



PT INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

保 德 國 際 發 展 企 業 有 限 公 司 *

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code : 372)

** For identification purpose only*



ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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Definitions and Glossary

In this annual report, the following expressions have the following meanings unless otherwise specified:

“Board”	Board of Directors of the Company
“Bye-laws”	Bye-laws of the Company
“Company”	PT International Development Corporation Limited
“Current Year”	the year ended 31st March, 2021
“Director(s)”	director(s) of the Company
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries
“Hong Kong Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange
“PRC” and “China”	the People’s Republic of China
“SFO”	Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
“Shareholders”	shareholders of the Company
“HK\$” and “HK cents”	Hong Kong dollars and cents, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“%”	per cent.

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis
(Chairman and Managing Director)
Mr. Sue Ka Lok *(resigned on 6th July, 2021)*
Ms. Xu Wei
Mr. Yeung Kim Ting
Mr. Heinrich Grabner

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yam Kwong Chun
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson
Mr. Lam Yik Tung

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson *(Chairman)*
Mr. Yam Kwong Chun
Mr. Lam Yik Tung

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lam Yik Tung *(Chairman)*
Mr. Yam Kwong Chun
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Yam Kwong Chun *(Chairman)*
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson
Mr. Lam Yik Tung

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis *(Chairman)*
(appointed on 6th July, 2021)
Mr. Sue Ka Lok *(Chairman)* *(resigned on 6th July, 2021)*
Mr. Yam Kwong Chun
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson
Mr. Lam Yik Tung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lo Yuen Mei

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

LEGAL ADVISORS

Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co.
Solicitors & Notaries
Conyers Dill & Pearman (Bermuda)

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.,
Hong Kong Branch
DBS Bank (HK) Limited
Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China
(Asia) Limited
Nonghyup Bank
The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House
2 Church Street
Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suites 3412–3413
34/F., China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre
168–200 Connaught Road Central
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited
4th Floor North
Cedar House
41 Cedar Avenue
Hamilton HM 12
Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited
Level 54
Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.ptcorp.com.hk

STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange 372

* The above information is updated as at 14th July, 2021, being the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this annual report.

Chairman's Statement

The COVID-19 pandemic coupled with the continued Sino-US trade tension has posed unprecedented challenges to both individuals and corporations across the globe. Within the reporting period and when COVID-19 was gaining momentum globally, we have seen businesses, both large and small, suffer with many requiring financial lifelines to stay afloat. The various businesses of the Group too have been severely affected. With travel restrictions implemented globally, many of the Group's new business initiatives have been delayed with business activities, and international meetings moved to virtual platforms, which is adequate but less than ideal.

Given the economic backdrop in the Current Year, the management of the Group decided to take a more prudent approach and capitalised on an opportunity to increase its cash level by divesting out of a long-term investment. The Group was able to improve its overall financial performance and achieve a turnaround from net loss for the year ended 31st March, 2020 to net profit during the Current Year. Management has been formulating and refining its strategies with a prudent yet opportunistic approach. We expect that the global economic recovery will be an arduous process. The management of the Group is ready to study any opportunities that will arise from the current economic circumstances.

Asia is expected to lead in the global economic recovery post-COVID-19, and the Group will continue to grow its commodities trading business. Through working with quality and stable suppliers and producers, we look to increase our product range and enhance our profitability over time. We are also looking to enhance our value chain, lower costs and risks for the Group and its customers via offering financial tool to mitigate financial trade risk, expanding upstream sourcing capabilities and other value-added services such as storage for certain commodities products. For example, through the growth in the Group's management services business and investment holding business in companies engaging in port development, operation and provision of storage facilities, the Group is seeking to further solidify our position in ports and infrastructure management and broaden the income stream of the Group through the management agreement with Thousand Vantage Investment Limited ("**Thousand Vantage**"). Moreover, since the Group has acquired a petrochemical trading licence in the PRC in June 2020, which permits the Group to trade over 50 petrochemical products in the PRC, the priority berthing rights granted to the Group under the management agreement can also facilitate the Group's commodities trading business.

