major financings, treasury policies and changes in accounting policies. All directors have access to board papers and related materials which are provided on a timely manner. The Company Secretary keeps the minutes of board meetings.

個別董事出席截至二零一一年三月三十一 日董事會會議的情況詳列如下: The attendance of individual directors to board meetings held in the year ended 31 March 2011 is listed below:

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執行董事	Executive Directors	Attendance
葉森然先生 <i>(主席)</i>	Mr YIP Sum Yin (Chairman)	12/12
喻紅棉女士	Madam YU Hung Min	12/12
喻佩儀女士	Madam YU Pei Yi	2/12

喻紅棉女士為葉森然先生之妻子。喻佩儀 女士為喻紅棉女士之姊妹。 Madam YU Hung Min is the spouse of Mr YIP Sum Yin. Madam YU Pei Yi is the sister of Madam YU Hung Min.

獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-Executive Directors

黎永良先生	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	11/12
林國昌先生	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	12/12
李美玲女士	Madam LEE Mei Ling	11/12

獨立非執行董事按兩年任期委任,須輪值 告退,且於週年大會上按照本公司組織章 程細則重新委任。 The independent non-executive directors are appointed for a term of two years and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meetings in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws.

主席及行政總裁

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

本公司主席為葉森然先生,而行政總裁為 葉校然先生。他們分別負責不同職務,而 其職責有清晰的區分。 The Chairman of the Company is Mr YIP Sum Yin whereas the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice. Their roles are separated, with a clear division of responsibilities.

主席負責帶領董事局,確保董事局有效運作,及按其他董事的建議訂立議程,通過董事局的運作,確保集團遵守企業管治常規及程序。

The Chairman is responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring its effectiveness in all aspects of its role and for setting its agenda and taking into account any matters proposed by other directors for inclusion in the agenda. Through the Board, he is responsible for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are followed by the Group.

行政總裁負責集團營運的日常運作及管理。

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

葉校然先生為葉森然先生之兄弟。

Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice is the brother of Mr YIP Sum Yin.

董事提名

Nomination of directors

於二零一年三月三十一日,本公司沒有 設立提名委員會。根據本公司組織章程細 則,董事會委任之任何董事(不論為填補臨 時空缺或屬董事新增成員)均須於獲委任 後首個股東週年大會退任並合資格膺選建 任。董事會考慮提名新董事時,會考慮該 候選人的資歷、能力、工作經驗、領導才 能及專業操守。董事會在決定獨立非執行 載定。 At 31 March 2011, the Company had not set up a Nomination Committee. Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, any director appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall retire and be eligible for re-election at the next following general meeting after appointment. In considering the nomination of a new director, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates. In determining the independence of independent non-executive directors, the Board follows the requirements set out in the Listing Rules.

年內沒有新董事已受委任。

During the year, no new director had been appointed.

薪酬委員會

Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月十五日由董事會成立,成員包括三名獨立非執行董事: 李美玲女士(委員會主席)、黎永良先生及 林國昌先生。 The Remuneration Committee was established by the Board on 15 September 2005. The Committee consists of three independent non-executive directors: Madam LEE Mei Ling (Chairman of the Committee), Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter and Mr LAM Kwok Cheong.

薪酬委員會已參照守則釐訂職權範圍。

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been determined with reference to the Code.

薪 酬 委 員 會 曾 於 截 至 二 零 一 一 年 三 月 三十一日止年度舉行一次會議,全體成員 均有出席會議。 The Committee met once in the year ended 31 March 2011, which was attended by all members.

該委員會之主要職責為審閱本集團全體董事薪酬政策及結構,並就此向董事會提出建議,有需要時亦可徵求專業意見。薪酬委員會已檢討及批准本集團的薪酬政策及支付予本集團的執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬水平。概無董事或彼等之聯繫人士參與釐定彼等本身薪酬。

The principal duty of the Committee is to review and make recommendations to the Board on the Group's policy and structure for remuneration of all directors. For this purpose, professional advice may be sought if considered necessary. The Remuneration Committee has reviewed and approved the Group's remuneration policy and the levels of remuneration paid to executive directors and senior management of the Group. No directors or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

核數師酬金

Auditor's remuneration

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,應付本集團核數師之審核及非審核服務費用分別為1,320,000港元(二零一零年:1,150,000港元)及1,808,050港元(二零一零年:1,622,410港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2011, fees payable to the auditor of the Group for audit and non-audit services amounted to HK\$1,320,000 (2010: HK\$1,150,000) and HK\$1,808,050 (2010: HK\$1,622,410) respectively.

主要包括以下非核數服務:

The significant non-audit service assignments covered by these fees include the following:

		金額
服務性質	Nature of service	Amount
		港元
		HK\$
税務服務	Tax services	1,279,550
其他服務	Other services	528,500

審核委員會

Audit Committee

審核委員會於一九九九年四月一日由董事 會成立,成員包括三名獨立非執行董事: 林國昌先生(委員會主席)、黎永良先生及 李美玲女士。 The Audit Committee was established by the Board on 1 April 1999. The Committee consists of three independent non-executive directors: Mr LAM Kwok Cheong (Chairman of the Committee), Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter and Madam LEE Mei Ling.

審核委員會曾於截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止年度舉行兩次會議,個別董事 出席率詳列如下: The Committee met twice in the year ended 31 March 2011. Attendance of individual directors is listed below:

出席率 Attendance

林國昌先生	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	2/2
黎永良先生	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	1/2
李美玲女士	Madam LEE Mei Ling	2/2

本公司董事會編製審核委員會職權範圍乃 參照由香港會計師公會發佈之「成立審核委 員會指引」及按照企業管治常規守則已於二 零零五年六月三十日備妥及採納,列明審 核委員會之職權及責任。審核委員會之主 要責任包括審查及監察本集團之財政匯報 程序及內部監控運作。 Written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee were prepared and adopted by the Board of the Company on 30 June 2005, with reference to "A Guide for The Formation of An Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in accordance with the Code. The principal activities of the Audit Committee include the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting process and internal control.

年內,審核委員會曾舉行會議以審查截至 二零一零年三月三十一日止年度之年報及 財務報表及截至二零一零年九月三十日之 中期報告及財務報表,並與外聘核數師討 論財務報告、守章、審核範圍以及維持獨 立身分之政策,向董事會呈報有關事宜。 During the year, the Audit Committee met to review the Company's annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 and the Company's interim report and financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2010 and held discussions with external auditor regarding financial reporting, compliance, scope of audit, policies for maintaining independence and reported to the Board.

內部監控

董事會已審視本集團內部監控制度之有效 性,並實施各種必須及適當的程序維持內 部監控制度,以保障股東權益。該董 檢討已特別考慮本公司在會計及財務重 職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是 夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關 算是否充足。審核委員會亦審視內部監控 制度之整體有效性。本公司繼續竭力加強 現有之內部監控制度。

Internal control

The Board has conducted reviews of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group and performed necessary and appropriate actions to maintain the internal control system for the interests of the shareholders. In particular, the Board's review has considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. The Audit Committee also reviews the internal control system, ensuring its effectiveness. The Company will continue to use its best endeavours to enhance the existing internal control system.

董事之責任聲明

董事知悉彼須根據法定規定及適用會計準 則編製本集團財務報表,而本集團年度業 績及中期業績均依時公佈。

董事已審閱由管理層編製之集團盈利及現 金流預算。董事根據直至本財務報表批准 日期已更新之銀行信貸、現時主要銀行及 新客戶支持,同時亦沒有對業務及財務 現有不能預計的不利影響下(例如原材料 價格及人工上升與及人民幣之升值),本集 團有能力產生足夠的資金以應付營運開 及到期之金融負債。故董事認為根據繼續 營運的基準來編製此綜合財務報表乃屬恰 當。

Directors' responsibility statement

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Group's annual results and interim results are announced in a timely manner.

The directors have reviewed the Group's profit and cash flow projections prepared by management. The directors consider that, based on the renewed banking facilities up to the date of approval of the Group's financial statements, the ongoing support from principal banks and existing and new customers and barring any unforeseen adverse changes to the operations and financial performance of the Group such as substantial increase in raw material and labour costs and appreciation of Renminbi, the Group should be able to generate sufficient cash flows to cover its operating costs and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the Group's financial statements on a going concern basis.

核數師之責任聲明

外聘核數師對財務報告之職責載於本公司 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度財務 報表之獨立核數師報告內。

Auditor's responsibility statement

The responsibilities of the external auditor about their financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report attached to the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011.

董事會同寅報告截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止年度之報告書及經審核財務報 表。 The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011.

主要業務

Principal activities and segment analysis of operations

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司之主要業務則為印刷線路板及電子消費 品之製造及銷售。 The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are the manufacturing and selling of printed circuit boards and consumer electronic products.

本年度按業務分部之集團業績表現分析載 於財務報表附註5。 An analysis of the performance of the Group for the year by segments is set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

業績及分派

Results and appropriations

本集團在本年度之業績載於第31頁之綜合 收益表內。 The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 31.

董事會建議不派發截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止年度股息。 The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2011.

儲備

Reserves

本集團及本公司於年內之儲備變動載於第 36頁綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註29。 Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 36 and note 29 to the financial statements.

按照百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)計算,本公司於二零一一年三月三十一日之可供分派儲備為47,223,765港元(二零一零年:47,291,277港元)。

As at 31 March 2011, distributable reserves of the Company, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) amounted to HK\$47,223,765 (2010: HK\$47,291,277).

物業、廠房及設備

Property, plant and equipment

本集團之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於 財務報表附註18。 Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

股本

Share capital

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報 表附註28。 Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

優先購買權

Pre-emptive rights

本公司之細則中並無優先購股權之條文, 而百慕達之法例亦無規定公司需按比例向 現有股東發售新股之類的限制。 There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws of the Company, although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws in Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

五年財務摘要

Five year financial summary

本集團在過去五個財政年度之業績及資產 負債摘要載於第112頁。 A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 112.

購買、出售或贖回股份

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

年內,本公司並無贖回本公司之股份,及 本公司和其附屬公司概無購買或出售本公司之股份。 The Company had not redeemed any of its shares and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the shares of the Company during the year.

購股權計劃

Share options

本公司股東在二零零五年二月二十三日舉行之股東特別大會上批准採納新購股權計劃(「計劃」)。計劃旨在吸引及保留優質員工,鼓勵彼等對本集團之生產及營運作出貢獻。

At the special general meeting held on 23 February 2005, the adoption of a new share option scheme ("the Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company. The Scheme is set up for the purpose of attracting and retaining quality personnel to provide incentive to them to contribute to the business and operations of the Group.

計劃之可參與人士包括(i)本集團的董事或 僱員;(ii)任何本集團的董事或僱員為全權 託管對象的全權信託;或(iii)任何本集團的 董事或僱員實益擁有的公司。 The eligible persons of the Scheme included (i) any director or employee of the Group; (ii) any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects included any director or employee of the Group; or (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director or employee of the Group.

購股權將無須初步付款而獲授出,其行使價格(可按計劃之規定予以調整)將為(i)股份面值;(ii)股份於授出當日在聯交所每日報價表所報之收市價及(iii)股份於授出當日前連續五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所報平均收市價,三者中之最高者。

The options may be granted without any initial payment for the options at an exercise price (subject to adjustments as provided in the Scheme) equal to the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the grant of the option; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the option.

購股權計劃(續)

Share options (Continued)

根據行使計劃及任何其他計劃授出之購股權而發行之最高股份數目不得超過股東批准新計劃當日本公司於二零零五年二月二十三日已發行股本之10%(「一般授權限制」),在此以外:

The total number of shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of options to be granted under the Scheme of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at 23 February 2005 (General Mandate Limit) provided that:

- (a) 本公司可在股東大會上尋求股東批准 延續一般授權限制,股份總數不得超 過股東批准延續該限制當日之本公司 已發行股本10%;及
- (a) the Company may seek approval of shareholders in general meeting to refresh the General Mandate Limit up to 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the shareholders' approval to refresh the limit; and
- (b) 本公司可另行在股東大會上尋求股東批准授出超出一般授權限制之購股權,但超過限額之數目只能授予本公司在獲得有關批准前已指定之參與者,惟根據計劃及本公司任何其他計劃所有已授出但未行使之購股權予以行使時發行之股份總數不得超過本公司不時已發行股本的30%。
- (b) the Company may seek separate shareholders' approval in general meeting to grant options beyond the General Mandate Limit only to participants specifically identified by the Company before such approval is sought, subject to limitation that no option shall be granted under the Scheme which would result in the aggregate number of shares issued or issuable upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme of the Company to exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

由本計劃於二零零五年二月二十三日採納日起,本公司合共有47,438,520股已發行股份,根據一般授權限制按計劃可授出可認購合共4,743,852股股份之購股權。

As at 23 February 2005, being the date of adoption of the Scheme, there were in issue of 47,438,520 shares. Therefore options to subscribe for a total of 4,743,852 shares may be issued under the Scheme pursuant to the General Mandate Limit.

除非根據上市規則要求獲股東批准,於任何十二個月期間內,就行使根據計劃授予每名參與者之購股權而發行及將予發行之本公司股份總數,不得超過本公司已發行股份之1%。

The maximum number of shares (issued and to be issued) in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme to any one grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the share capital of the Company in issue unless approval of the shareholders of the Company had been obtained in accordance with the Listing Rules.

計劃將於二零一五年二月二十二日到期。 於二零一一年三月三十一日,本計劃並無 購股權授出。 The Scheme will expire on 22 February 2015. As at 31 March 2011, no option had been granted under the Scheme.

董事 Directors

年內及直至本報告日期止之董事如下:

The directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

葉森然先生 喻紅棉女士 喻佩儀女士 黎永良先生* 林國昌先生* 李美玲女士*

Mr YIP Sum Yin Madam YU Hung Min Madam YU Pei Yi Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter *

Mr LAM Kwok Cheong *
Madam LEE Mei Ling *

* 獨立非執行董事

independent non-executive directors

於本公司應屆股東週年大會,葉森然先生 及黎永良先生將根據本公司組織章程細 則第99節輪值告退。但他們表示如再度獲 選,願繼續連任。 At the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting, Mr YIP Sum Yin and Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter will retire by rotation in accordance with Bye-law 99 of the Company's Bye-laws. These directors, being eligible, had offered themselves for re-election at the meeting.

董事服務合約

Directors' service contracts

董事與本公司並無訂立不可於一年內免付 補償(法定補償除外)而終止之服務合約。 None of the directors has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事之合約權益

Directors' interests in contracts

本公司及其附屬公司於年結日或本年內任 何時間均無簽訂任何涉及本公司之業務而 本公司董事直接或間接在其中擁有重大權 益之重要合約。 No contracts of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事及高級管理人員之酬金

Remuneration of directors and senior management

本集團於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度給予本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員之酬金詳情載於財務報表附註10。

Details of the remuneration paid by the Group to the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011 are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

董事及高級管理人員之個人履歷

Biographical details of directors and senior management

有關本公司董事及高級管理人員之個人履 歷如下: Brief biographical details of directors and senior management are set out as follows:

執行董事

葉森然先生,現年六十二歲,為本集團之 主席。他是本集團於一九八二年創業時之 創辦人之一。他畢業於台灣省立海洋學 院,持有電子工程理學士學位。他具有渝

院,持有電子工程理學士學位。他具有逾 三十七年電子業經驗,並負責制定本集團 之整體政策,以及產品研究與發展工作。

喻紅棉女士,現年五十七歲,是葉森然先生之妻室,亦為本集團創辦人之一。她於一九八二年加入本集團前,曾在一間半導體製造公司工作逾六年及一間液晶體手錶製造公司工作四年。她負責本集團之行政工作。

喻佩儀女士,現年六十三歲,是喻紅棉女士之姊妹。彼為本集團服務逾二十六年。 彼亦為本公司數間附屬公司之董事及總經理。於一九八四年加盟本集團前,喻女士曾擔任指導員,負責培訓工廠員工。

Executive directors

Mr YIP Sum Yin, aged 62, is the Chairman of the Group. He is one of the co-founders of the Group, which was founded in 1982. He graduated from Taiwan Provincial College of Marine & Oceanic Technology with a Bachelor of Science degree in Electronic Engineering. He has over 37 years of experience in the electronics industry and is responsible for the Group's overall policy decisions as well as product research and development.

Madam YU Hung Min, aged 57, is the spouse of Mr YIP Sum Yin and is one of the co-founders of the Group. She worked for a semi-conductor manufacturing company for more than 6 years and a LCD watch manufacturing company for another 4 years before founding the Group in 1982. She is responsible for the administration of the Group.

Madam YU Pei Yi, aged 63, is the sister of Madam YU Hung Min. She has worked for the Group for over 26 years. She is also a director and the general manager of various subsidiaries of the Company. Prior to joining the Group in 1984, she was an instructor responsible for training workers in a factory.

董事及高級管理人員之個人履歷(續)

Biographical details of directors and senior management (Continued)

獨立非執行董事

黎永良先生,現年五十四歲,於一九九七年十一月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。他持有香港大學理學士學位。他為香港銀行學會資深會員及香港董事學會資深委員。他亦為美國及加拿大多家證券交易所之出市代表。他在銀行及證券業方面擁有超過三十二年之經驗。

李美玲女士,現年五十歲,於二零零四年十二月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 她為香港會計師公會之會員及英國特許公 認會計師公會資深會員。她具有逾十五年 當特許公認會計師之經驗。

Independent non-executive directors

Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter, aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in November 1997. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is an Associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Bankers and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. He was also a registered representative of various stock exchanges in Canada and the USA. He has over 32 years' experience in banking and securities industries.

Mr LAM Kwok Cheong, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in November 1997. He holds a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of Hong Kong and has been a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong for over 31 years. He is a Justice of the Peace with Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) and a solicitor of the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. He is currently a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors, an Ex-Officio Member of Heung Yee Kuk New Territories, a member of Buildings Ordinance Appeal Tribunal Panel and a member of Panel of Adjudicators, Obscene Articles Tribunal. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Wing Lee Holdings Limited, Sparkle Roll Group Limited and 21 Holdings Limited.

Madam LEE Mei Ling, aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in December 2004. She is an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. She has been a Chartered Certified Accountant for over 15 years.

董事及高級管理人員之個人履歷(續)

Biographical details of directors and senior management (Continued)

高級管理人員

葉校然先生,現年五十五歲,是葉森然先生之弟及本集團之行政總裁。他負責有與國內斯大學運輸策劃及工程理學。他持工學與位。於一九八四年加入本集團前,他曾治任香港政府之運輸顧問工程師達三年心,曾於香港大學城市研究及城市規劃中心擔任助理講師。他具有逾二十七年電子消費品經驗。

何香明女士,現年五十七歲,為本集團之 財務總監。她持有香港中文大學社會科學 學士學位。她於一九九一年加入本集團並 負責本集團之財務監管工作。

李志明先生,現年三十四歲,為本集團之財務總監。他持有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位,並為香港會計師公會及英國公認會計師公會會員。他亦為特許財務分析師(Chartered Financial Analyst)特許持有人。他曾於二零零四年至二零零七年於本集團工作及後於二零零八年再次加入本集團並負責本集團之會計監管工作。

邵敏菁女士,現年四十五歲,為本集團之公司秘書。她為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會會員及香港特許秘書公會會士。她於一九九五年加入本集團並負責本集團之公司秘書的工作。

Senior Management

Mr YIP How Yin, Maurice, aged 55, is a brother of Mr YIP Sum Yin and the Chief Executive Officer of the Group. He is responsible for the Group's overall corporate planning and management. He obtained a Master of Science degree in Transportation Planning and Engineering from the University of Leeds, the United Kingdom. Prior to joining the Group in 1984, he had served as a consulting transportation engineer to the Hong Kong Government for 3 years and was also an assistant lecturer in the Centre of Urban Studies and Urban Planning, the University of Hong Kong. He has over 27 years of experience in the consumer electronics industry.

Madam HO Heung Ming, aged 57, is a Financial Controller of the Group. She holds a Bachelor of Social Science degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. She joined the Group in 1991 and is responsible for the financial control function of the Group.

Mr LEE Chi Ming, aged 34, is a Financial Controller of the Group. He holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also a CFA (Chartered Financial Analyst) charterholder. He worked for the Group from 2004 to 2007 and re-joined the Group in 2008 and is responsible for the Group's accounting control functions.

Madam SHIU Man Ching, aged 45, is the Company Secretary of the Group. She is an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. She joined the Group in 1995 and is responsible for the Group's company secretary functions.

董事及行政總裁於股權或債券之 權益

Interests of directors and chief executive in equity or debt securities

於二零一一年三月三十一日,董事及最高 行政要員於本公司之股本中擁有已記錄於 按照證券及期貨條例(「證券條例」)第352 條而存置之登記冊或已根據香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則之上 市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)知會本公司及聯交所之權益如下: As at 31 March 2011, the interests of the directors and chief executive in the share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") were as follows:

姓名 Name	股份數目 Number of shares	權 益性 質 Nature of interest	持股百分比 Percentage of shareholding
葉森然	35,293,973 <i>(附註)</i>	信託設立人及受益人	62.00%
Yip Sum Yin	(Note)	Settlor and beneficiary of trust	
葉校然	35,293,973 <i>(附註)</i>	信託設立人及受益人	62.00%
Yip How Yin, Maurice	(Note)	Settlor and beneficiary of trust	
喻紅棉	31,695,475 <i>(附註)</i>	信託受益人	55.68%
Yu Hung Min	(Note)	Beneficiary of a trust	

附註:

本公司31,695,475股每股面值0.10港元之股份(「股份」)由Aberdare Assets Limited (「Aberdare」)全資擁有之Sum Tai Holdings Limited (「Sum Tai」)實益擁有。Aberdare由一項全權信託之信託人葉校然先生完全擁有,該信託之受益人為葉森然先生、喻紅棉女士及彼等之家族成員。3,598,498股股份由一項全權信託之信託人葉森然先生完全擁有之Maroc Ventures Inc.(「Maroc」)實益擁有,該信託之受益人為葉校然先生及其家族成員。

除上述所披露者及一名董事於若干本公司之附屬公司作為一名代理人股東擁有非實益權益外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,概無董事或最高行政要員於本公司或其任何聯營公司(按證券條例第XV部所界定)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何已記錄於按照證券條例第352條存置之登記冊或已根據標準守則知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

除本公司之購股權計劃外,本公司、其附屬公司 及其控股公司於年內概無參與任何安排,致使 本公司董事及主要行政人員可藉購入本公司或 其他法團之股份或債券而獲益。

Note:

31,695,475 shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company ("Shares") were beneficially owned by Sum Tai Holdings Limited ("Sum Tai"), which is wholly owned by Aberdare Assets Limited ("Aberdare"). Aberdare is wholly owned by Mr Yip How Yin, Maurice as trustee of a discretionary trust established for the benefit of Mr Yip Sum Yin, Madam Yu Hung Min and their family. 3,598,498 Shares were beneficially owned by Maroc Ventures Inc. ("Maroc"), which is wholly owned by Mr Yip Sum Yin as trustee of a discretionary trust established for the benefit of Mr Yip How Yin, Maurice and his family.

Save as disclosed above and the non-beneficial interest in certain subsidiaries of the Company of a director in his capacity of a nominee shareholder, as at 31 March 2011, none of the directors or any chief executive of the Company had an interest or short position in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Save for the Company's share option scheme, at no time during the year was the Company or its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors or chief executive of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

主要股東

Substantial shareholders

於二零一一年三月三十一日,就董事會所知及按本公司依照證券條例第336條而存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士(本公司董事或最高行政要員除外)於本公司股本中擁有權益:

As at 31 March 2011, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than a director or chief executive of the Company) had interest in the share capital of the Company as recorded in register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

名稱	股份數目	權益性質	持股百分比 Percentage of
Name	Number of Shares	Nature of interest	shareholding
Sum Tai	31,695,475 (附註1)	公司權益	55.68%
	(Note 1)	Corporate interest	
Aberdare	31,695,475 (附註1)	公司權益	55.68%
	(Note 1)	Corporate interest	
Maroc (<i>附註2)</i> (<i>Note 2</i>)	3,598,498	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	6.32%
(- / - /			

附註:

- Notes:
- 該等股份由Sum Tai實益擁有。請參閱上述 「董事及行政總裁於股權或債券之權益」的 附註説明。
- 2. Maroc由一項全權信託之信託人葉森然先生完全擁有,該信託之受益人為葉校然先生及其家族成員。
- 除上述所披露者外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據本公司依照證券條例第336條而存置之權益登記冊所示,概無人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有任何權益或淡倉。
- These Shares were beneficially owned by Sum Tai. Please refer to the note to the section headed "Interests of directors and chief executive in equity or debt securities" above.
- Maroc is wholly owned by Mr Yip Sum Yin as trustee of a discretionary trust established for the benefit of Mr Yip How Yin, Maurice and his family.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, according to the register of interests required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, there was no person who had any interest of short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company.

控股股東於合約之權益

Controlling shareholder's interests in contracts

本集團與本公司控股股東及其任何附屬公司(定義見上市規則)間並無訂立任何重大 合約(包括向本集團提供服務)。 There is no contract of significance between the Group and a controlling shareholder of the Company (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any of its subsidiaries, including for the provision of services to the Group.

管理合約 Management contracts 本集團在本年度內並無就整體業務或任何 重要業務之管理或行政工作簽訂或存有任 何合約。 No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year. 主要客戶及供應商 Major customers and suppliers 本集團主要供應商及客戶所佔之購貨及銷 售之百分比如下: The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

		2011	2010
		%	%
採購額	Purchases		
- 最大之供應商	 the largest supplier 	33	26
- 最大之五名供應商合計	- the five largest suppliers combined	67	54
銷售額	Sales		
- 最大之客戶	 the largest customer 	12	11
- 最大之五名客戶合計	- the five largest customers combined	40	34

董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(指據董事會所知擁有本公司股本5%以上者)並無於上述之主要供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

None of the directors, their associates or shareholders (who to the knowledge of the directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

充足公眾持股量

Sufficiency of public float

根據本公司所得資料及就董事會所知,本 公司於印製本年報之最後限期時,公眾持 股量充足並符合上市規則。 As at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, to the best knowledge of the directors and based on the information publicly available to the Company, there was a sufficient public float of the shares of the Company as required by the Listing Rules.

核數師

Auditor

財務報表經由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,該核數師將於應屆股東週年大會任滿告退,但表示願意應聘連任。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案續聘該會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, who will retire at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting, and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to reappoint them as auditor of the Company.

承董事會命 **葉森然** *主席* On behalf of the Board

Yip Sum Yin Chairman

香港,二零一一年六月二十九日

Hong Kong, 29 June 2011

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

PRICEV/ATERHOUSE COPERS 18

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong Telephone +852 2289 8888 Facsimile +852 2810 9888 pwchk.com

致Same Time Holdings Limited全體股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第31至111頁Same Time Holdings Limited(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一一年三月三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SAME TIME HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Same Time Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 31 to 111, which comprise the consolidated and Company statement of financial position as at 31 March 2011, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

核數師的責任

陳述。

Auditor's responsibility

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照百慕達《一九八一年公司法》第90條僅向整體股東報告我們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證是充足 和適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。 Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

意見

Opinion

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港 財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司 及 貴集團於二零一一年三月三十一日的 事務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的盈 利及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》 的披露規定妥為編製。 In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一一年六月二十九日

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 June 2011

綜合收益表 Consolidated Income Statement

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2011

		附註 Note	2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
持續經營業務 收益 銷售成本	Continuing operations Revenue Cost of sales	5	1,332,336,472 (1,196,490,064)	902,243,858 (790,312,495)
毛利	Gross profit		135,846,408	111,931,363
其他經營收入 投資物業公平值變動	Other operating income Change in fair value of an investment	6	13,110,007	8,124,836
分銷及推廣成本 行政開支 其他經營開支	property Distribution and marketing costs Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	20	2,370,000 (23,259,340) (89,283,885) (5,992,891)	200,000 (15,305,220) (74,600,881) (3,166,559)
經營盈利 融資收入 融資成本	Operating profit Finance income Finance costs	7 11 12	32,790,299 1,566,849 (32,919,300)	27,183,539 212,227 (21,074,467)
除所得税前盈利 所得税項支出	Profit before income tax Income tax expense	13	1,437,848 (6,232,342)	6,321,299 (5,121,034)
持續經營業務(虧損)/盈利	(Loss)/profit from continuing operations		(4,794,494)	1,200,265
已終止經營業務 已終止經營業務盈利/(虧損)	Discontinued operation Profit/(loss) from discontinued operation	14(a)	11,744,943	(47,734,789)
本公司股東應佔盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	15	6,950,449	(46,534,524)
本公司股東應佔每股基本及 攤薄盈利/(虧損) 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務	Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share attributable to shareholders of the Company - from continuing operations - from discontinued operation	17	(8.4 cents港仙) 20.6 cents港仙	2.1 cents港仙 (83.8 cents港仙)
			12.2 cents港仙	(81.7 cents港仙)

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

綜合全面收益表 Consolidated Statement Of Comprehensive Income

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2011

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
年內盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	6,950,449	(46,534,524)
其他全面收益: 外幣匯兑差額 租賃土地及樓宇重估盈餘	Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences Revaluation surplus on leasehold land and buildings	22,646,268 64,933,538	2,257,086
年內除税後其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	87,579,806	2,257,086
本公司股東應佔全面收益	Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the Company	94,530,255	(44,277,438)

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position

於二零一一年三月三十一日 As At 31 March 2011

			於三月三十一日		於四月一日
			As	As at 1 April	
			2011	2010	2009
		附註	港元	港元	港元
		Note	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
				(經重列)	(經重列)
				(Restated)	(Restated)
資產	ASSETS				
非流動資產	Non-current assets				
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	18	1,003,909,641	854,396,875	824,256,442
土地使用權	Land use rights	19	21,008,304	20,664,401	13,543,826
投資物業	Investment property	20	5,570,000	3,200,000	3,000,000
非流動訂金	Non-current deposits	22	12,010,977	6,650,526	14,621,261
其他非流動資產	Other non-current asset	23	350,000	350,000	350,000
			1,042,848,922	885,261,802	855,771,529
流動資產	Current assets				
存貨	Inventories	24	195,980,693	120,786,880	110,289,841
貿易及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	25	335,305,429	210,666,277	144,127,536
衍生財務資產	Derivative financial assets	26	_	_	1,426,036
已抵押銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	27	_	70,733,013	_
銀行存款及現金	Cash at banks and in hand	27	31,461,333	71,857,684	52,747,732
			562,747,455	474,043,854	308,591,145
總資產	Total assets		1,605,596,377	1,359,305,656	1,164,362,674
權益	EQUITY				
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves				
股本	Share capital	28	5,691,852	5,691,852	5,691,852
儲備	Reserves	29	475,646,567	381,116,312	425,393,750
H1 FH1	110301703	20	710,040,001	001,110,012	TE0,000,100
總權益	Total equity		481,338,419	386,808,164	431,085,602

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position

於二零一一年三月三十一日 As At 31 March 2011

			於	於四月一日	
			As	As at 1 April	
			2011	2010	2009
		附註	港元	港元	港元
		Note	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
				(經重列)	(經重列)
				(Restated)	(Restated)
負債 非流動負債	LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities				
貸款	Borrowings	31	181,315,405	165,368,632	133,663,960
遞延所得税負債	Deferred income tax liabilities	32	9,566,546	6,723,480	7,180,213
遞延收入	Deferred income	33	20,859,169	9,611,980	9,783,367
			211,741,120	181,704,092	150,627,540
流動負債	Current liabilities				
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	30	580,765,074	356,827,792	312,719,436
衍生財務負債	Derivative financial liabilities	26	-	98,747	823,214
貸款 當期所得税負債	Borrowings Current income tax liabilities	31	290,487,185 41,264,579	393,896,515 39,970,346	222,525,203 46,581,679
田郑川特饥县县	Current income tax nabilities		41,204,579	39,970,346	40,561,679
			912,516,838	790,793,400	582,649,532
總負債	Total liabilities		1,124,257,958	972,497,492	733,277,072
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities		1,605,596,377	1,359,305,656	1,164,362,674
淨流動負債	Net current liabilities		349,769,383	316,749,546	274,058,387
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabili	ties	693,079,539	568,512,256	581,713,142

葉森然 **Yip Sum Yin** *董事 Director*

喻紅棉 Yu Hung Min *董事* Director

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

財務狀況表 Statement Of Financial Position

於二零一一年三月三十一日 As At 31 March 2011

		附註 Note	2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
資產	ASSETS			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
於附屬公司之投資	Interests in subsidiaries	21	204,967,998	205,019,923
流動資產	Current assets			
其他應收款	Other receivables	25	203,975	271,885
銀行存款及現金	Cash at banks and in hand	27	100,224	48,920
			304,199	320,805
總資產	Total assets		205,272,197	205,340,728
權益	EQUITY			
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	28	5,691,852	5,691,852
儲備	Reserves	29	199,145,436	199,212,948
總權益	Total equity		204,837,288	204,904,800
負債	LIABILITIES			
流動負債	Current liabilities			
其他應付款	Other payables	30	434,909	435,928
總負債	Total liabilities		434,909	435,928
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities		205,272,197	205,340,728
淨流動負債	Net current liabilities		130,710	115,123
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		204,837,288	204,904,800

葉森然 Yip Sum Yin *董事* Director 喻紅棉 Yu Hung Min *董事* Director

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度 For The Year Ended 31 March 2011

	儲值	イ
ı	Rese	rves

					Res	serves			
		股本 Share capital	股本溢價 Share premium	實繳盈餘 Contributed surplus (附註29(c)) (note 29(c))	法定儲備 Legal reserve (附註29(c)) (note 29(c))	重估儲備 Revaluation reserve	匯兑波動 儲備 Exchange reserve	保留盈利 Retained profits	總權益 Total equity
		港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$	港元 H K \$	港元 H K \$	港元 H K \$
於二零零九年四月一日 (如以往呈列) 會計政策變動的影響 (附註2(b))	At 1 April 2009 (as previously reported) Effect of changes in accounting policies (note 2(b))	5,691,852 -	151,921,671 –	14,802,582	48,544 –	-	52,347,186 –	204,668,755	429,480,590 1,605,012
於二零零九年四月一日 (經重列)	At 1 April 2009 (restated)	5,691,852	151,921,671	14,802,582	48,544	_	52,347,186	206,273,767	431,085,602
年內虧損 外幣匯兑差額	Loss for the year Currency translation differences	- -	-	-	-	-	- 2,257,086	(46,534,524) -	(46,534,524) 2,257,086
年內全面收益	Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	-	_	2,257,086	(46,534,524)	(44,277,438)
於二零-零年三月三十一日 (經重列)	At 31 March 2010 (restated)	5,691,852	151,921,671	14,802,582	48,544	-	54,604,272	159,739,243	386,808,164
於二零一零年四月一日 (如以往呈列) 會計政策變動的影響 (附註2(b))	At 1 April 2010 (as previously reported) Effect of changes in accounting policies (note 2(b))	5,691,852	151,921,671	14,802,582	48,544	-	54,604,272	157,970,870	385,039,791 1,768,373
於二零一零年四月一日 (經重列)	At 1 April 2010 (restated)	5,691,852	151,921,671	14,802,582	48,544	<u>-</u>	54,604,272	159,739,243	386,808,164
其他全面收益: 外幣匯兑差額 租賃土地及樓宇重估盈餘	Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences Revaluation surplus on leasehold	-	-	-	-	-	22,646,268	-	22,646,268
有關租賃土地及樓宇重估 盈餘的遞延税項	land and buildings Deferred tax on revaluation surplus on leasehold land and buildings	-	-	-	-	67,729,209 (2,795,671)	-	-	67,729,209 (2,795,671)
除税後之其他全面收益 年內盈利	Other comprehensive income, net of tax Profit for the year	- -	- -	-	-	64,933,538 -	22,646,268	- 6,950,449	87,579,806 6,950,449
年內全面收益	Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	-	64,933,538	22,646,268	6,950,449	94,530,255
於二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	5,691,852	151,921,671	14,802,582	48,544	64,933,538	77,250,540	166,689,692	481,338,419

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度 For The Year Ended 31 March 2011

		附註 Note	2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
持續經營業務 經營活動的現金流量 經營業務產生之現金 收取利息 銀行貸款及透支利息支出 融資租賃租金之利息部分 支付所得税	Continuing operations Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest received Interest paid on bank loans and overdrafts Interest element of finance leases payments Income tax paid	34(a)	155,534,439 1,566,849 (29,452,280) (3,467,020) (4,998,556)	91,324,302 212,227 (15,542,635) (5,531,832) (15,864,287)
經營活動之現金流入淨額	Net cash generated from operating activities		119,183,432	54,597,775
投資活動的現金流量 已抵押銀行存款減少/(增加) 購置物業、廠房及設備 購置土地使用權 出售物業、廠房及 設備所得款項 收取政府補貼	Cash flows from investing activities Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of land use rights Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Government grant received		70,733,013 (147,647,076) - 339,374 11,246,312	(70,733,013) (121,048,278) (7,364,431) 118,275
投資活動之現金使用淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(65,328,377)	(199,027,447)
融資活動的現金流量 貸款所得款項 償還貸款 新訂立融資租賃所得款項 支付融資租賃租金之資本部分	Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Proceeds from inception of finance leases Capital element of finance lease payments		354,688,519 (418,668,133) 13,640,645 (52,288,372)	304,187,573 (79,008,889) – (58,945,742)
融資活動之現金 (使用)/流入淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(102,627,341)	166,232,942
來自持續經營業務之現金及 現金等值(減少)/增加	(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		(48,772,286)	21,803,270
已終止經營業務 來自已終止經營業務之 現金及現金等值減少	Discontinued operation Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operation	14(b)	(191,160)	(3,586,353)
現金及現金等價物之 淨(減少)/增加 於年初之現金及現金等價物	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the		(48,963,446)	18,216,917
外匯匯率變化的影響	beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		71,857,684 8,567,095	52,747,732 893,035
於年末之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	year	31,461,333	71,857,684
現 金及現金等價物分析 : 銀行存款及現金	Analysis of cash and cash equivalents: Cash at banks and in hand	27	31,461,333	71,857,684

第38至111頁的附註為財務報表的整體部份。

The notes on pages 38 to 111 are an integral part of these financial statements.