To enhance our value chain, we newly invested in a company (namely Cupral Group Ltd, "**Cupral**") in the United Kingdom in April 2021 and details of this investment are disclosed in Events After The Reporting Period in the Directors' Report. Cupral is to build a greenfield copper recycling plant to recycle copper cables locally to produce high-grade copper scraps. The products will benefit the environment and to meet the growing demand from the copper market. The investment is part of our effort in the diversification of type of commodities and geographical location of supply. Given that we are vertically integrated to the upstream of copper supply chain, we can be able to lower the cost of goods sold to further enhance our gross profit and net profit margin performance. Copper scrap meets about 30 percent of total global copper demand according to the International Copper Association and it is one of the important feedstock for copper refineries globally. Being one of the suppliers in raw materials to copper refineries, our relationship with copper refineries can be enhanced which will help us to grow our trading in the refined copper and its by-products.



Chairman's Statement

China is an important market in copper trade for us since we began the commodities trading and China has allowed high-grade copper scrap imports and reclassify them as "resources". With our own production, we are able to strengthen our sales network in China to generate additional stable business and trading activities on a medium to long term basis. With the presence of the plant and our professional team in the United Kingdom, we also have the opportunity to expand our overall trading business from Asia Pacific to the United Kingdom and Europe.

In respect of the financial institute business, the Group has actively extended its reach to different facets of the financial services sector so as to develop an all-rounded business. We have a stake in an investment banking subsidiary in Mauritius, Muhabura Capital Limited ("**Muhabura**"), by which having an opportunity to grow our business presence in the investment banking sector in Africa. In December 2020, Muhabura, has obtained final approval of its investment banking licence granted by Financial Services Commission in Mauritius. However, the COVID-19 pandemic and lockdown in Mauritius during the Current Year caused delays in the commencement of investment banking operations. Muhabura has already set up its physical branch in Mauritius with infrastructure in place and already equipped with human resources having appropriate competence in terms of operating team, legal, compliance and administration for operating investment banking business. We are confident in expediting business development by offering investment banking products to international clients in Africa. As to the insurance business, PT Insurance Brokers Company Limited ("**PT Insurance Brokers**") will continue to offer more insurance products including life and general insurance by tapping on the opportunity of the Great Bay Area in long term.

The Group was in a healthy financial position for the Current Year and is confident to weather the severe economic downturn brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group will continue to adopt prudent funding and treasury policy in ensuring liquidity sufficient to ensure the financing requirements of Group companies are met within acceptable costs. The Group will strive to stay competitive and seek to maximise investors return during this turbulent period.

Ching Man Chun, Louis

Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong, 29th June, 2021

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW

Review of Financial Performance

During the Current Year, the Group, pursuant to its long-term strategy of exploring potential investments and enhancing the value of its strategic investments by active participation in or close liaisons with the management of the Group's invested companies, continued to strategically invest or hold significant interests, both directly or indirectly, in a portfolio of listed companies in Hong Kong, United States and Korea and also high-potential private companies and funds, through equity instruments and debt financing, financial assets and securities, and engaged in trading of commodities, chemical storage business, provision of management services, financial institute business and loan financing services.

For the Current Year, the Group reported a profit of HK\$167,056,000 attributable to the owners of the Company (2020: loss of HK\$902,258,000) and basic earnings per share of HK8.28 cents (2020: basic loss per share of HK44.70 cents). The current year profit was mainly due to (a) the gain from the disposal of an associate, Blue River Holding Limited (previously known as PYI Corporation Limited) ("**Blue River**"), and (b) the fair value gain of financial instruments, in particular, the Group's investment in AFC Mercury Fund.

Commodities Trading

During the Current Year, the Group, through its subsidiaries, continued its trading business which focuses on the trading of commodities including copper, nickel, aluminium, and chemical and energy products. The business generated a segment revenue of HK\$1,462,355,000 (2020: HK\$1,244,356,000) and recorded a segment profit of HK\$3,418,000 (2020: segment loss of HK\$6,012,000). The increase in revenue was mainly due to our effort to diversify the commodities, suppliers, clients, and markets. The improvement in segment result is mainly due to an increase in the overall gross margin as a result of provision of additional value-added services to our clients.