1 一般資料

Same Time Holdings Limited (「本公司」)為一家在百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,並於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。註冊辦事處地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda。總辦事處地址為香港新界葵涌葵喜街26-32號金發工業大廈第一期17樓。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 主要從事印刷線路板及電子消費品之 製造及銷售。年內,本集團電子業務 已停止營運並列為已終止經營業務。

綜合財務報表以港幣列報(除非另有 説明)。綜合財務報表已經由董事會在 二零一一年六月二十九日批准刊發。

2 主要會計政策

編製本綜合財務報表採用的主要會計 政策載於下文。除另有説明外,此等 政策在所呈報的所有年度內貫徹應用。

(a) 編製基準

綜合財務報表是根據香港會計師 公會頒佈之香港財務報告專則 (「財務準則」) 而編製。綜合財務 報表乃按照歷史成本法編製,並 就以公允價值計量之投資物業 其變動計入收益的金融負債(包括衍生工具)的重估 其變動計入儲備的物業重估而作 出修訂。

編製符合財務準則的綜合財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。這亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中行使其判斷。凡有關方面涉及高度判斷或複雜性的關疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表屬重大假設和估算的範疇,已在附註4中披露。

1 General information

Same Time Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda. The address of its principal office is 17th Floor, Phase I, Kingsford Industrial Building, 26-32 Kwai Hei Street, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacturing and selling of printed circuit boards and consumer electronic products. During the year, electronic products segment was classified as the discontinued operation as a result of cessation of this business.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2011.

2 Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment property, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss and revaluation of properties through equity.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日之淨流動負債為約350,000,000港元。關於本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日之總銀行信貸、已使用之信貸額及用作信貸抵押之資產之賬面淨值的詳情載於附註35。

除此之外,管理層繼續與集團之 主要銀行保持聯繫以更新現有之 信貸額或取得額外之信貸額。

直至本綜合財務報表批准日期, 本公司董事並沒有察覺出取日任何 育額的要求提早歸還已借出取之 資。再者於主要銀行取得。 等四月份從主要銀行取得。 等個的為71,000,000港元。 變額 述主要銀行之信貸額有轉安排 亦有另外的借貸計劃可作

於二零一一年四月,本集團透過配售新股份取得款項淨額約為36,000,000港元。此外,於二零一一年六月,本集團透過發行可換股可贖回債券取得款項淨額約為89,000,000港元。詳情載於附註39。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

As at 31 March 2011, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$350 million. Details of the Group's available banking facilities, the utilisation and the net book amount of assets pledged for such facilities as at 31 March 2011 are set out in note 35 below.

The Group meets its day to day working capital requirements, capital expenditure and financing obligations through cash inflow from operating activities and facilities obtained from banks. As at 31 March 2011, the Group breached the financial covenant requirements of certain banking facilities (note 31). The total facilities from these relevant banks were approximately HK\$110 million of which approximately HK\$82 million was utilised as at 31 March 2011. Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, a relevant principal bank granted a waiver from strict compliance of the financial covenant requirements relating to its banking facilities amounting to approximately HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011. Such bank loans amounted to approximately HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011.

Besides, management maintains continuous communication with the Group's principal banks on the renewal of existing banking facilities and grant of additional banking facilities.

Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are not aware of any intention of the principal banks to withdraw their banking facilities or request early repayment of the utilised facilities. Furthermore, the Group obtained additional banking facilities in April 2011 from its principal banks with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$71 million. Alternative plans have also been developed by the Group to respond to any changes in facilities available from its principal banks.

In April 2011, the Group raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$36 million through new share placing. In addition, in June 2011, the Group issued a convertible redeemable bond and raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$89 million. Please refer to note 39 for further details.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

董事已審閱集團之現金流預算, 該預算已合理地考慮到貿易表現 可能會轉變,銀行持續支持和近 期資本市場相關的融資措施,董 事相信本集團有能力產生足夠的 資金以應付到期之金融負債。故 董事認為根據繼續營運的基準來 編製此綜合財務報表乃屬恰當。

本集團已採納之新訂和經修 訂準則

> 本集團採納以下對本集團業 務相關並必須於二零一零年 四月一日或以後開始之會計 期間採用的新訂準則、準則 的修訂本及詮釋:

香港會計準則17 租賃

的修訂本

香港會計準則27 綜合及獨立財務報表

香港會計準則36 資產減值

的修訂本

香港財務報告 持作出售之非流動 準則5的修訂本 資產及已終止

經營業務

香港詮釋4 租賃-確定香港土地

租賃之租賃年期

香港詮釋5 財務報表的呈列一

> 借款人對有償還 要求條款的定期 貸款的歸類

採納上述新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則並沒有對本集 團之當前或之前會計期間的 財務報表構成重大影響,惟 以下所述影響除外。

Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Based on the director's review of the Group's cash flow projection, taking into account the reasonably possible changes in trading performance, the ongoing support from the banks and the recent capital market related financing measures, the directors believe that the Group will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted the following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations which are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2010:

HKAS 17 (Amendment) Leases

HKAS 27 Consolidated and separate

financial statements

HKAS 36 (Amendment) Impairment of assets

HKFRS 5 (Amendment) Non-current assets held for sale

and discontinued operations

HK-Int 4 Leases - Determination of the

> length of lease term in respect of Hong Kong land leases

HK-Int 5 Presentation of financial

statements - classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on

demand clause

The adoption of the above new and revised HKFRSs does not have any significant impacts on the financial statements of the Group for the current or prior accounting periods except for the impact as described below.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

(i) 本集團已採納之新訂和經修 訂準則(續)

> 香港會計準則17的修訂本 「租賃」

> 此之二開本已一租類賃調團租採訂順後文一之團的年土並地。將重此沒過月間賃新日地認為運干分港區,追土評尚使於賃估土融準已入四期租重一土確資新租類會工地追為經若新香港。 以用始二期之之作本經賃的本於後。時零之分租出集營。修本於後。時零之分租出集營。修

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKAS 17 (Amendment), "Leases"

HKAS 17 (Amendment) deletes specific guidance regarding classification of leases of land, so as to eliminate inconsistency with the general guidance on lease classification. As a result, leases of land should be classified as either finance or operating lease using the general principles of HKAS 17, i.e. whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Prior to the amendment, a land interest where title is not expected to pass to the Group by the end of the lease term was classified as an operating lease under "leasehold land and land use rights", and amortised over the lease term.

HKAS 17 (Amendment) has been applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2010 in accordance with the effective date and transitional provisions of the amendment. The Group has reassessed the classification of unexpired leasehold land and land use rights as at 1 April 2010 on the basis of information existing at the inception of those leases, and recognised the leasehold land in Hong Kong as finance leases retrospectively. As a result of the reassessment, the Group has reclassified certain leasehold land from operating leases to finance leases. The effect of the adoption of HKAS 17(Amendment) is as follows:

		二零一一年 三月三十一日 31 March 2011	二零一零年 三月三十一日 31 March 2010	二零零九年 四月一日 1 April 2009
		港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$
物業、廠房及設備增加 投資物業增加 租賃土地減少	Increase in property, plant and equipment Increase in investment property Decrease in leasehold land	9,494,477 1,012,184 (10,506,661)	9,779,117 1,040,300 (10,819,417)	10,063,757 1,068,416 (11,132,173)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

(i) 本集團已採納之新訂和經修 訂準則(續)

香港詮釋5,「財務報表的呈

列-借款人對有償還要求條

條款之定期貸款,須根據香

港會計準則1第69(d)段分類 為流動負債,而不論放款人 是否可能無故行使該條款。

為本還計賦貸定中定排告貸人還符合團款策放之貸類類類別別的日款將策也受款與財據可件綜動稅別與財務所入條於流乃除反或見類,求條狀先還截之信即定求之包償款況前款至任放時別數價會含還之表該安報何款價

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HK(Int) 5, "Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that contains a Repayment on Demand Clause"

In November 2010, HKICPA issued Hong Kong Interpretation 5 'Presentation of financial statements – classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause' ("HK-Int 5"). HK-Int 5 is effective immediately and is a clarification of an existing standard, HKAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' ("HKAS 1"). It sets out the conclusion reached by the HKICPA that a term loan which contains a clause which gives the lender the unconditional right to demand repayment at any time shall be classified as a current liability in accordance with paragraph 69(d) of HKAS 1 irrespective of the probability that the lender will invoke the clause without cause.

In order to comply with the requirements of HK-Int 5, the Group has changed its accounting policy on the classification of term loans that contain a repayment on demand clause. Under the new policy, term loans with clauses which give the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time are classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. Previously such term loans were classified in accordance with the agreed repayment schedule unless the Group had breached any of the loan covenants set out in the agreement as of the reporting date or otherwise had reason to believe that the lender would invoke its rights under the immediate repayment clause within the foreseeable future.

The new accounting policy has been applied retrospectively by re-presenting the opening balances at 1 April 2009, with consequential reclassification adjustments to comparatives as at 31 March 2011. The reclassification has no effect on reported profit or loss, total comprehensive income or equity for any period presented.

- 2 主要會計政策(續)
 - (a) 編製基準(續)
 - (i) 本集團已採納之新訂和經修 訂準則(續) 採納香港詮釋5之影響如下:
- 2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)
 - (a) Basis of preparation (Continued)
 - (i) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

The effect of the adoption of HK-Int 5 is as follows:

		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
		31 March	31 March	1 April
		2011	2010	2009
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
銀行貸款流動部份增加	Increase in current portion			
	of bank loans	3,552,214	_	2,719,957
銀行貸款非流動	Decrease in non-current			
部份款減少	portion of bank loans	(3,552,214)	_	(2,719,957)

- (ii) 對本集團現有業務沒有相關 但必須於二零一零年四月一 日或以後開始之會計期間採 用的新訂和修訂準則及詮 釋:
- (ii) New and amended standards and interpretations mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2010 but not currently relevant to the Group:

香港會計準則1 的修訂本	可轉換工具的流動/ 非流動分類	HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Current/non-current classification of convertible instruments
香港會計準則7 的修訂本	分類未確認資產的支出	HKAS 7 (Amendment)	Classification of expenditures on unrecognised assets
香港會計準則18 的修訂本	釐定主體是否擔任 委託人或代理人	HKAS 18 (Amendment)	Determining whether an entity is acting as a principal or as an agent
香港會計準則32 的修訂本	合資格對沖項目	HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Eligible hedged items
香港會計準則36 的修訂本	商譽減值測試的記賬 單位	HKAS 36 (Amendment)	Unit of accounting for goodwill impairment test
香港會計準則38 的修訂本	香港財務報告準則3 (修訂)產生的額外 相應修改,及計量 在業務合併中收購 的無形資產公允價值	HKAS 38 (Amendment)	Additional consequential amendments arising from HKFRS 3 (revised) and measuring the fair value of an intangible asset acquired in business combination
香港會計準則39 的修訂本	合資格對沖項目	HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible hedge items

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

(ii) 對本集團現有業務沒有相關 但必須於二零一零年四月一 日或以後開始之會計期間 採用的新訂和修訂準則及詮 釋:(續)

香港財務報告準則1	首次採納香港財務
(經修訂)	報告準則
香港財務報告準則1	首次採納者的額外
的修訂本	豁免
香港財務報告準則2	集團現金結算的以股份
的修訂本	為基礎的支付交易
香港財務報告準則3	企業合併
(經修訂)	
香港財務報告準則5	持有待售的非流動
的修訂本	資產和終止經營
香港財務報告準則8	分部資產的資料披露
的修訂本	
香港(國際財務報告	嵌入衍生工具的重估
詮釋委員會)	
- 詮釋9	
香港(國際財務報告	海外業務投資淨額
詮釋委員會)	之對沖
- 詮釋16	
香港(國際財務報告	向所有者分配非現金
詮釋委員會)	資產
- 詮釋17	
香港(國際財務報告	客戶資產轉讓
詮釋委員會)	
- 詮釋18	

此外,香港會計師公會亦於 其年度改進項目中頒布多項 對現行準則之修訂。預期此 等修訂不會對本集團之經營 業績及財務狀況構成重大財 務影響。 2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(ii) New and amended standards and interpretations mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2010 but not currently relevant to the Group: (Continued)

HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time adoption of HKFRSs
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Additional exemptions for first-time adopters
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group cash-settled share-based payment transactions
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business combinations
HKFRS 5 (Amendment)	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
HKFRS 8 (Amendment)	Disclosure of information about segment assets
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9	Reassessment of embedded derivatives
HK(IFRIC) – Int 16	Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation
HK(IFRIC) – Int 17	Distribution of non-cash asset of owners
HK(IFRIC) – Int 18	Transfers of assets from customers

In addition, HKICPA also published a number of amendments to existing standards under its annual improvement project. These amendments are also not expected to have a significant financial impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

(iii) 下列新準則、及對現行準則 之修訂及詮釋已經頒布但尚 未於二零一零年四月一日或 以後開始之會計期間生效, 且尚未提早採納:

香港會計準則1的	財務報表的呈報
修訂本	(於二零一一年一月一日
	或以後生效)
香港會計準則12	所得税項(於二零一二年
的修訂本	-月-日或以後生效)
香港會計準則24	關連方披露(於二零一一年
(經修訂)	-月-日或以後生效)
香港會計準則27的	綜合及獨立財務報表
修訂本	(於二零一零年七月一日
	或以後生效)
香港會計準則28	於聯營公司及合營企業之
(2011)	投資(於二零一三年
	-月-日或以後生效)
香港會計準則34	中期財務報告
的修訂本	(於二零一一年一月一日
	或以後生效)
香港財務報告準則1	首次採納者就香港財務
/ 4m l/x ≟⊤ \	報告準則第7號披露比較
(經修訂)	积百年则第/弧奴路比拟
(經1多司)	資料獲得之有限豁免
(紅移司)	
(紅移司)	資料獲得之有限豁免
香港財務報告準則3	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一一年一月一日
	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一一年一月一日 或以後生效)
香港財務報告準則3	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂)	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效)
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效) 金融工具披露
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效) 金融工具披露 (於二零一二年一月一日
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂)	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效) 金融工具披露 (於二零一二年一月一日或以後生效)
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂) 香港財務報告	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效) 金融工具披露 (於一零一二年一月一日 或以後生效) 金融工具(於二零一三年
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂) 香港財務報告 準則9	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於一零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日或以後生效) 金融工具披露 (於二零一二年一月一日 或以後生效) 金融工具(於二零一三年 一月一日或以後生效)
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂) 香港財務報告 準則9 香港財務報告	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日披露 (於一或以養生效) 金融工具一零年生效) 金融工具(於二零一三年 一月一日或 或以其(日或 一月的務報表
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂) 香港財務報告 準則9 香港財務報告	資料獲得之有限豁免 (於二零一年一月一日 或以後生效) 企業合併(於二零一零年 七月一日披露 (於一以後生效) 金融工具(李一生) 成以以後生效) 金融工具(於二零一三年 一月日報表 一月形務零一三年一月一日
香港財務報告準則3 (經修訂) 香港財務報告準則7 (經修訂) 香港財務報告 準則9 香港財務報告 準則10	資料獲得之有限部 中 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明 明
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準則13

-月-日或以後生效)

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2010 and have not been early adopted:

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Presentation of financial statements (effective on or after 1 January 2011)
HKAS 12 (Amendment)	Income Taxes (effective from 1 January 2012)
HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related party disclosures (effective on or after 1 January 2011)
HKAS 27 (Amendment)	Consolidated and separate financial statements (effective on or after 1 July 2010)
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective on or after 1 January 2013)
HKAS 34 (Amendment)	Interim financial reporting (effective on or after 1 January 2011)
HKFRS 1 (Revised)	Limited exemption from comparative HKFRS 7 disclosures for first time adopters (effective on or after 1 January 2011)
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business combinations (effective on or after 1 July 2010)
HKFRS 7 (Revised)	Financial Instruments Disclosures (effective on or after 1 January 2012)
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments (effective on or after 1 January 2013)
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statement (effective on or after 1 January 2013)
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements (effective on or after 1 January 2013)
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other Entities (effective on or after 1 January 2013)
HKFRS 13	Fair value Measurement (effective

on or after 1 January 2013)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

(iii) 下列新準則、及對現行準則 之修訂及詮釋已經頒布但尚 未於二零一零年四月一日或 以後開始之會計期間生效, 且尚未提早採納:(續)

香港(國際財務報告 獎勵積分之公平值

詮釋委員會) (於二零一一年一月一日

香港(國際財務報告 最低資金規定的預付款 詮釋委員會) (於二零一一年一月一日

- 詮釋14的修訂本 或以後生效)

香港(國際財務報告 以權益工具消除金融負債

詮釋委員會) (於二零一零年七月一日

- 詮釋19 或以後生效)

本集團正在評估首次應用此等新準則以及對現行準則以及對現行準則之影響。且對定該新準則之修訂及詮釋則之修訂及於對別之修訂及對發力。 數響。本集團於相關之學 影響。本集團將於新關則 及對現行準則之修訂及 及對現行準則之修訂及 釋。

(b) 會計政策和歸類變動

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2010 and have not been early adopted: (Continued)

HK(IFRIC) – Int 13 Fair value of aware credit

(effective on or after

1 January 2011)

HK(IFRIC) – Int 14 Prepayment of a Minimum Funding

(Amendment) Requirement (effective on or

after 1 January 2011)

HK (IFRIC) – Int 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities

with Equity Instruments
(effective on or after

1 July 2010)

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the related impact of adopting the above new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards but it is not yet in a position to state whether they will have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position. The Group plans to adopt these new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards when they become effective.

(b) Changes in accounting policies and classifications

In previous years, the Group's leasehold land and buildings and an investment property were carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The directors reassessed the appropriateness of this accounting policy during the year and concluded that by using the revaluation model under HKAS 16 and the fair value model under HKAS 40, the consolidated financial statements would provide more appropriate and relevant information about the Group's results and financial position.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 會計政策和歸類變動(續)

因此,本集團更改其於租賃土地 及樓宇和投資物業的會計政策以 跟隨香港會計準則16下的重估方 法和香港會計準則40下的公平值 方法列賬並由二零一零年四月一 日起生效。

投資物業會計政策上的變更已追 溯應用,並重列出過往年度的比 較數字。同時,租賃土地及樓宇 會計政策由成本方法轉成重估方 法已於本期數字應用。

會計政策變動對綜合財務報表的 影響如下:

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Changes in accounting policies and classifications (Continued)

Consequently, the Group changed its accounting policies on leasehold land and buildings and an investment property to follow the revaluation model under HKAS 16 and the fair value model under HKAS 40 respectively with effective from 1 April 2010.

The change in accounting policy of the investment property has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures for the prior years have been restated. The change in accounting policy of leasehold land and buildings from the cost model to the revaluation model has been accounted for prospectively.

The effect of the changes in accounting policies to the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

		二零一一年 三月三十一日 31 March 2011 港元 HK\$	二零一零年 三月三十一日 31 March 2010 港元 HK\$	二零零九年 四月一日 1 April 2009 港元 HK\$
物業、廠房及設備增加 投資物業增加 遞延所得稅負債增加 重估儲備增加 匯兑波動儲備增加 保留盈利增加	Increase in property, plant and equipment Increase in investment property Increase in deferred income tax liabilities Increase in revaluation reserve Increase in exchange reserve Increase in retained earnings	69,331,101 4,250,032 2,937,447 64,933,537 22,855 5,687,294	- 1,842,522 74,149 - - - 1,768,373	- 1,605,012 - - - 1,605,012

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 會計政策和歸類變動(續)

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Changes in accounting policies and classifications (Continued)

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
投資物業公平值增加 物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損撥回	Increase in fair value of investment property Reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	2,370,000 2,170,734	200,000
所得税項支出增加 折舊和攤銷(增加)/	Increase in income tax expense (Increase)/decrease in depreciation	(67,627) (554,186)	(74,149) 37,510
減少 年內盈利增加	and amortisation Increase in profit for the year	3,918,921	163,361
每股基本盈利增加	Increase in basic earnings per share	6.9 cents港仙	0.3 cents港仙

此外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團已重新分類支付購買物業,廠房及設備的訂金為非流動資產(附註22)。管理層考慮現分類是較為合適及比較資料經重新分類以配合本年度之呈報。

其他重新分類的比較數字,主要 涉及已終止經營業務(附註14)。

(c) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及各附 屬公司截至三月三十一日止之財 務報表。

附屬公司指本集團有權管控其財政及營運政策,一般附帶超過半數投票權的股權。在評定本集團是否控制另一實體時,目前可行使或可兑換的潛在投票權的存在及影響均予考慮。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團 之日全面綜合入賬。附屬公司在 控制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。 In addition, the Group has classified deposits paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2011 as non-current assets (Note 22). Management considers that this classification is more appropriate and comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Other reclassifications of comparative figures relate mainly to the discontinued operation (Note 14).

(c) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March.

Subsidiaries are companies over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 綜合賬目(續)

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及 交易的未實現收益予以對銷。未 實現虧損亦予以對銷。

附屬公司的會計政策已按需要作 出改變,以確保與本集團採用的 政策符合一致。

在本公司之財務狀況表內,附屬公司投資乃按成本值扣除減值虧損準備列賬(附註2(j))。本公司將附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息的基礎入賬。

(d) 分部呈報

經營分部按照向首席經營決策者 提供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式 報告。首席經營決策者被認定為 作出策略性決定的執行董事負責 分配資源和評估經營分部的表現。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(c) Consolidation (Continued)

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses (note 2(j)). The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 外幣匯兑

(i) 功能和列賬貨幣

本集團每個實體的財務報表 所列項目均以該實體營幣 在的主要經濟環境的貨幣 量(「功能貨幣」)。綜合財務 報表以港幣呈報,港幣 公司的 列能貨幣 列賬貨幣。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日的匯率 換算為功能貨幣。結算此及 交易產生的匯兑盈虧以及員 外幣計值的貨幣資產和 以年終匯率換算產生的匯 盈虧在綜合收益表確認。

與借款和現金及現金等價物 有關的匯兑收益和損失在綜 合收益表內「融資收入或成 本」中列報。所有其他匯兑 收益和損失在綜合收益表內 「行政開支」中列報。

(iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣與列賬貨幣不同的 所有集團實體(當中沒有嚴 重通賬貨幣)的業績和財務 狀況按如下方法換算為列賬 貨幣:

- 每份呈報的財務狀況表 內的資產和負債按該財 務狀況表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- 每份收益表內的收入和 開支按平均匯率換算 (除非此匯率並不代表 交易日期匯率的累計影 響的合理約數;在此情 況下,收支項目按交易 日期的匯率換算);及
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面收益確認。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Translation of foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the entities of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'finance income or cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'administrative expenses'.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income

2 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 外幣匯兑(續)

(iii) 集團公司(續)

收購海外實體產生的商譽及 公平值調整視為該海外實體 的資產和負債,並按收市匯 率換算。

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

上述附註2(b),本集團更改其於租賃土地及樓宇的會計政策由成本方法轉成以跟隨香港會計準則16下的重估方法列賬並由二零一零年四月一日起生效。租賃土地及樓宇會計政策已於本期數字應用。

租賃土地及樓宇主要包括廠房和辦公室按重估價值列賬。所有其他物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減累計折舊和累計減值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括收購該項目直接應佔的開支。

其後成本只有在與該項目有關的 未來經濟利益有可能流入本集 團,而該項目的成本能可靠計量 時,才包括在資產的賬面值或確 認為獨立資產(按適用)。所有其 他維修及保養成本在產生的財政 期間內於綜合收益表支銷。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

(iii) Group companies (Continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

As described in note 2(b) above, the Group changed its accounting policy on leasehold land and buildings from cost model to the revaluation model under HKAS 16 with effect from 1 April 2010. The change in accounting policy on leasehold land and buildings has been accounted for prospectively.

Leasehold land and buildings comprise mainly factories and offices are stated at revalued amount. All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of the asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

分類為融資租賃之租賃土地權益 自土地權益可供其擬定用途租赁 始攤銷。分類為融資租賃之租赁 土地權益之攤銷及其他資產之租 舊乃採用直線法計算,於預期使 用年期內按下列年率將成本值或 重估價值平均撇銷並分配至其剩 餘值:

分類為融資租賃之 餘下租賃年期 租賃土地權益

樓宇	2 – 4%
廠房設備及機器	10 – 25%
租賃物業裝修	20 - 25%
傢俬、裝置及設備	20 - 25%
汽車	25 - 30%

在建工程指在建廠房,以成本值 扣除累計減值虧損列入賬內。

在建工程包括已發生建造支出 及其他與建造有關的直接成本。 完成後,在建工程按性質轉入物 業、廠房及設備賬內。在建工程 並無計提折舊。

資產之殘值及使用年期於每次結 算日評估及調整(若適合)。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回價值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額(附註2(j))。

資產因出售或棄置而產生之收益 或虧損按銷售所得款項與資產賬 面值之差額列入綜合收益表內。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Leasehold land interests classified as finance leases commence amortisation from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortisation on leasehold land interests classified as finance leases and depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land interests	Remaining lease term
classified as finance leases	

Buildings	2 – 4%
Plant and machinery	10 – 25%
Leasehold improvements	20 – 25%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20 - 25%
Motor vehicles	25 - 30%

Construction in progress represents plant under construction which is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Construction in progress includes construction expenditure incurred and other direct costs attributable to the construction. On completion, the construction in progress is transferred to appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2(j)).

The gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 土地使用權

所有中國大陸之土地均為國有或 共同擁有,並不存在個人土地擁 有權。本集團取得中國大陸若干 土地之使用權。就土地使用權 付之地價乃以經營租賃預付款項 處理,並以土地使用權記錄,其 按土地使用權期間以直線法攤銷。

(h) 投資物業

上述附註2(b),本集團更改其於 投資物業的會計政策以跟隨香港 會計準則40下的公平值方法列 賬並由二零一零年四月一日起生 效。投資物業會計政策上的變更 已追溯應用。

投資物業公平價值之改變所產生 之收益或虧損計入產生年度之綜 合收益表。

棄用或出售投資物業之收益或虧 損在棄用或出售當年綜合收益表 內確認。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(g) Land use rights

All land in Mainland China is state-owned or collectively-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group has acquired the right to use certain land in Mainland China. The premiums paid for land use rights are treated as prepayments for operating leases, recorded as land use rights, and are amortised over the land use right periods using the straight-line method.

(h) Investment properties

As described in note 2(b) above, the Group changed its accounting policy on investment property to the fair value model under HKAS 40 with effect from 1 April 2010. The change in accounting policy of the investment property has been accounted for retrospectively.

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 租賃

(i) 經營租賃(為經營租賃的受 租人)

> 經營租賃是指擁有資產權之 重大部分風險及回報由出租 人保留之租賃。租賃支付款 項在扣除自出租人收取之任 何獎勵金後,於租賃期內以 直線法在收益表中支銷。

(ii) 融資租賃

物業、廠房及設備的融資租 賃是指將擁有資產之風險及 回報實質上轉讓予集團之租 賃。融資租賃之資產在開始 時按租賃資產之公平值或最 低租賃付款之現值,以較低 者入賬。每期租金均分攤為 承擔及財務費用,以達到資 本結欠額之固定比率。相應 租賃承擔在扣除財務費用後 計入負債內。財務費用於租 賃期內在收益表中支銷。融 資租賃之利息部分於租賃期 內在綜合收益表中確認,以 計算出每期剩餘承擔之固定 周期利率。由融資租賃下獲 得之物業、廠房及設備按資 產之使用年期或租賃期兩者 之間較短者進行折舊。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(i) Leases

(i) Operating lease (as the lessee to operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are expensed in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(ii) Finance lease

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance lease are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance lease balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are including in borrowings. The interest element of the finance lease is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under financial leases are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the assets and the lease term.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 附屬公司投資及非財務資產的 減值

當收到附屬公司的股利時,而股 利超過附屬公司在股利宣佈期間 的總綜合全面收益,或在單獨財 務報表的投資賬面值超過被投資 方淨資產(包括商譽)在綜合財務 報表的賬面值,則必須對有關投 資進行減值測試。

(k) 存貨

存貨包括在成品、在製品及原材料,按成本值或可變現淨值二者之較低者入賬。成本值以加權平均法計算,並包括原材料、直接勞工及應佔之生產經常開支。可變現淨值乃按預計銷售所得款項扣除預計銷售費用計算。

(I) 衍生金融工具

本集團簽訂某些外幣期貨合約, 但該等合約不符合對沖會計的類 別。此等衍生工具初步按於衍生 工具合約訂立日之公平值確認, 其後按公平值重新計量。此等衍 生工具之公平值的變動在綜合收 益表內的「其他經營收入」或「其 他經營開支」中確認。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(j) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and nonfinancial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or have not yet been available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(k) Inventories

Inventories comprise finished goods, work in progress and raw materials and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost calculated on the weighted average basis comprises materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of anticipated sales proceeds less estimated selling expenses.

(I) Derivative financial instruments

The Group has entered into certain foreign currency forward contracts which are not qualified for hedge accounting. These derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised in the consolidated income statement within "other operating income" or "other operating expenses".

2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 貿易及其他應收款

貿易應收款為在日常經營活動中 就商品銷售或服務執行而應收客 戶的款項。如貿易及其他應收款 的收回預期在一年或以內(如仍 在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),其被分類為流動資產;否則 分類為非流動資產。

貿易及其他應收款初步以公平值 確認,其後利用實際利息法按攤 銷成本扣除減值撥備計量。

(n) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括現金及銀 行通知存款。

(o) 股本

普通股被分類為權益。

(p) 撥備

若本集團目前因已發生的事件而 產生現有的法律或推定責任,而 且很有可能需要資源流出以償付 責任,則在金額已被可靠估計之 情況下,即確認撥備。

如有多項類似責任,其需要在償付中流出資源的可能性,根據責任的類別整體考慮。即使在同一責任類別所包含的任何一個項目相關的資源流出的可能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按照預期需償付有關責任的開支的現值計量,該利率反映當時市場對金錢時間值和有關責任固有風險的評估。隨著時間過去而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(m) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

(o) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(p) Provisions

Provisions are recongised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 當期及遞延所得税

所得税支出包括當期和遞延所得 税。税項於綜合收益表中確認, 惟倘税項與在其他全面收益中或 直接在權益中確認之項目有關則 除外。在該情況下,税項亦分別 在其他全面收益或直接在權益中 確認。

當期所得稅支出根據本集團營運及產生應課稅收入的國家於務法例日已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例詮釋所規限的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

遞延所得税資產是就可能有未來 應課税盈利而就此可使用暫時差 異而確認。

遞延所得税就附屬公司投資產生 之暫時差異而撥備,但假若本集 團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時 間,而暫時差異在可預見將來可 能不會撥回則除外。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(g) Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 當期及遞延所得税(續)

當有法定可執行權力將當期税項資產與當期稅務負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產和負債涉及由同一稅務機關對應課稅主體或不同應課稅主體但有意向以淨額基準結算所得稅結餘時,則可將遞延所得稅資產與負債互相抵銷。

(r) 貿易及其他應付款

貿易應付款為在日常經營活動中 購買商品或服務而應支付的義 務。如貿易及其他應付款的支付 日期在一年或以內(如仍在正常 經營週期中,則可較長時間),其 被分類為流動負債;否則分類為 非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款初步以公平值 確認,其後利用實際利息法按攤 銷成本計量。

(s) 貸款

貸款初步按公平值並扣除產生的交易成本確認。貸款其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值的任何差額利用實際利息法於貸款期間內在綜合收益表確認。

設立貸款融資時支付的費用倘部 份或全部融資將會很可見 實用確認為貸款的交易 實用確認為費用遞延至明 在此情況下,費用遞延至明 取為止。如沒有證據被提可 全部融資 等不化作為流動的 設費付款,並按有關的融資期間 攤銷。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債 的結算遞延至結算日後最少12個 月,否則貸款分類為流動負債。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(g) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

(r) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(s) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 收益確認

收益包括本集團日常因銷售產品 及勞務已收或應收款項之公平 值。收益在扣除增值税、退貨。 折扣及本集團內部銷售後列值。 銷售貨品之收益在擁有權之風險 及回報轉移時確認,風險及回報 之轉移通常與貨品付運予客戶同 時發生。

製造及銷售產品之收益會於擁有 者之風險及權益轉移後確認,簡單 來說就是貨品已經送抵客戶並將 該貨品之主權移交。

利息收入採用實際利息法按時間 比例基準確認。

投資物業之租金收入會按租約期 以直線法確認。

(u) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員在年假之權利在僱員應 享有時確認。本集團為截至 結算日止僱員已提供之服務 而產生之年假之估計負債作 出撥備。

僱員之病假及產假不作確認,直至僱員正式休假為 止。

(ii) 獎金計劃

獎金計劃之預計成本於本集 團因為僱員已提供之服務而 產生現有法律或推定性責 任,而金額能可靠估算時, 確認為負債入賬。

獎金計劃之負債預期須在 十二個月內償付,並根據在 償付時預期會支付之金額計 算。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(t) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue from the manufacturing and sales of products is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Rental income from letting of investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(u) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 僱員福利

(iii) 退休福利責任

(iv) 辭退福利

(v) 借貸成本

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(u) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

The Group operates a number of defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The contributions of the Group to the defined contribution retirement schemes are recognised in the period to which they relate and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the schemes before vesting fully in the contributions. The contributions of the Group to the mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") and other defined contribution retirement schemes are recognised in the period to which they relate. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

(iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal; or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of these assets. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the year in which they are incurred.

2 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 股息分派

向本公司股東作出之股息分派乃 於應付股息通過本公司股東或董 事批准後在本集團財務報表內確 認為負債。

(x) 政府補貼

政府補貼是中國內地地方市政府以資源轉移的形式向企業提供的一種財政援助,以鼓勵當地的商業發展。當能夠合理地保證將取得補貼且本集團將符合所有附帶條件時,補貼收入按其公平值確認。

有關廠房建造之補貼列入非流動 負債內的遞延收入,並按有關資 產的預計使用年期內以直線法計 入收益表。

3 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團的活動令集團承受着多種財務風險,市場風險,包括外 匯風險、現金流及公平值利率風 險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。

(i) 市場風險,包括外匯風險、 現金流及公平值利率風險 外匯風險

本集團持有若干海外業務投資,此等業務的淨資產承受 外幣匯兑風險。

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(w) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders of the Company is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders/directors of the Company.

(x) Government grants and subsidies

Government grants and subsidies are financial assistance by local municipal government in Mainland China in the form of transfer of resources to an enterprise to encourage business development in the local municipality and are recognised at their fair value where there are reasonable assurance that the grants and subsidies will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Grants relating to the construction of plant are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the related assets.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(i) Market risk (foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to EURO and Renminbi. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(i) 市場風險,包括外匯風險、 現金流及公平值利率風險 (續)

外匯風險(續)

現金流及公平值利率風險 由於本集團並無重大計息資 產(除銀行存款外)及銀行 存款並無產生重大之利息收 入,故本集團的收入和營運 現金流量基本上不受市場利 率波動的影響。

本集團的利率風險來自貸款。按變動利率發行的貸款。按變動利率發行的負款。本集團承受現金流量利對人。本集團現未有針對內率風險的對冲政策會理層正視利率變動而採取對內方。與其顯著變動而採取對內策略。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(i) Market risk (foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk) (Continued)

Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

At 31 March 2011, if Hong Kong dollars had weakened/strengthened by 3% (2010: 2%) against EURO with all other variables held constant, the post-tax profit/(loss) (2010: (loss)/profit) for the year would have been approximately HK\$44,578 (2010: HK\$33,000) higher/lower (2010: lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of EURO-denominated trade and other receivables.

At 31 March 2011, the Group's entities with functional currency of Renminbi had no monetary liabilities denominated in Hong Kong dollar. As at 31 March 2010, the Group's entities with functional currency of Renminbi had net monetary liabilities denominated in Hong Kong dollar of appropriately HK\$71,009,000. If Renminbi had strengthened/weakened by 3% against Hong Kong dollar with all other variables held constant, the post-tax (loss)/profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$2,130,000 higher/lower.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets (other than bank deposits) and interest income from bank deposits is not significant. As such, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The Group's borrowings are issued at variable rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have a hedging policy on interest rate exposure. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arises.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(i) 市場風險,包括外匯風險、 現金流及公平值利率風險 (續)

現金流及公平值利率風險(續)

假若貸款利率高出/低了50 基點,而所有其他因素維持不變,則該年度的除税後盈利(虧損)(二零一零年:(虧損)/盈利)應低了/高出(二零一零年:高出/低了)約2,260,000港元(二零一零年:2,605,000港元),主要因為浮息貸款的較高/較低利息開支所致。

(ii) 信貸風險

對於產品銷售,本集團帶有 一些集中之信貸風險總 最大的五名客戶所佔總 售額之40%(二零一零 134%)。本集團有政策年 產品銷售是向擁有適當 歷史之客戶銷售。另外 集團會持續監察應收結餘。

由於銀行存款存於有良好信 貸之銀行,故只有很少之信 貸風險。

(iii) 流動資金風險

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(i) Market risk (foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk) (Continued)

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

If interest rates on borrowings had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the post-tax profit/(loss) (2010: (loss)/profit) for the year would have been approximately HK\$2,260,000 (2010: HK\$2,605,000) lower/higher (2010: higher/lower) mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expenses on floating rate borrowings.

(ii) Credit risk

The Group has some concentration of credit risk in respect of sales of products with 40% (2010: 34%) of total sales for the year being attributable to its top five customers. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, collection of receivables is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risk for bank deposits and bank balances is minimal as such amounts are placed with banks with good credit ratings.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Group's objective when managing liquidity is to maintain a balance between cash resources on hand and the flexibility through the use of bank loans and finance leases. It meets its day to day working capital requirements, capital expenditure and financing obligations through cash inflow from operating activities and facilities obtained from banks. It maintains liquidity by keeping sufficient cash resources and committed credit lines available from principal banks.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一 日,本集團違反了若干 銀行貸款內的多項財務 契諾(附註31)。該等銀 行提供之總信貸額為約 110,000,000港元(二零一 零年:168,000,000港元), 其中已使用之信貸額為約 82,000,000港元(二零一零 年:117,000,000港元)。直 至本財務報表批准日期,其 中一間主要銀行已豁免相 關信貸約為59,000,000港元 之契諾。於二零一一年三月 三十一日,相關銀行貸款金 額約為59,000,000元。除此 之外,管理層繼續與集團之 主要銀行保持聯繫以更新現 有之信貸額或取得額外之信 貸額。直至本財務報表批准 日期,本公司董事並沒有察 覺到有任何主要銀行有意圖 主動提出取消信貸額或要求 提早歸還已借出之信貸。

再者,本集團已於二零一一年四月從主要銀行取得額外信貸額約為71,000,000港元。若上述主要銀行之信貸額有轉變時,亦有另外的借貸計劃可作安排。

於二零一一年四月,本集團透過配售新股份取得款項淨額約為36,000,000港元。此外,於二零一一年六月,本集團透過發行可換股可贖回債券取得款項淨額約為89,000,000港元。詳情載於附註39。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2011, the Group breached the financial covenant requirements of certain banking facilities (note 31). The total facilities available from these relevant banks were approximately HK\$110 million (2010: HK\$168 million) of which approximately HK\$82 million (2010: HK\$117 million) was utilised as at 31 March 2011. Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, one of the principal banks granted a waiver from strict compliance of the financial covenant requirements relating to its banking facilities amounting to approximately HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011. Such bank loans amounted to HK\$59 million as at 31 March 2011. Besides, management maintains continuous communication with the Group's principal banks on renewal of existing banking facilities and grant of additional banking facilities. Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the directors of the Company are not aware of any intention of the principal banks to withdraw their banking facilities or request early repayment of the utilised facilities.

Furthermore, the Group obtained additional banking facilities in April 2011 from its principal banks with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$71 million. Alternative plans have also been developed by management to respond to any changes in facilities available from principal banks.

In April 2011, the Group raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$36 million through new share placing. In addition, in June 2011, the Group issued a convertible redeemable bond and raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$89 million. Please refer to note 39 for further details.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

管理層監察本集團的流動語等。 會理層監察本集團的, 是工流的貸款額算, 是工流的貸款額算, 是工行。 是工行。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve, which comprises undrawn borrowing facility and cash and cash equivalents, based on the expected operating cash flows and on the assumption that the existing banking facilities of the Group will continue to be available or can be replaced by new facilities. Management also monitors closely the changes in sales orders, material and labour costs by comparing them to the forecasts, and keep alert of any material changes resulted from the uncertainty of the global economic recovery from the financial crisis which may have impacts to the Group's liquidity position.

The directors consider that, based on the renewed banking facilities up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the ongoing support from principal banks and existing and new customers, the recent capital market related financing measures and barring any unforeseen adverse changes to the operations and financial performance of the Group such as substantial increase in material and labour costs and appreciation of Renminbi, the Group should be able to generate sufficient cash flows to cover its operating costs and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團之金融負債根據剩下 之年期由結算日至到期日作 為分類在以下之表格分析。 而以下表格乃根據合約未折 現之現金流量披露:

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity dates. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	1至2年內	2至5年內
1年以下	Between	Between
Less than	1 and 2	2 and 5
1 year	years	years
港元	港元	港元
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$

於二零一一年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011			
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	580,765,074	_	-
銀行貸款	Bank loans	285,909,135	110,853,760	68,782,576
融資租賃之承擔	Obligations under finance leases	29,497,598	12,684,024	4,593,898
總額	Total	896,171,807	123,537,784	73,376,474
於二零一零年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010			
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	356,827,792	_	_
銀行貸款	Bank loans	362,458,138	64,409,680	89,754,171
融資租賃之承擔	Obligations under finance leases	52,262,911	21,034,148	4,488,000

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團沒有需要未折現金流出之未結算衍生金融工具合同。於二零一零年三月三十一日,此等合同需要未折現合同現金流出161,479港元。

At 31 March 2011, the Group had no outstanding derivative financial instrument contracts that require undiscounted cash outflows. At 31 March 2010, the contracts require undiscounted contractual cash outflows of HK\$ HK\$161,479.

(b) 資金風險管理

本集團的資金管理政策,是保障 集團能繼續營運,以為股東提供 回報和為其他權益持有人提供利 益,同時維持最佳的資本結構以 減低資金成本。

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 資金風險管理(續)

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集 團可能會調整支付予股東的股東 數額、向股東分派的資本返還 發行新股或出售資產以減低低 務。本集團沒有任何外部附加的 資本要求,除遵守若干銀行為維 持本集團的銀行信貸所訂明的規 定外。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團利 用負債比率監察其資本。此比率 按照債務淨額除以總權益計算。 債務淨額為總借貸(包括財務狀 況表所列的流動及非流動貸款) 減去已抵押銀行存款,及銀行存 款及現金。總權益為財務狀況表 所列之「權益」。

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月 三十一日,負債比率如下:

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Capital risk management (Continued)

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. Except for the compliance of certain bank covenant requirements for maintaining the Group's banking facilities, the Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by total equity. Net borrowings are calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the statement of financial position) less pledged bank deposits, and cash at banks and in hand. Total equity represents as "equity", as shown in the statement of financial position.

The gearing ratios at 31 March 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
總借貸 減:已抵押銀行存款 銀行存款及現金	Total borrowings Less: Pledged bank deposits Cash at banks and in hand	471,802,590 - (31,461,333)	559,265,147 (70,733,013) (71,857,684)
債務淨額	Net borrowings	440,341,257	416,674,450
總權益	Total equity	481,338,419	386,808,164
負債比率	Gearing ratio	91%	108%

於二零一一年三月三十一日的負 債比率下降主要因為物業重估令 權益增加。

(c) 公平值估計

長期借款之公平值評估,乃按市 場利率貼現計算預期未來付款。

一年內到期之融資資產及債務(包括貿易及其他應收款、現金及現金等價物、貿易及其他應付款,以及流動借款)的賬面值扣除任何估計信貸調整接近其公平值。

The decrease in the gearing ratio at 31 March 2011 resulted primarily from the increase in equity due to the revaluation of the property.

(c) Fair value estimation

The fair values of long-term borrowings are estimated using the expected future payments discounted at market interest rates.

The carrying amounts less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year, including trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and current borrowings approximate their fair values.

4 關鍵會計估算及判斷

本集團將不斷根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括根據相關情況合理預期會發生的未來事項)評估有關估計與判斷。本集團就未來事宜作出估計及假設。既然屬於估計,會計估計甚少與實際結果一致。有重大風險可能對下個財務年度資產負債面值有重大調整的估計及假設如下:

(a) 估計物業公允值

(b) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年 期及殘值

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(a) Estimated fair value of properties

The fair values of leasehold land and buildings and an investment property are determined at the end of each reporting period by an independent professional valuer. The fair value of leasehold land and buildings located in Hong Kong is determined on an open market value basis by reference to comparable market transactions. The fair values of buildings located in Mainland China are determined on depreciated replacement cost basis. These methodologies are based upon estimates of future results and a set of assumptions as to income and expenses of the property and future economic conditions. The fair value of an investment property is determined on the basis of capitalisation of the net rental income with due allowance provisions for reversionary income potential at an appropriate capitalisation rate.

(b) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation expense for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation expense where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. It will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

4 關鍵會計估算及判斷(續)

(c) 物業、廠房及設備之減值

本集團已對物業、廠房及設備作 出重大投資,主要為製造印刷線 路板。機器技術或製造產品之轉 變均可能導致該等資產之估計使 用期或價值出現變動。

本集團檢討是否有事件出現或情況改變顯示物業、廠房及設備賬面值可能無法收回,若有此情況存在,此等資產按會計政策附註2(j)減值。

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的管理層計劃終止兩間位於中國內地之附屬公司的生產廠房的業務(包括在電子產品分部內)。董事檢視本集團的物業、廠房及設備,確認物業、廠房及設備減值21,000,000港元。

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團與第三方買家訂立,協議處置已減值的設備。此外日本是則重估一些已減值的建築物。 因此,於以前年度確認減值虧房 因此,於以前年度確認減值虧房 11,000,000港元的物業,廠房及 設備(附註14(a))被撥回及於綜合收益表內確認。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(c) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group has made substantial investments in property, plant and equipment for the manufacturing of printed circuit boards. Changes in technology on machinery or products to be manufactured may cause a change in the estimated useful lives or value of these assets.

The Group evaluates whether there is any event or change in circumstances which indicates that the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment may not be recoverable. Whenever such events or changes in circumstances occur, these assets are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(j).

During the year ended 31 March 2010, the management of the Group planned to cease the production of two subsidiaries in Mainland China, included in the electronic products segment. The directors conducted a review of the Group's property, plant and equipment and recognised impairment on property, plant and equipment by HK\$21 million.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group entered into agreements with certain third party buyers to dispose certain impaired equipment. Furthermore, certain impaired buildings of the Group were revalued as at 31 March 2011. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$11 million (note 14(a)) recognised in prior years for the property, plant and equipment was reversed and recognised in the consolidated income statement.

4 關鍵會計估算及判斷(續)

(d) 所得税

主要由若干附屬公司的税項虧損 產生之遞延所得税資產的確認, 是取決於管理層預期在將來能取 得足夠應課税盈利作扣減可使用 之税項虧損。最後實際之使用可 能有差異。

(e) 貿易及其他應收款

貿易及其他應收款之減值撥備乃根據本集團管理層對該應收款之可收款之數。此等之所以作決定。此等之所主要根據客戶及其他債務不完實紀錄、市場現時狀況及需會於一個結算日重新考量該等撥備。

(f) 存貨減值估計

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(d) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination may be uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax provisions in the financial period in which such determination is made.

Recognition of deferred income tax asset, which principally relates to tax losses of certain subsidiaries, depends on the management's expectation of future taxable profit that will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

(e) Trade and other receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. The assessment is based on the credit history of its customers and other debtors and the current market condition and requires the use of judgements and estimates. Management reassesses the provision at the end of each reporting period.

(f) Estimated provision for inventories

Inventories are written down to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write-downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

5 收益及分部資料

(a) 香港財務報告準則8「經營分部」 之應用

經營分部乃按提供給主要營運決 策者之內部報告為基準識別。首 席經營決策者被認定為作出策略 性決定的執行董事。主要營運決 策者負責分配資源及評估經營分 部之表現。

因此,本集團的報告分部與業務 分部相同,即:

電子產品 製造及銷售 (已終止經營業務): 電子消費品

印刷線路板: 製造及銷售 印刷線路板

(b) 分部業績、資產及負債

為了評估分部表現和作出有關分部間資源分配的決定,主要營運 決策者監察各個分部業績,資產 和負債乃按下列基準釐定可呈報 分部。

收益(集團的營業額)和費用是根據各分部所產生的銷售和所支出的費用分配。所有集團一般收入及集團行政費用依次分配致未分配收入和成本。

分部資產主要包括物業、廠房及 設備、土地使用權、應收款及經 營現金,集團辦公室之投資物 業、租賃土地及樓宇除外。分部 負債包括營運負債及貸款,但不 包括當期所得税負債及遞延所得 税負債。

5 Revenue and segment information

(a) Application of HKFRS 8 "Operating segments"

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decision.

The Group's reportable segments are therefore identical to the business segments namely:

Electronic products manufacturing and selling (discontinued operation): of consumer electronic

products

Printed circuit boards: manufacturing and selling of printed circuit boards

(b) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the chief operating decision-maker monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments. All corporate general income and corporate general administrative expenses are allocated to unallocated income and unallocated costs respectively.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, land use rights, receivables and operating cash and exclude investment property, leasehold land and buildings held at corporate office. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and borrowings and exclude current income tax liabilities and deferred income tax liabilities.

- 5 收益及分部資料(續)
 - (b) 分部業績、資產及負債(續) 本集團在本年度的收益及業績分 部之分析如下:
- 5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)
 - (b) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

A segment analysis of the revenue and results for the year is as follows:

		電子產品 Electronic products 港元 HK\$	二零一一年 2011 印刷線路板 Printed circuit boards 港元 HK\$	集團 Group 港元 HK\$
收益	Revenue	2,174,200	1,332,336,472	1,334,510,672
分部業績	Segment results	12,063,586	34,251,497	46,315,083
未分配收入 未分配成本	Unallocated income Unallocated costs			2,538,000 (3,999,198)
經營盈利 融資收入 融資成本	Operating profit Finance income Finance costs	3,119 (321,762)	1,566,849 (32,919,300)	44,853,885 1,569,968 (33,241,062)
除所得税前盈利 所得税項支出	Profit before income tax Income tax expense	-	(6,232,342)	13,182,791 (6,232,342)
本公司股東應佔盈利	Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company			6,950,449
壞賬撇除 折舊及攤銷	Bad debts written off Depreciation and amortisation	- 712,027	5,289,584 108,948,752	5,289,584 109,660,779

- 5 收益及分部資料(續) (b) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)
- 5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)
 (b) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

			二零一零年	
		電フタロ	2010 印刷線路板	
		電子產品 Electronic	Printed circuit	集團
		products	boards	未國 Group
		为 港元	为 Doards 港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
收益	Revenue	29,336,065	902,243,858	931,579,923
分部業績	Segment results	(43,628,264)	34,619,943	(9,008,321)
未分配收入	Unallocated income			1,685,757
未分配成本	Unallocated costs			(9,122,161)
經營虧損	Operating loss			(16,444,725)
融資收入	Finance income	4,042	212,227	216,269
融資成本	Finance costs	(143,523)	(21,074,467)	(21,217,990)
除所得税前虧損	Loss before income tax			(37,446,446)
听得税項支出	Income tax expense	(3,967,044)	(5,121,034)	(9,088,078)
本公司股東應佔虧損	Loss attributable to shareholders of the Company			(46,534,524)
- □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □		000 500	0.440.000	
壞賬撇除 電子產品業務以往豁免 之進口機器及存貨 之增值税及關税, 因其業務結束 而需作出彌補	Bad debts written off Clawing back of value added tax ("VAT") and customs duties on imported equipment previously waived and inventories upon cessation of electronic products	230,522	2,442,226	2,672,748
	business	8,555,376	_	8,555,376
折舊及攤銷 過時及滯銷存貨減值	Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss on slow moving and	5,121,030	91,625,400	96,746,430
虧損 物業、廠房及設備	obsolete inventories Impairment loss on property, plant	852,052	752,352	1,604,404
減值虧損 衍生工具之淨未實現 虧損,包括在衍生 工具淨收益 1,270,501港元內	and equipment Net unrealised loss on derivatives, included in net gain on derivatives of HK\$1,270,501 (note 6)	21,005,900	-	21,005,900
<i>(附註6)</i> 員工遣散費撥備	Provision for employee redundancy	-	701,569	701,569
	costs	1,138,682	_	1,138,682

- 5 收益及分部資料(續)
 - (b) 分部業績、資產及負債(續) 總資產及總負債之分部分析如下:
- 5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)
 - (b) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

A segmental analysis of total assets and total liabilities is as follows:

		三	二零一一年三月三十一日		
			31 March 2011		
		電子產品	印刷線路板		
		Electronic	Printed circuit	集團	
		products	boards	Group	
		港元	港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
總分部資產	Total segment assets	26,120,158	1,535,087,530	1,561,207,688	
投資物業	Investment property			5,570,000	
租賃土地及樓宇	Leasehold land and buildings			37,530,000	
未分配集團資產	Unallocated corporate assets			1,288,689	
總資產	Total assets			1,605,596,377	
總資產包括:	Total assets include:				
非流動資產增加	Additions to non-current assets	-	155,630,639	155,630,639	
總分部負債	Total segment liabilities	9,702,084	1,061,722,840	1,071,424,924	
當期所得税負債	Current income tax liabilities			41,264,579	
遞延所得税負債	Deferred income tax liabilities			9,566,546	
未分配集團負債	Unallocated corporate liabilities			2,001,909	
總負債	Total liabilities			1,124,257,958	

- 5 收益及分部資料(續)
 - (b) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)
- 5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)
 - (b) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

		<u>_</u>	零一零年三月三十	一日
			31 March 2010	
		電子產品	印刷線路板	
		Electronic	Printed circuit	集團
		products	boards	Group
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
總分部資產	Total segment assets	11,468,216	1,331,712,836	1,343,181,052
投資物業	Investment property			3,200,000
租賃土地及樓宇	Leasehold land and buildings			11,607,656
未分配集團資產	Unallocated corporate assets			1,316,948
總資產	Total assets			1,359,305,656
總資產包括:	Total assets include:			
非流動資產增加	Additions to non-current assets	525,168	152,910,781	153,435,949
總分部負債	Total segment liabilities	25,239,078	898,459,593	923,698,671
衍生財務負債	Derivative financial liabilities	_	98,747	98,747
當期所得税負債	Current income tax liabilities			39,970,346
遞延所得税負債	Deferred income tax liabilities			6,723,480
未分配集團負債	Unallocated corporate liabilities			2,006,248
總負債	Total liabilities			972,497,492

(c) 地區資料

本集團之營運主要位於香港、澳門及中國內地。截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,其來自香港、澳門及中國內地的外部客戶的收益為806,273,225港元(二零一零年:591,963,369港元),而其來自其他國家的外部客戶的收益則為528,237,447港元(二零一零年:339,616,554港元)。

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月 三十一日,所有非流動資產均位 於香港、澳門及中國內地。

(c) Geographical information

The Group's operations are principally located in Hong Kong, Macao and Mainland China. The revenue from external customers in Hong Kong, Macao and Mainland China for year ended 31 March 2011 is HK\$806,273,225 (2010: HK\$591,963,369), and the total of its revenue from external customers in other countries is HK\$528,237,447 (2010: HK\$339,616,554).

At 31 March 2011 and 2010, all of the non-current assets are located in Hong Kong, Macao and Mainland China.

5 收益及分部資料(續)

(d) 主要客戶資料

截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止年度,來自單一外部客戶的收 益為164,407,543港元(二零一零 年:100,822,085港元)。此等收 益來自印刷線路板產品。

6 其他經營收入

5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)

(d) Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2011, revenues of HK\$164,407,543 (2010: HK\$100,822,085) are derived from a single external customer. These revenues are attributable to the printed circuit board products.

6 Other operating income

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
			(經重列)
			(Restated)
政府補貼作遞延收入之攤銷	Amortisation of deferred income on		
	government grants	391,870	204,313
因客戶取消訂單的索賠	Claims from customers for cancelled orders	-	748,306
出售物業、廠房及設備收益	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	162,045	67,524
政府補貼	Government subsidies	612,614	1,666,056
衍生工具淨收益	Net gain on derivatives	98,747	1,270,501
租金收入	Rental income	168,000	168,000
副產品銷售	Sale of manufacturing by-products	11,562,848	3,678,593
其他	Sundries	113,883	321,543
		13,110,007	8,124,836

7 經營盈利

7 Operating profit

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
經營盈利已扣除以下各項:	Operating profit is stated after charging the following:		
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration		
-本年度撥備	 Provision for current year 	1,270,000	1,020,000
-往年度撥備不足	 Under-provision for prior years 	100,000	_
土地使用權之攤銷	Amortisation of land use rights	480,096	303,613
壞賬撇除 <i>(附註)</i>	Bad debts written off (Note)	5,289,584	2,442,226
已售存貨成本	Cost of inventories sold	1,196,490,064	790,312,495
折舊	Depreciation		
- 自置之物業、廠房及設備	 Owned property, plant and equipment 	89,714,509	67,767,137
-融資租賃之物業、	 Leased property, plant and equipment 		
廠房及設備		18,754,147	23,554,650
過時及滯銷存貨減值虧損	Impairment loss on slow moving and		
(附註24)	obsolete inventories (note 24)	-	752,532
匯兑虧損淨額	Net exchange loss	19,173,933	6,103,610
物業經營租賃租金	Operating lease rental in respect of properties	3,372,098	3,609,186

附註: 這些費用已列入綜合收益表的「其 他經營開支」。 Note: These expenses have been included in "other operating expenses" in the consolidated income statement.

8 員工成本(不包括董事酬金)

8 Staff costs (excluding directors' emoluments)

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
工資、薪酬、獎金及其他津貼 退休成本-界定供款計劃 辭退福利 員工遣散費撥備	Wages, salaries, bonus and other allowances Pension costs – defined contribution plans Termination benefits Provision for employee redundancy costs	153,456,221 9,726,086 – –	117,960,069 5,314,578 1,072,251 1,138,682
		163,182,307	125,485,580

9 界定供款公積金計劃 本集團設有一項強制性公積金計劃, 根據強制性公積金計劃條例,集團按 僱員有關入息之5%作出供款,最高供 款額為每名僱員每月1,000港元。若僱 員每月有關入息超過5,000港元亦須向 強積金計劃作出相應供款。強積金計 劃之供款一旦支付後即全數即時歸屬 僱員作為累算權益。

本集團另供款予中國內地員工退休計劃,供款是按照符合有關市政府要求之員工薪金之百分比作出供款。市政府已承諾將承擔本集團之現有及未來退休員工於中國內地之所有退休福利責任。

9 Defined contribution pension schemes

For the MPF Scheme, the contributions of the Group are at 5% of the employees' relevant income as defined in the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance up to a maximum of HK\$1,000 per employee per month. The employees contribute a corresponding amount to the MPF Scheme if their relevant income is more than HK\$5,000 per month. The MPF contributions are fully and immediately vested in the employees as accrued benefits once they are paid.

The Group also operates a defined contribution pension scheme, which is an exempted scheme ("the Exempted Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance and provides retirement benefits to its employees in Hong Kong who joined the Group prior to 1 December 2000. These employees can elect to join the MPF Scheme or to remain as a member of the Exempted Scheme. The assets of the Exempted Scheme are held under provident funds managed by an independent administrator. Under the Exempted Scheme, both the employers and employees are required to contribute 5% of the employees' basic salaries on a monthly basis. Where there are employees who leave the Exempted Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. There were no forfeited contributions utilised by the Group to reduce existing level of contributions for each of the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010.

The Group also contributes to retirement plans for its employees in Mainland China at a percentage of their salaries in compliance with the requirements of the respective municipal governments in Mainland China. The municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in Mainland China.

- 10 董事及高級管理人員酬金 各董事之酬金分列如下:
- 10 Directors' and senior management's emoluments The remuneration of each director is set out below:

	僱主退休 計劃供款 Employer's contributions					
總計	to pension	Other	薪酬	袍金		
Tota	schemes	benefits#	Salaries	Fees	Name of director	董事名稱
港元	港元	港元	港元	港元		
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$		
					2011	二零一一年
3,036,014	12,000	684,014	2,340,000	_	Mr YIP Sum Yin	葉森然先生
2,152,948	12,000	134,654	2,006,294	_	Madam YU Hung Min	喻紅棉女士
380,868	_	-	380,868	_	Madam YU Pei Yi	喻佩儀女士
100,000	-	-	_	100,000	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	黎永良先生
100,000	_	-	_	100,000	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	林國昌先生
100,000	-	-	-	100,000	Madam LEE Mei Ling	李美玲女士
5,869,830	24,000	818,668	4,727,162	300,000	Total	總額
					2010	二零一零年
2,996,828	12,000	824,828	2,160,000	_	Mr YIP Sum Yin	葉森然先生
2,153,478	12,000	293,434	1,848,044	_	Madam YU Hung Min	喻紅棉女士
408,723	_	_	408,723	_	Madam YU Pei Yi	喻佩儀女士
100,000	_	_	_	100,000	Mr LAI Wing Leung, Peter	黎永良先生
100,000	_	_	_	100,000	Mr LAM Kwok Cheong	林國昌先生
100,000	_	_	_	100,000	Madam LEE Mei Ling	李美玲女士
5,859,029	24,000	1,118,262	4,416,767	300,000	Total	總額

本集團本年度五名最高薪酬人士之酬 金總額如下:

The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year are as follows:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
基本薪金、房屋津貼、	Basic salaries, housing allowances, other		
其他津貼及實物利益	allowances and benefits in kind	7,379,598	7,090,766

Other benefits include insurance premium and motor vehicle expenses.

10 董事及高級管理人員酬金(續)

酬金級別如下:

10 Directors' and senior management's emoluments (Continued)

人數

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

		Number of individuals	
		2011	2010
酬金級別	Emolument bands		
500,001港元至1,000,000港元	HK\$500,001 - HK\$1,000,000	3	3
2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	1	1
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	-	1
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	1	_

最高薪酬的五名人士包括兩名董事(二零一零年:兩名),酬金合共5,188,962港元(二零一零年:5,150,306港元)已列入董事酬金內。

The five highest paid individuals include two (2010: two) directors whose emoluments amounting to HK\$5,188,962 (2010: HK\$5,150,306) are included in directors' emoluments.

年內,本集團並無向董事或五名最高薪酬人士支付酬金,作為促使加入本集團時之獎金或作為失去職位之賠償(二零一零年:無)。年內,並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零一零年:無)。

During the year, the Group did not pay to the directors or the five highest paid individuals any inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or a compensation for loss of office (2010: Nil). No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2010: Nil).

11 融資收入

11 Finance income

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
銀行利息收入	Bank interest income	1,566,849	212,227

12 融資成本

12 Finance costs

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
須於五年內全部償還之銀行 貸款及透支之利息支出 融資租賃之利息部分	Interest on bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years Interest element of finance leases	29,452,280 3,467,020	15,542,635 5,531,832
		32,919,300	21,074,467

13 所得税項支出

香港利得税乃按照本年度估計應課税盈利依税率16.5%(二零一零年: 16.5%)提撥準備。海外盈利之税款乃按照本集團經營業務所在國家之現行税率而計算。

13 Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

	2011	2010
	港元	港元
	HK\$	HK\$
		(經重列)
		(Restated)
Current income tax		
 Hong Kong profits tax 		
Provision for current year	392,719	5,122,589
Over-provision for prior years	_	(3,398,379)
	392,719	1,724,210
 Overseas taxation 		
Provision for current year	7,904,817	3,853,557
Over-provision for prior years	(2,112,589)	_
	6,184,947	5,577,767
Deferred income tax (note 32)		
 Origination and reversal of temporary 		
differences	47,395	(456,733)
	6 232 342	5,121,034
	 Hong Kong profits tax Provision for current year Over-provision for prior years Overseas taxation Provision for current year Over-provision for prior years Deferred income tax (note 32) Origination and reversal of temporary 	R元 HK\$ Current income tax - Hong Kong profits tax Provision for current year Over-provision for prior years - 392,719 - Overseas taxation Provision for current year Over-provision for prior years 7,904,817 Over-provision for prior years 6,184,947 Deferred income tax (note 32) - Origination and reversal of temporary

13 所得税支出(續)

本集團有關除所得税前盈利之税項與假若採用香港(即本集團主要業務營運所在)税率而計算之理論税額之差額如下:

13 Income tax expense (Continued)

The tax on profit before income tax of the Group differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of Hong Kong, where the Group performs its principal activities, as follows:

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
除所得税前盈利	Profit before income tax	1,437,848	6,321,299
按税率16.5% (二零一零年:16.5%) 計算之税項	Calculated at a tax rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%)	237,245	1,043,013
無須課税之收入	Income not subject to tax	(2,231,057)	, ,
不可扣税之支出 未確認之暫時差異	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,668,348 938,261	5,099,881 3,842,782
不 ^唯	Temporary differences not recognised Write back of deferred income tax for prior years	930,201	(384,887)
使用未確認之税務虧損	Utilisation of unrecognised tax losses	(449,456)	(590,304)
未確認之税務虧損 往年度超額撥備	Tax losses not recognised Over-provision for prior years	5,075,199 (2,112,589)	662,161 (3,398,379)
於其他司法權區營運之附屬 公司不同税率之影響	Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdiction	106,391	1,164,953
所得税項支出	Income tax expense	6,232,342	5,121,034

香港税務局已查問本集團某些附屬公司在過去數年某些交易之税務申報基準。於批准此財務報表的日期,雙方仍未有解決方案。管理層估計過往年度所得税需撥備約20,500,000港元,數值已列入截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表內。自此之後並沒有為此增加額外撥備。

The Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department (the "IRD") has questioned the basis of tax reporting for certain transactions adopted by certain subsidiaries of the Group in prior years. The matter has not been resolved with the IRD as at the date of approval of these financial statements. Current income tax provision of approximately HK\$20.5 million has been recorded in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 and no further provision has been made since then.

- 14 已終止經營業務 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團電子業務已停止營運並列 為已終止經營業務。
 - (a) 電子產品分部之業績已計入綜合 收益表如下:
- 14 Discontinued operation

For the year ended 31 March 2011, electronic products segment was classified as a discontinued operation as a result of cessation of this business.

(a) Results of the electronic products segment have been included in the consolidated income statement as follows:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
收益	Revenue	2,174,200	29,336,065
銷售成本	Cost of sales	(2,642,636)	(27,946,292)
毛(損)/利	Gross (loss)/profit	(468,436)	1,389,773
其他經營收入	Other operating income	477,869	410,015
出售物業、廠房及	Gain on disposal of property, plant		
設備收益	and equipment	3,981,166	_
分銷及推廣成本	Distribution and marketing costs	(406,270)	(2,660,241)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	(2,506,014)	(11,580,009)
其他經營開支	Other operating expenses	(187,844)	(10,181,902)
物業、廠房及設備減值	Reversal of impairment loss/(impairment loss)		
虧損撥回/(減值虧損)	on property, plant and equipment	11,173,115	(21,005,900)
經營盈利/(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss)	12,063,586	(43,628,264)
融資收入	Finance income	3,119	4,042
融資成本	Finance costs	(321,762)	(143,523)
除所得税前盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before income tax	11,744,943	(43,767,745)
所得税項支出	Income tax expense	_	(3,967,044)
股東應佔盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	11,744,943	(47,734,789)

- 14 已終止經營業務
 - (b) 已終止經營業務之現金流量分析 如下:
- 14 Discontinued operation (Continued)
 - (b) An analysis of the cash flows of the discontinued operation is as follows:

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
經營活動之現金使用淨額 投資活動之現金流入淨額 融資活動之現金(使用)/ 流入淨額 外匯匯率變化的影響	Net cash used in operating activities Net cash generated from investing activities Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(771,493) 13,679,548 (11,388,348) (1,710,867)	(15,006,461) 303,021 11,200,660 (83,573)
現金及現金等價物之減少	Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(191,160)	(3,586,353)

- 15 股東應佔盈利/(虧損) 股東應佔盈利/(虧損)已包括於本公 司財務報表中處理之虧損67,512港元 (二零一零年:278,666港元)。
- 16 股息

董事會建議不派發截至二零一一年三 月三十一日止年度股息(二零一零年: 無)。

- 15 Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders includes a loss of HK\$67,512 (2010: HK\$278,666) which is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.
- 16 Dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010: Nil).

17 每股盈利/(虧損) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃根據本年度 本公司股東應佔盈利及年內已發行普 通股加權平均數計算。

17 Earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
已發行普通股加權平均數	Weighted average number of ordinary share issue	56,918,520	56,918,520
本公司股東應佔持續經營 業務(虧損)/盈利	(Loss)/profit from continuing operations attributable to shareholders of the Company	(4,794,494)	1,200,265
本公司股東應佔持續經營業務 每股基本(虧損)/盈利	Basic (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to shareholders of the Company	(8.4 cents港仙)	2.1 cents港仙
本公司股東應佔已終止經營 業務盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operation attributable to shareholders of the Company	11,744,943	(47,734,789)
本公司股東應佔已終止經營 業務每股基本盈利/(虧損)	Basic earnings/(loss) per share from discontinued operation attributable to shareholders of the Company	20.6 cents港仙	(83.8 cents港仙)

由於兩年度並沒有潛在普通股,故 截至二零一年及二零一零年三月 三十一日止年度之每股攤薄盈利/(虧 損)與同期之每股基本盈利/(虧損) 相同。 The diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010 were the same as the basic earnings/ (loss) per share for the respective years, as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue.

18 物業、廠房及設備-集團 18 Property, plant and equipment - Group 租賃物業 裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 租賃土地 Leasehold 及樓字 廠房設備 improvements, Leasehold 汽車 在建工程 及機器 furniture, land and Motor 總計 Plant and fixtures and Construction **Buildings** machinery equipment vehicles in progress Total 港元 港元 港元 港元 港元 港元 HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ 於二零零九年四月一日 At 1 April 2009 成本,如以往呈列 Cost, as previously reported 194,772,609 948,919,431 143,240,734 10,599,109 1,302,283,801 4,751,918 採納香港會計準則17修訂本 Effect of adoption of 的影響 HKAS 17 (amendment) 13,104,145 13,104,145 成本,經重列 Cost, as restated 207,876,754 948,919,431 143,240,734 10,599,109 4,751,918 1,315,387,946 累積折舊及減值虧損, Accumulated depreciation 如以往呈列 and impairment losses, as previously reported (13,437,935)(369,304,316)(97,420,677) (7,928,188)(488,091,116) 採納香港會計準則17修訂本 Effect of adoption of 的影響 HKAS 17 (amendment) (3,040,388)(3,040,388)累積折舊及減值虧損, Accumulated depreciation and 經重列 impairment losses, as restated (16,478,323)(369,304,316)(97,420,677) (7,928,188)(491,131,504) 賬面淨值,經重列 Net book amount, as restated 191,398,431 579,615,115 45,820,057 2,670,921 4,751,918 824,256,442 截至二零一零年三月三十一日 Year ended 31 March 2010 止年度 期初賬面淨值,如以往呈列 Opening net book amount, as previously reported 181,334,674 579.615.115 45.820.057 2.670.921 4,751,918 814.192.685 採納香港會計準則17修訂本 Effect of adoption of HKAS 17 (amendment) 的影響 (*附註2(a))* (note 2(a)) 10,063,757 10,063,757 期初賬面淨值,經重列 Opening net book amount, as restated 191,398,431 579,615,115 45,820,057 2,670,921 4,751,918 824,256,442 匯兑差額 Exchange differences 621,619 1,861,734 80,604 5,280 5,394 2,574,631 添置 Additions 105,272,598 3,924,386 1,682,926 146,071,518 35,191,608 轉移 Transfer 39,948,920 (39,948,920)減值虧損(附註4c) (21,005,900) Impairment loss (note 4c) (2,170,734)(16,264,787)(2,570,379)出售 Disposals (948,721)(6,640)(101,638)(1,056,999)折舊 Depreciation (4,688,659)(78,965,790) (11,299,456)(1,488,912)(96,442,817) 期終賬面淨值,經重列 Closing net book amount, as restated 225,109,577 590,570,149 35,948,572 2,768,577 854,396,875

18 物業、廠房及設備-集團(續) 18 Property, plant and equipment – Group (Continued)

物業、職房及設	備-集團(續) 18	租賃土地 及樓宇 Leasehold land and Buildings 港元	廠房設備 及機器 Plant and machinery 港元	租賃物業 装修、嫁租份 是asehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 港元	汽車 Motor vehicles 港元	在建工程 Construction in progress 港元	總計 Total 港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
於二零一零年三月三十一日 成本,如以往呈列 採納香港會計準則17修訂本	At 31 March 2010 Cost, as previously reported Effect of adoption of	235,352,008	1,054,401,591	147,292,946	11,737,674	-	1,448,784,219
的影響	HKAS 17 (amendment)	13,104,145	-	-	-	-	13,104,145
成本,經重列	Cost, as restated	248,456,153	1,054,401,591	147,292,946	11,737,674	<u>-</u>	1,461,888,364
累積折舊及減值虧損, 如以往呈列	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, as previously reported	(20,021,548)	(463,831,442)	(111,344,374)	(8,969,097)	_	(604,166,461)
採納香港會計準則17修訂本 的影響	Effect of adoption of HKAS 17 (amendment)	(3,325,028)	-	-	-	-	(3,325,028)
累積折舊及滅值虧損, 經重列	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, as restated	(23,346,576)	(463,831,442)	(111,344,374)	(8,969,097)	-	(607,491,489)
賬面淨值,經重列	Net book amount, as restated	225,109,577	590,570,149	35,948,572	2,768,577	_	854,396,875
成本值或估值分析 成本	Analysis of cost or valuation At cost	225,109,577	590,570,149	35,948,572	2,768,577	-	854,396,875

18 物業、廠房及設備-集團(續) 18 Property, plant and equipment - Group (Continued)

		租賃土地 及樓宇 Leasehold land and Buildings 港元 HK\$	廠房設備 及機器 Plant and machinery 港元 HK\$	租賃物業 裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 港元 HK\$	汽車 Motor vehicles 港元 HK\$	在建工程 Construction in progress 港元 HK\$	總計 Total 港元 HK\$
截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止年度	Year ended 31 March 2011						
期初賬面淨值,如以往呈列採納香港會計準則17修訂本	Opening net book amount, as previously reported Effect of adoption of	215,330,460	590,570,149	35,948,572	2,768,577	-	844,617,758
的影響 (<i>附註2(a))</i>	HKAS 17 (amendment)(note 2(a))	9,779,117	-	-	-	-	9,779,117
期初服面淨值,經重列 匯兑差額 活售 出值 重估 重估 新 董 括 舊 新	Opening net book amount, as restated Exchange differences Additions Disposals Reversal of impairment loss Revaluation surplus Depreciation	225,109,577 8,085,371 - - 2,170,734 67,729,209 (5,654,673)	590,570,149 25,178,925 153,213,859 (9,002,381) 9,002,381 – (93,167,637)	35,948,572 700,900 1,615,960 (696,002) – – (8,925,533)	2,768,577 71,002 800,820 (177,329) - - (1,432,840)	- - - - - -	854,396,875 34,036,198 155,630,639 (9,875,712) 11,173,115 67,729,209 (109,180,683)
期終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	297,440,218	675,795,296	28,643,897	2,030,230	-	1,003,909,641
於二零一一年三月三十一日 成本或估值 累積折舊及減值虧損	At 31 March 2011 Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	297,440,218 -	1,196,182,936 (520,387,640)	139,315,415 (110,671,518)	11,951,707 (9,921,477)	-	1,644,890,276 (640,980,635)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	297,440,218	675,795,296	28,643,897	2,030,230	-	1,003,909,641
成本值或估值分析 成本 二零一一年估值	Analysis of cost or valuation At cost At 2011 valuation	- 297,440,218	675,795,296 -	28,643,897 -	2,030,230 –	- -	706,469,423 297,440,218
		297,440,218	675,795,296	28,643,897	2,030,230	-	1,003,909,641

- 18 物業、廠房及設備-集團(續)
 - (a) 本集團各項租賃土地及樓宇已由 獨立專業合資格估值師Cushman & Wakefield Valuation Advisory Services (HK) Limited評定其於 二零一一年三月三十一日之公 開市場價值總額為297,440,218 港元。上述估值產生重估盈餘 合共67,729,209港元已計入重 估儲備。假設該等土地及樓宇 按歷史成本減累計折舊及減值 虧損列賬,則其賬面值應約為 228,109,117港元。
 - (b) 於二零一一年三月三十一日, 用作集團銀行貸款抵押品之 物業、廠房及設備賬面淨值為 634,220,700港元(二零一零年: 436,131,078港元)(附註35)。
 - (c) 於二零一一年三月三十一日, 集團以融資租賃持有之物業、 廠房及設備之賬面淨值為 133,581,431港元(二零一零年: 151,181,265港元)。
 - (d) 位於香港及中國大陸之租賃 土地及樓宇資產淨值依次為 45,360,000港元(二零一零年: 12,821,406港元)及252,080,218 港元(二零一零年:212,288,171 港元),各以10至50年長期租賃 形式持有。
 - (e) 折舊費用為97,373,064港元(二零一零年:82,838,442港元)列入 銷售成本及11,807,619港元(二零一零年:13,604,375港元)列入 行政開支。

- 18 Property, plant and equipment Group (Continued)
 - (a) The Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued individually on 31 March 2011 by Cushman & Wakefield Valuation Advisory Services (HK) Limited, an independent professional qualified valuer, at an aggregate open market value of HK\$297,440,218. A revaluation surplus totalling HK\$67,729,209, resulting from the above valuations, has been credited to revaluation reserve. Had these leasehold land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their net book amount would have been HK\$228,109,117.
 - (b) At 31 March 2011, the net book amount of property, plant and equipment pledged to banks to secure bank loans of the Group amounted to HK\$634,220,700 (2010: HK\$436,131,078) (note 35).
 - (c) At 31 March 2011, the net book amount of property, plant and equipment held by the Group under finance leases amounted to HK\$133,581,431 (2010: HK\$151,181,265).
 - (d) The leasehold land and buildings with net book amounts of HK\$45,360,000 (2010: HK\$12,821,406) and HK\$252,080,218 (2010: HK\$212,288,171) are held under leases of 10 to 50 years in Hong Kong and Mainland China respectively.
 - (e) Depreciation expense of HK\$97,373,064 (2010: HK\$82,838,442) and HK\$11,807,619 (2010: HK\$13,604,375) has been charged in cost of sales and in administrative expenses respectively.

19 土地使用權

19 Land use rights

		集團		
		Gro	oup	
		2011	2010	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
			(經重列)	
			(Restated)	
於年初,如以往呈列	At the beginning of the year, as previously reported	31,483,818	24,675,999	
採納香港會計準則17	Effect of adoption of HKAS 17 (amendment)			
修訂本的影響 <i>(附註2(a))</i>	(note 2(a))	(10,819,417)	(11,132,173)	
)				
於年初,經重列	At the beginning of the year, as restated	20,664,401	13,543,826	
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	823,999	59,757	
添置	Additions	-	7,364,431	
攤銷	Amortisation	(480,096)	(303,613)	
>				
於年末	At the end of the year	21,008,304	20,664,401	

所有土地使用權均位於中國內地,租 賃期為10至50年。 The lease terms of all land use rights situated in Mainland China are ranged from 10 to 50 years.

於二零一一年三月三十一日,用作集團銀行貸款抵押品之土地使用權賬面淨值為20,325,118港元(二零一零年:12,564,181港元)(附註35)。

At 31 March 2011, the net book amount of land use rights pledged to banks to secure bank loans of the Group amounted to HK\$20,325,118 (2010: HK\$12,564,181) (note 35).

20 投資物業

20 Investment property

		集團	
		Gro	oup
		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
			(經重列)
			(Restated)
於年初,如以往呈列	At the beginning of the year, as previously reported	317,178	326,572
採納香港會計準則17	Effect of adoption of HKAS 17 (Amendment)		
修訂本的影響 <i>(附註2(a))</i>	(note 2(a))	1,040,300	1,068,416
會計政策變動 <i>(附註2(b))</i>	Change in accounting policies (note 2(b))	1,842,522	1,605,012
於年初,經重列	At the beginning of the year, as restated	3,200,000	3,000,000
公平值收益	Fair value gain	2,370,000	200,000
於年末	At the end of the year	5,570,000	3,200,000

20 投資物業(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,用作集 團銀行貸款抵押品之投資物業賬面淨 值為5,570,000港元(二零一零年:無) (附註35)。 20 Investment property (Continued)

At 31 March 2011, the net book amount of investment property pledged to a bank to secure bank loans of the Group amounted to HK\$5,570,000 (2010: Nil) (note 35).

- 21 於附屬公司之投資
- 21 Interests in subsidiaries

	公司	
	Com	pany
	2011	2010
	港元	港元
	HK\$	HK\$
Unlisted shares, at cost	57,165,073	57,165,073
Amounts due from subsidiaries (note a) Less: Provision for impairment losses	147,802,925 –	152,114,120 (4,259,270)
	147,802,925	147,854,850
	204,967,998	205,019,923
	Amounts due from subsidiaries (note a)	Com 2011 港元 HK\$ Unlisted shares, at cost 57,165,073 Amounts due from subsidiaries (note a) Less: Provision for impairment losses — 147,802,925

於二零一一年三月三十一日之主要附 屬公司如下: The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2011:

已發行股本/

			D 3X 13 11X -1-7		
			註冊資本		
	註冊/運作地點		Particulars		
	Place of	主要業務	of issued share		
名稱	incorporation/	Principal	capital/	所佔權	菫 益
Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest	held
				2011	2010
				%	%

直接持有:

Shares held directly:

Same Time International (B.V.I.)	英屬處女群島	投資控股	50,000股普通股份	100	100
Limited	British Virgin	Investment holding	每股1美元		
	Islands		50,000 ordinary		
			shares of US\$1 each		

賬目附註 Notes to the Financial Statements

於附屬公司之投資(續)	21 Ir	nterests in subsidia	ries (Continued) 已發行股本/ 註冊資本		
名稱	註冊/運作地點 Place of incorporation/	主要業務 Principal	Particulars of issued share capital/	所佔相	
Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest 2011	2010
				%	%
間接持有: Shares held indirectly:					
東莞紅板多層線路板有限公司 ² Dongguan Red Board Limited ^{1, 2}	中國內地 Mainland China	製造及銷售 印刷線路板 Manufacture and sale of printed circuit boards	註冊資本 250,000,000港元 Registered capital of HK\$250,000,000	100	100
東莞森泰電子有限公司 ² Dongguan Same Time Electronics Limited ^{1, 2}	中國內地 Mainland China	製造及銷售 電子產品 Manufacture and sale of electronic products	註冊資本 35,000,000港元 Registered capital of HK\$35,000,000	100	100
泰福實業有限公司 Dyford Industries Limited	香港 Hong Kong	物業持有 Property holding	4股普通股每股 1港元及200,000股 無投票權遞延股份 每股1港元 4 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 200,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	100	100
紅板 (江西) 有限公司 ² Red Board (Jiangxi) Limited ^{1, 2}	中國內地 Mainland China	製造及銷售 印刷線路板 Manufacture and sale of printed circuit boards	註冊資本 373,969,000港元 Registered capital of HK\$373,969,000	100	100

於附屬公司之投資(續)	21 In	terests in subs	idiaries (Continued) 已發行股本/ 註冊資本		
	註冊/運作地點 Place of	主要業務	Particulars of issued share		
名稱	incorporation/	Principal	capital/	所佔林	華 益
Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest	
			9	2011	2010
				%	%
間接持有(續): Shares held indirectly (Continued)	:				
紅板有限公司	香港	銷售印刷線路板	4股普通股份每股	100	100
Red Board Limited	Hong Kong	Sale of printed	1港元及5,000,000股		
		circuit boards	無投票權遞延股份		
			每股1港元		
			4 ordinary shares of		
			HK\$1 each and		
			5,000,000 non-voting		
			deferred shares of		
			HK\$1 each		
紅板澳門離岸商業服務有限公司	澳門	銷售印刷線路板	註冊資本100,000葡幣	100	100
Red Board Macao Commercial	Macao	Sale of printed	Registered capital		
Offshore Limited		circuit boards	of MOP\$100,000		
Same Time Electronics (B.V.I.)	英屬處女群島/	物業持有	1股1美元普通股	100	100
Limited	中國內地 British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China	Property holding	1 ordinary share of US\$1		
森泰電子有限公司	香港	銷售電子產品	4股普通股每股	100	100
Same Time Electronics Limited	Hong Kong	Sale of electronic	1,000港元及7,000股		
		products	無投票權遞延股份		
			每股1,000港元		
			4 ordinary shares		
			of HK\$1,000 each		
			and 7,000 non-voting		
			deferred shares of HK\$1,000 each		
1 此等公司並無英文名稱,上該 屬中文名稱譯名	並名稱純 1	These companies	have no English names and	d the above	names
2 外商獨資企業	2	Wholly owned fore			

21 於附屬公司之投資(續)

- (a) 應收附屬公司款項視作本公司權益,並無抵押及免除利息。該款項列為權益工具,按已支付面值列入賬內並且日後不會調整。
- (b) 依照當地法律規定,所有於中國 成立之附屬公司之財務年結日均 為十二月三十一日,與本集團並 不一致。本集團之綜合財務報表 按照此等附屬公司截至二零一一 年三月三十一日止十二個月之管 理帳編製而成。

22 非流動訂金

非流動訂金乃支付購買廠房、設備及物業之訂金。該等訂金在報告期間結束當日起計12個月內不能變現。因此,該等款項計入非流動資產。

- 23 其他非流動資產 這是指一個被集團管理層使用之非上 市之球會會藉。
- 24 存貨

21 Interests in subsidiaries (Continued)

- (a) The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and are regarded as equity in nature by the Company. Accordingly, the amounts are classified as equity instruments, which are carried at the amounts paid and not subsequently remeasured.
- (b) All subsidiaries established in Mainland China have financial accounting year end dated 31 December in accordance with the local statutory requirements, which is not coterminous with that of the Group. The consolidated financial statements of the Group were prepared based on the management accounts of these subsidiaries for the twelve months ended 31 March 2011.

22 Non-current deposits

Non-current deposits represent deposits paid for the acquisition of plant and equipment and properties, and the deposits will not be realised within twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the amounts were included in the non-current assets.

23 Other non-current asset

This represents an unlisted club debenture which is used by management of the Group.

24 Inventories

		\$	集團	
		Gr	oup	
		2011	2010	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
原材料	Raw materials	84,171,532	56,053,792	
在製品	Work in progress	48,614,203	33,865,039	
製成品	Finished goods	63,194,958	30,868,049	
		195,980,693	120,786,880	

存貨成本中確認為費用並列入「銷售成本」的金額共計1,196,490,064港元(二零一零年:790,312,495港元)。

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to HK\$1,196,490,064 (2010: HK\$790,312,495).

24 存貨(續)

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團並沒有確認由過時及滯銷存貨帶來之損失。截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團確認由過時及滯銷存貨帶來之損失列入「經營盈利」(附註7)的金額共計金額752,352港元及列入已終止經營業務(附註14(a))中的「銷售成本」的金額共計金額852,052港元。

24 Inventories (Continued)

There was no provision for impairment loss in respect of slow moving and obsolete inventories for the year ended 31 March 2011. In respect of the slow moving and obsolete inventories for the year ended 31 March 2010, the Group recognised a loss of HK\$752,352 in the operating profit of note 7 and a loss of HK\$852,052 in "cost of sales" of the discontinued operation in note 14(a).

25 貿易及其他應收款

25 Trade and other receivables

	集	專	公	司
	Gro	oup	Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	港元	港元	港元	港元
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
貿易應收款 <i>(附註b)</i> Trade receivables <i>(note b)</i> 訂金、預付款及 Deposits, prepayments and	254,490,139	154,895,273	-	-
其他應收款 (附註c) other receivables (note c)	80,815,290	55,771,004	203,975	271,885
	335,305,429	210,666,277	203,975	271,885

- (a) 貿易及其他應收款的賬面值以下 列貨幣為單位,而其賬面值與公 平值相若:
- (a) The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, which approximate their fair values, are denominated in the following currencies:

			團 Dup
		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
× -			
美元	United States dollar	220,443,443	138,760,401
人民幣	Renminbi	84,443,108	42,202,844
港元	Hong Kong dollar	29,235,790	28,467,839
歐元	EURO	1,158,430	1,210,535
其他	Others	24,658	24,658
		335,305,429	210,666,277

25 貿易及其他應收款(續)

- (b) 貿易應收款跟據發票日期之賬齡 分析如下:
- 25 Trade and other receivables (Continued)
 - (b) The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
0-60日	0 - 60 days	191,621,536	109,502,073
61-120日	61 – 120 days	56,859,430	37,789,178
121-180日	121 – 180 days	3,700,715	6,207,554
181-240日	181 – 240 days	967,944	643,224
240日以上	Over 240 days	1,340,514	753,244
		254,490,139	154,895,273

本集團給予客戶的信貸期為30至 120日。

於二零一年三月三十一日,貿易應收款88,687,264港元(二零一零年:52,065,170港元)經已逾期但並無減值。此等款項涉及多個最近沒有拖欠還款記錄的獨立客戶。此等貿易應收款的賬齡分析如下:

Sales are made to customers with credit terms of 30 to 120 days.

At 31 March 2011, trade receivables of HK\$88,687,264 (2010: HK\$52,065,170) were past due but not impaired. These trade receivables relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

		20	11 2010
		港	元 港元
		HI	K\$ HK\$
0-60日	0 – 60 days	77,452,2	92 44,265,571
61-120日	61 – 120 days	8,502,6	97 6,229,018
121-180日	121 - 180 days	1,102,2	27 560,451
181-240日	181 – 240 days	615,5	19 288,450
240日以上	Over 240 days	1,014,5	29 721,680
		88,687,2	64 52,065,170

25 貿易及其他應收款(續)

(b) (續)

今年度並沒有為貿易應收款作減 值撥備(二零一零年:無)。在準 備賬戶中扣除的數額一般會在預 期無法收回額外現金時撇銷。

年內壞賬5,289,584港元(二零一零年:2,672,748港元)已直接撇除。這金額已列入綜合收益表中的其他營運開支。

(c) 於二零一一年三月三十一日, 訂金、預付款及其他應收款包括 可退回增值税款44,026,135港元 (二零一零年:21,202,248港元)。

> 其他應收款及訂金並不包括逾期 或減值的資產。

(d) 本集團及本公司並沒持有任何作 為質押的抵押品。

> 在報告日期,信貸風險的最高風 險承擔為上述每類應收款的公平 值。

26 衍生財務資產/負債

衍生財務工具為買賣性遠期外匯合 約、分類為流動資產或負債及預期將 會在未來十二個月內完成該等合約。

於二零一一年三月三十一日並沒有未結算的遠期外匯合約(二零一零年:70,900,000港元)。

25 Trade and other receivables (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

No provision for impairment of trade receivables was made for the year (2010: Nil). Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

During the year, bad debts of HK\$5,289,584 (2010: HK\$2,672,748) have been directly written off. The amount has been charged to other operating expenses in the consolidated income statement.

(c) At 31 March 2011, included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables was an amount of HK\$44,026,135 (2010: HK\$21,202,248) which represents refundable value-added tax.

Other receivables and deposits do not contain past due or impaired assets.

(d) The Group and Company do not hold any collateral as security.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above.

26 Derivative financial assets/liabilities

The derivative financial instruments represented forward foreign exchange contracts held for trading, were classified as current assets or liabilities as appropriate and were expected to settle at various dates during the next 12 months.

There was no outstanding forward foreign exchange contract as at 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$70.9 million).

27 銀行存款及現金/已抵押銀行 存款

銀行存款及現金以下列貨幣為單位:

27 Cash at banks and in hand/pledged bank deposits

Cash at banks and in hand is denominated in the following currencies:

			集團 Group		司 pany
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
美元	United States dollar	13,347,634	12,085,199	-	_
人民幣	Renminbi	12,007,884	54,865,021	_	-
港元	Hong Kong dollar	5,718,067	4,449,591	100,224	48,920
其他	Others	387,748	457,873	-	-
		31,461,333	71,857,684	100,224	48,920

於二零一一年三月三十一日並沒存有已抵押銀行存款(二零一零年:70,733,013港元)(附註35)。於二零一零年三月三十一日,已抵押銀行存款為已抵押給銀行以取得本集團銀行信貸之存款,詳情載於附註31。此乃人民幣存款,其固定年利率為2.25%。

於二零一一年三月三十日,銀行存款及現金存於中國內地之存款合共為約12,400,000港元(二零一零年:125,600,000港元)。於中國內地滙出之款項受中國內地政府外滙管制條例所監管。

其賬面值指信貸風險的最高風險承擔。

There was no pledged bank deposit as at 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$70,733,013) (note 35). The pledged bank deposits as at 31 March 2010 represented deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as set out in note 31 below. The deposits were in Renminbi and at fixed interest rate of 2.25% per annum.

At 31 March 2011, cash at banks and in hand of an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$12.4 million (2010: HK\$125.6million) was deposited in Mainland China. The remittance of funds out of Mainland China is subject to rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by Mainland China government.

The carrying amount represents the maximum exposure to credit risk.

28 股本 28 Share capital

股份數目 港元 Number of Amount Shares HK\$

法定股本: Authorised:

每股面值0.10港元之普通股Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each於二零零九年四月一日、At 1 April 2009, 31 March 2010 and二零一零年三月三十一日及31 March 2011

二零一一年三月三十一日 700,000,000 70,000,000

已發行及繳足股本: Issued and fully paid:

每股面值0.10港元之普通股Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each於二零零九年四月一日及、At 1 April 2009, 31 March 2010 and二零一零年三月三十一日及31 March 2011

二零一一年三月三十一日 56,918,520 5,691,852

29 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團儲備之數額及其變動載於 綜合權益變動表。

29 Reserves

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) 本公司

(b) Company

		股本溢價	實繳盈餘	累計虧損	
		Share	Contributed	Accumulated	合計
		premium	surplus	losses	Total
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
於二零零九年四月一日	At 1 April 2009	151,921,671	51,917,647	(4,347,704)	199,491,614
本年度虧損	Loss for the year		-	(278,666)	(278,666)
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	151,921,671	51,917,647	(4,626,370)	199,212,948
於二零一零年四月一日 本年度虧損	At 1 April 2010 Loss for the year	151,921,671 –	51,917,647 –	(4,626,370) (67,512)	199,212,948 (67,512)
於二零一一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	151,921,671	51,917,647	(4,693,882)	199,145,436

29 儲備(續)

(c) 儲備性質及目的

- (i) 公司之實繳盈餘代表:
 - 實繳盈餘達37,115,065 港元乃Same Time International (B.V.I.) Limited及其附屬公司 於一九九二年三月四日 的資產淨值與本公司因 收購該等公司而發行之 股份面值之差額;
 - 於二零零三年九月十六 日,因股本減值及合 併而於實繳盈餘計入 15,940,952港元;及
 - 於截至二零零九年三月 三十一日止年度內,本 公司使用實繳盈餘派發 二零零八年末期股息 1,138,370港元。
- (ii) 實繳盈餘可根據百慕達 一九八一年公司法例分派予 股東。惟在下列情況下,本 公司不能使用實繳盈餘派發 股息:
 - 本公司在派發股息後不 能支付到期債務;或
 - 本公司可變現資產值將 因此而低於其債務、已 發行股份及股本溢價賬 之總和。
- (iii) 法定儲備是根據澳門商業法 需要在本集團一間在澳門成 立之子公司之保留盈利中分 出及該等儲備是不能分派作 股息之用。

澳門商業法第377條規定,公司需至少撥備25%之除税後盈利為法定儲備,直至該等儲備達到公司股本之50%。

29 Reserves (Continued)

- (c) Nature and purpose of reserves
 - (i) The contributed surplus of the Company represents:
 - the difference in value at 4 March 1992 between the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange for all the issued ordinary shares of Same Time International (B.V.I.) Limited and the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired on that date amounting to HK\$37,115,065;
 - the amount of HK\$15,940,952 credited to the contributed surplus as a result of the capital reduction and consolidation of shares of the Company on 16 September 2003; and
 - the Company make a distribution in respect of 2008 final dividend amounting to HK\$1,138,370 out of contributed surplus during the year ended 31 March 2009.
 - (ii) The contributed surplus of the Company is distributable under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. However, the Company shall not declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus, if:
 - the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
 - the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.
 - (iii) The legal reserve represents the amount set aside from the retained profits by a subsidiary incorporated in Macao in accordance with the Macao Commercial Code and is not distributable as dividend.

The Macao Commercial Code #377 requires that a company should set aside a minimum of 25% of the company's profit after tax to the legal reserve until the balance of the reserve reaches a level equivalent to 50% of the company's capital.

30 貿易及其他應付款

30 Trade and other payables

		集	團	公	計
		Gr	oup	Company	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		港元	港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
貿易應付款	Trade payables	396,643,845	211,725,284	-	-
預提費用及其他應付款	Accruals and other payables	184,121,229	145,102,508	434,909	435,928
		580,765,074	356,827,792	434,909	435,928

貿易及其他應付款的賬面值以下列貨 幣為單位,而其賬面值與公平值相若: The carrying amounts of the trade and other payables, which approximate their fair value, are denominated in the following currencies:

		集	集團	
		Gro	oup	
		2011	2010	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
人民幣	Renminbi	447,131,041	159,037,210	
港元	Hong Kong dollar	117,324,618	98,774,586	
美元	United States dollar	16,109,206	98,897,069	
日元	Japanese Yen	162,749	102,071	
歐元	EURO	37,460	12,249	
其他	Others	-	4,607	
		580,765,074	356,827,792	

貿易應付款跟據發票日期之賬齡分析 如下: The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
0 - 60日 61 - 120日 121 - 180日 181 - 240日 240日以上	0 – 60 days 61 – 120 days 121 – 180 days 181 – 240 days Over 240 days	177,576,325 135,629,445 64,818,056 15,256,174 3,363,845	120,859,989 60,965,798 20,851,029 5,214,761 3,833,707
		396,643,845	211,725,284

31 貸款

31 Borrowings

			集團 Group	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
		31 March	31 March	1 April
		2011	2010	2009
		港元	港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
				(經重列)
				(Restated)
非流動負債	Non-current			
銀行貸款	Bank loans	165,943,628	142,207,054	79,365,079
融資租賃之承擔	Obligations under finance leases	15,371,777	23,161,578	54,298,881
		181,315,405	165,368,632	133,663,960
流動負債	Current			
於一年內到期償還	Bank loans due for repayment			
銀行貸款	within one year	258,345,994	343,131,397	165,585,060
於一年後到期償還含有償還	Bank loans due for repayment	, ,	, ,	, ,
要求條款的銀行貸款	after one year which contain			
	a repayment on demand clause	3,552,214	_	2,719,957
融資租賃之承擔	Obligations under finance leases	28,588,977	50,765,118	54,220,186
		290,487,185	393,896,515	222,525,203
總貸款	Total borrowings	471,802,590	559,265,147	356,189,163

計息銀行借款(包括須按要求償還之銀行貸款)按攤銷成本列賬。須於一年後償還並含有償還要求條款及已分類 為流動負債之銀行貸款部份預期不會於一年內結清。

The interest-bearing bank borrowings, including the bank loans repayable on demand, are carried at amortised cost. None of the bank loans due for repayment after one year which contains a repayment on demand clause and that is classified as a current liability is expected to be settled within one year.

31 貸款(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,在不考 慮任何要求償還之條款下,本集團之 銀行貸款原還款期如下:

31 Borrowings (Continued)

The original maturities of the bank loans of the Group as at 31 March 2011, without taken into consideration any repayment on demand clause, are as follows:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
一年以內	Within one year	258,345,994	343,131,397
第二年	In the second year	105,785,342	56,882,822
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	63,710,500	85,324,232
		427,841,836	485,338,451

關於銀行貸款抵押品之資產詳情載於 附註35。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團 之融資租賃負債之還款期如下: Details of assets pledged to banks to secure bank loans are set out in note 35.

At 31 March 2011, the finance lease liabilities of the Group are repayable as follows:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
一年以內	Within one year	29,497,598	52,262,911
第二年	In the second year	12,684,024	21,034,148
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	4,593,898	4,488,000
		46,775,520	77,785,059
未來財務費用	Future finance charges on finance lease liabilities	(2,814,766)	(3,858,363)
融資租賃負債之現值	Present value of finance lease liabilities	43,960,754	73,926,696

31 貸款(續) 融資租賃負債之現值如下:

31 Borrowings (Continued)

The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:

		1	集團	
		G	roup	
		2011	2010	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
一年以內	Within one year	28,588,977	50,765,118	
第二年	In the second year	11,460,348	19,284,363	
第三至第五年	In the third to fifth years	3,911,429	3,877,215	
		43,960,754	73,926,696	

貸款的賬面值以下列貨幣為單位:

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
人民幣	Renminbi	415,486,908	346,624,372
港元	Hong Kong dollar	35,561,695	174,710,232
美元	United States dollar	20,753,987	37,930,543
		471,802,590	559,265,147

本集團之銀行存款及融資租賃負債之 利率可按一至三個月重訂,該等利率 變化及合約重訂日對本集團之銀行存 款及融資租賃負債影響甚微。 The exposure of the Group's bank loans and finance lease liabilities to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates is minimal given the interest rates of the Group's bank loans and finance lease liabilities are renewable for the periods ranging from 1 month to 3 months.

31 貸款(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行貸款及融資租賃負債及銀透支之有效年利率依次為3.50%至6.25%及為1.21%至10.01%(二零一零年:2.40%至6.00%及為1.09%至9.31%)。其賬面值的餘額與公平值相若。

年內,本集團獲授之若干銀行融資訂 明其中多項財務契諾,規定(i)本集團 之總負債除以總權益不能多於2.2; 及(ii)資產未經批准不應擅自抵押(二 零一零年:(i)本集團之負債比率不能 多於1;(ii)本集團之總負債除以總 權益不能多於2.2;及(iii)資產未經批 准不應擅自抵押)。於二零一一年三 月三十一日,本集團已獲授銀行信 貸合共110,000,000港元(二零一零 年:168,000,000港元)其中已使用 了約82,000,000港元(二零一零年: 117,000,000港元)。由於本集團違反 了該等契諾。故此銀行貸款非流動部 份為數35,559,349港元(二零一零年: 39,457,206港元)已在綜合財務狀況 表中重新分類為流動負債。有關二零 --年三月三十一日後改變之詳細資 料,請參閱附註2(a)之編製基準。

32 遞延所得税

當有合法執行之權利將當期所得稅資產與當期所得稅負債對銷,以及當遞延所得稅涉及同一財政機關時,則可將遞延所得稅資產及負債可互相對銷。

31 Borrowings (Continued)

The effective interest rates of the bank loans and the obligations under finance leases of the Group at 31 March 2011 were ranging from 3.50% to 6.25% per annum and 1.21% to 10.01% per annum respectively (2010: ranging from 2.40% to 6.00% per annum and from 1.09% to 9.31% per annum respectively). The carrying amounts of the balances approximate their fair values.

During the year, certain of the banking facilities granted to the Group stipulated that (i) the total liabilities over total equity of the Group should not be more than 2.2 and (ii) the assets should not be pledged without permission. (2010: (i) the gearing ratio of the Group should not be more than 1, (ii) the total liabilities over total equity of the Group should not be more than 2.2 and (iii) the assets should not be pledged without permission). At 31 March 2011, the Group breached such covenants. The total banking facilities from these relevant banks were approximately HK\$110 million (2010: HK\$168 million) of which approximately HK\$82 million (2010: HK\$117 million) was utilised as at 31 March 2011. Accordingly, the non-current portion of such bank loans amounting to HK\$35,559,349 (2010: HK\$39,457,206) was reclassified as a current liability in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2011. Please also refer to note 2(a) "Basis of preparation" for further details of changes subsequent to 31 March 2011.

32 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxed levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

32 遞延所得税(續) 淨遞延所得税負債之變動如下:

32 Deferred income tax (Continued)
The movements in the net deferred income tax liabilities are as follows:

		集團 Group	
		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$ (經重列) (Restated)
於年初,如以往呈列 會計政策變動的影響 <i>(附註2(b))</i>	At the beginning of the year, as perviosly reported Effect of change in accounting policies (note 2(b))	6,649,331 74,149	7,180,213
於年初,經重列 在綜合收益表支銷/(計入) <i>(附註13)</i> 在綜合全面收益表支銷	At the beginning of the year, as restated Charged/(credited) to consolidated income statement (note 13) Charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	6,723,480 47,395 2,795,671	7,180,213 (456,733)
於年末	At the end of the year	9,566,546	6,723,480

遞延所得税負債內大部份於資產負債 表結算日超過十二個月後結算。 A substantial portion of the deferred income tax liabilities will be settled after more than 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

年內遞延所得税負債及資產之變動(與 同一徵税地區之結餘抵銷前)如下: The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year are as follows:

遞延所得税負債

Deferred income tax liabilities

		物業重估 Revaluation of properties 港元 HK\$	加速税項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 港元 HK\$	合計 Total 港元 HK\$
於二零零九年四月一日,	As at 1 April 2009, as previously reported			
如以往呈列 會計政策變動的影響	Effect of change in accounting policies	184,211	12,250,323 –	12,250,323 184,211
於二零零九年四月一日,經重列 在綜合收益表計入	As at 1 April 2009, as restated Credited to the consolidated income statement	184,211 (430)	12,250,323 (4,522,568)	12,434,534 (4,522,998)
於二零一零年三月三十一日,經重列	As at 31 March 2010, as restated	183,781	7,727,755	7,911,536
於二零一零年四月一日,如以往呈列 會計政策變動的影響	As at 1 April 2010, as previously reported Effect of change in accounting policies	183,781	7,752,489 (24,734)	7,752,489 159,047
於二零一零年四月一日,經重列 在綜合收益表支銷 在綜合全面收益表支銷	As at 1 April 2010, as restated Charged to the consolidated income statement Charged to consolidated statement of	183,781	7,727,755 15,547	7,911,536 15,547
	comprehensive income	2,795,671	-	2,795,671
於二零一一年三月三十一日	As at 31 March 2011	2,979,452	7,743,302	10,722,754

税損

賬目附註 Notes to the Financial Statements

32 遞延所得税(續) 遞延所得税資產

32 Deferred income tax (Continued) Deferred income tax assets

	Tax losses 港元 HK\$
As at 1 April 2009, as previously reported	
	(5,070,110)
Effect of change in accounting policies	(184,211)
As at 1 April 2009, as restated	
	(5,254,321)
Charged to the consolidated income statement	4,066,265
As at 31 March 2010, as restated	
	(1,188,056)
As at 1 April 2010, as previously reported	(4.400.450)
	(1,103,158)
Effect of change in accounting policies	(84,898)
As at 1 April 2010, as restated	
	(1,188,056)
Charged to the consolidated income statement	31,848
As at 31 March 2011	(1,156,208)
	Effect of change in accounting policies As at 1 April 2009, as restated Charged to the consolidated income statement As at 31 March 2010, as restated As at 1 April 2010, as previously reported Effect of change in accounting policies As at 1 April 2010, as restated

遞延所得稅資產乃因應相關稅務利益可透過未來應課稅盈利變現而就所結轉之稅損作確認。本集團有未確認稅損約105,800,000港元(二零一零年:73,300,000港元)可結轉以抵銷未來應課稅收入。未確認稅項虧損內包括約35,000,000港元(二零一零年:9,900,000港元)之虧損,將於2012年至2016年(二零一零年:2011年至2015年)屆滿。其他稅損可永久結轉。

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of approximately HK\$105.8 million (2010: HK\$73.3 million) to carry forward against future taxable income. Unrecognised tax losses of approximately HK\$35 million (2010: HK\$9.9 million) will expire from 2012 to 2016 (2010: from 2011 to 2015). Other tax losses have no expiry date.

33 遞延收入

遞延收入為在中國江西省興建廠房所 收之政府補貼,於廠房投產後按廠房 預期可使用年期攤銷。

33 Deferred income

The deferred income represents government grants received for the construction of a plant in Jiangxi in Mainland China, which is amortised over the expected useful live of the plant upon the commencement of the operation.

- 34 綜合現金流量表附註
 - (a) 除所得税前(虧損)/盈利與經營 業務產生之現金對賬表:
- 34 Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement
 - (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from continuing operations:

	2011	2010
	.575	港元
	HK\$	HK\$
Profit before income tax	1.437.848	6,321,299
		303,613
Amortisation of deferred income	400,000	000,010
on government grants	(391,870)	(204,313)
Bad debts written off	5,289,584	2,442,226
Change in fair value of an investment property	(2,370,000)	(200,000)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	108,468,656	91,321,787
Interest income	(1,566,849)	(212,227)
Interest expenses	32,919,300	21,074,467
Impairment loss on slow moving		
and obsolete inventories	_	752,352
Gain on disposal of property,		
plant and equipment	(162,045)	(67,524)
		121,531,680
		(20,628,918)
	(137,267,020)	(55,108,217)
Decrease in derivative financial assets	-	1,426,036
Increase in trade and other payables	225,297,257	44,828,188
Decrease in derivative financial liabilities	(98,747)	(724,467)
Cach gaparated from continuing aparations	155 534 430	91,324,302
	on government grants Bad debts written off Change in fair value of an investment property Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Interest income Interest expenses Impairment loss on slow moving and obsolete inventories Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Operating profit before working capital changes Increase in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables Decrease in derivative financial assets Increase in trade and other payables	Profit before income tax Amortisation of land use rights Amortisation of deferred income on government grants Bad debts written off Change in fair value of an investment property Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Interest income Interest expenses Impairment loss on slow moving and obsolete inventories Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Operating profit before working capital changes Increase in inventories Decrease in derivative financial assets Increase in derivative financial liabilities 1,437,848 480,096 480,096 5,289,584 (2,370,000) 108,468,656 (1,566,849) 32,919,300 108,468,656 (1,566,849) 32,919,300 118,4104,720 (76,501,771) (162,045) 1144,104,720 (76,501,771) (137,267,020) 117,267,020) 118,7267,020 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,300 119,3

- (b) 主要非現金交易 截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團透過融資租賃 購置物業、廠房及機器金額為 7,983,563港元(二零一零年: 24,498,072港元)。
- (b) Major non-cash transactions For the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group had entered into finance lease arrangements amounting to HK\$7,983,563 (2010: HK\$24,498,072) for the purchase of

property, plant and machinery.

35 銀行信貸

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團 之總銀行信貸額為496,593,446港元 (二零一零年:723,451,433港元),其 中已使用之信貸額為427,841,835港元 (二零一零年:485,338,451港元)。

總信貸額中,本集團已將下列資產作法定抵押,作為銀行信貸額371,034,137港元(二零一零年:306,948,912港元)之擔保。

35 Banking facilities

At 31 March 2011, total facilities granted to the Group amounted to HK\$496,593,446 (2010: HK\$723,451,433) of which HK\$427,841,835(2010: HK\$485,338,451) were utilised.

Among the total facilities, banking facilities amounting to HK\$371,034,137 (2010: HK\$306,948,912) were secured by legal charges on the following assets of the Group:

		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
			(經重列)
			(Restated)
物業、廠房及設備 <i>(附註18(b))</i>	Property, plant and equipment (note 18(b))	634,220,700	436,131,078
土地使用權 <i>(附註19)</i>	Land use rights (note 19)	20,325,118	12,564,181
投資物業 <i>(附註20)</i>	Investment property (note 20)	5,570,000	_
已抵押銀行存款(附註27)	Pledged bank deposits (note 27)	-	70,733,013
		660,115,818	519,428,272

36 或然負債

本公司之或然負債是對於某些附屬公司之總銀行信貸額作出之擔保,款項為472,887,213港元(二零一零年:723,451,433港元),包括信託收據貸款、應付匯票及銀行貸款。

36 Contingent liabilities

The Company has contingent liabilities relating to corporate guarantees given in respect of banking facilities which include trust receipt loans, bills payable and bank loans extended to certain subsidiaries amounting to HK\$472,887,213 (2010: HK\$723,451,433).

37 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

37 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

		Group	
		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
已簽約但未計提	Contracted but not provided for		
廠房、機器及租賃物業裝修	Plant, machinery and leasehold improvements	13,075,178	64,865,451
投資附屬公司	Investments in subsidiaries	4,211,496	5,967,796
		17,286,674	70,833,247

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本 公司沒有資本承擔(二零一零年: 無)。 The Company had no capital commitments at 31 March 2011 (2010: Nil).

集團

(b) 經營租賃之承擔

(i) 根據不可撤銷經營租賃,未 來需支付之最低租金款項如 下:

(b) Commitments under operating leases

(i) The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of properties are as follows:

		集閚 Group	
		2011	2010
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
不超過一年	Not later than one year	3,415,489	3,313,352
超過一年但不超過五年	Later than one year and not later than five years	3,403,137	4,216,004
		6,818,626	7,529,356

(ii) 根據不可撤銷經營租賃,未 來應收取之最低租金款項如 下: (ii) The future aggregate minimum lease rental receivables under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of properties are as follows:

		集團 Group		
		2011	2010	
		港元	港元	
		HK\$	HK\$	
不超過一年 超過一年但不超過五年	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	34,533 -	168,000 34,533	
		34,533	202,533	

(iii) 於二零一一年三月三十一 日,本公司沒有經營租賃承 擔(二零一零年:無)。 (iii) The Company had no operating lease commitments at 31 March 2011 (2010: Nil).

38 關連人仕交易 主要管理人員酬金

38 Related party transactions Key management compensation

		2011 港元 HK\$	2010 港元 HK\$
新金及其他短期僱員福利 退休成本	Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Pension costs	8,814,285 96,650	9,020,903 115,500
		8,910,935	9,136,403

主要管理人員包括本公司董事、行政總裁、財務總監、總經理及公司秘書。

Key management includes directors, chief executive officer, financial controllers, general managers and company secretary of the Company.

39 結算日後事項

- (a) 於二零一一年三月十四日,本公司與富強證券有限公司(「配,本配,在理」)訂立配售協議,據基準已,在理同意按竭盡所能基準元人以每股份3.27港新足以每股股份3.27港新五。根據配是之股項。 格認購最多11,380,000股股份已獲不是股份。 11,380,000股股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000股股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000股股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000股股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000股份已獲不是的人。 第11,380,000人。 第11,380,000人。
- 40 直接及最終控股人仕 於二零一一年三月三十一日,董事 認為本集團之直接母公司為Sum Tai Holdings Limited及本集團之最終控 股人仕為Aberdare Assets Limited。 該兩間公司同於英屬處女群島註冊成 立,此等公司並無編製財務報表以供 公眾使用。

39 Events after the reporting period

- (a) On 14 March 2011, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Fortune (HK) Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") pursuant to which the Placing Agent agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, independent placees to subscribe up to a maximum of 11,380,000 new shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company at a price of HK\$3.27 per share. All the 11,380,000 shares under the placing were fully subscribed and the placing was completed on 20 April 2011. The Company intends to use the net proceeds of approximately HK\$36 million as working capital of the Group and/or for possible investment in the future when opportunities arise.
- (b) On 23 March 2011, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Union Gold Group Limited (the "Subscriber") pursuant to which the Subscriber agreed to subscribe for a HK\$90 million convertible redeemable bond of the Company (the "Bond") at HK\$90 million in cash. The net proceeds from the subscription (after deducting related expenses) are estimated to be approximately HK\$89 million. The entire net proceeds will be used for repayment of bank loans and payables in Hong Kong and Mainland China. On 16 June 2011, the issue of the Bond was completed.

40 Immediate and ultimate controlling parties

At 31 March 2011, the directors consider the immediate parent company of the Group to be Sum Tai Holdings Limited and the ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Aberdare Assets Limited, which are both incorporated in British Virgin Islands. These entities do not produce financial statements available for public use.

五年財務摘要 Five Year Financial Summary

截至三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March

		, ,				
		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
			(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
業績	Results					
股東應佔盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) attributable					
	to shareholders	6,950	(46,535)	23,403	30,983	71,243
資產及負債	Assets and liabilities					
總資產	Total assets	1,605,596	1,359,306	1,164,363	1,028,162	863,173
總負債	Total liabilities	(1,124,258)	(972,498)	(733,277)	(642,494)	(544,239)
總權益	Total equity	481,338	386,808	431,086	385,668	318,934