The Group, through its subsidiaries, engaged in the metal, and chemical and energy product trading business in Hong Kong and Shanghai. This business is operated by experienced management teams located in both locations, with extensive and unique experience in the field of commodities trading. The metal trading business remains one of the main sources of income for the Group. Our trading volume improved after the expansion of our suppliers and client network and the diversification of commodities. With the Group continuing to expand both the upstream supplier and downstream end user network, the Group is able to facilitate the trade business through offering our value-added services to enhance our market share and position. Aluminium demand in Asia is encouraging for the Group whereas we developed regular businesses with clients in Asia. Aluminium trading is the main contributor to our business growth.

The commodities markets worldwide are being affected by COVID-19 at different levels. Activities clearly rebounded in March 2020 after the ease of lockdown, with favourable policy support and growing pent-up demand especially in China. Import and export growth started to improve in the beginning of the financial year due to overall commodities market demand picked up in China which led to the recovery of most of the Asia Pacific countries. Management has been monitoring the situation and the credit exposures in commodities markets and put measures in place to mitigate the risks arising from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.



Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Long-term Strategic Investments

During the Current Year, the Group's long-term investment recorded a revenue of HK\$4,000,000 (2020: HK\$4,011,000) and a segment profit of HK\$44,804,000 (2020: segment loss of HK\$376,199,000). The segment revenue and the segment profit for the Current Year was mainly attributed to the preference shares dividend from Thousand Vantage and the unrealised gain from the AFC Mercury Fund, respectively.

Thousand Vantage

Thousand Vantage is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of petrochemical port and storage services as well as port-related services through operation of a terminal at Yingling Terminal Operation Area of Qinzhou Port, in Guangxi, the PRC.

In April 2018, the Group, through its subsidiary, entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage pursuant to which the Group as a subscriber, agreed to subscribe and Thousand Vantage as an issuer, agreed to allot and issue 100 preference shares at a total subscription price of HK\$200,000,000. The preference shares confer the Group the right to receive cumulative fixed preferential dividend at a rate of 2% per annum of the subscription price up to the redemption date of 16th April, 2020. The preference shares are guaranteed by the sole shareholder of Thousand Vantage (the "**Guarantor**") who has executed a share charge in favour of the Group relating to all shares of Thousand Vantage (the "**Share Charge**").

During the Current Year, dividends arising on the preference shares amounting to HK\$4,000,000 (2020: HK\$4,011,000) are recognised in profit or loss as interest income from investments (included in revenue).

Pursuant to such subscription agreement entered into in April 2018, Thousand Vantage shall redeem the preference shares on 16th April, 2020 and at an aggregate sum of subscription price and all accrued and unpaid dividends through and including the date of payment (the "**Redemption Price**"). The Guarantor granted to the Group an exclusive right during the period commencing from the date of the issue of the preference shares up to the full payment of the Redemption Price, as may be extended by agreement between the parties from time to time to purchase all or part of the issued ordinary shares of and all or part of shareholder's loan due by Thousand Vantage or to subscribe for new ordinary shares in Thousand Vantage.

On 9th November, 2020, the Group entered into a supplemental agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor pursuant to which the parties conditionally agreed to extend the redemption date of the preference shares from the original redemption date of 16th April, 2020 to the new redemption date of 16th April, 2022. Save for this, other principal terms of the preference shares remain the same.

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Thousand Vantage (continued)

As part of the Group's management role in Thousand Vantage and its subsidiaries (collectively "**Thousand Vantage Group**") and with an aim to strengthening its overall business performance, the Group has been conducting a detailed review on the business operation and financial position of Thousand Vantage Group so as to formulate business and financing plans and strategies for Thousand Vantage Group's future business development. Since the subscription of preference shares, the Group has assigned three senior officers to 廣西廣明碼頭倉儲有限公司 Guangxi Guangming Warehouse Storage Limited, a PRC company in which Thousand Vantage has a 75% equity interest (the "**PRC Subsidiary**"), whom took up the positions of legal representative, general manager and head of finance department respectively and participated in the business operation of the PRC Subsidiary. Moreover, the Group was able to formalise our management role in Thousand Vantage Group pursuant to the management agreement entered into between the Group and Thousand Vantage on 9th November, 2020 (the "**Management Agreement**"), under which Thousand Vantage agreed to appoint the Group on an exclusive basis to provide advisory, management and administrative services to Thousand Vantage Group. Through this appointment, the Group is entitled to management fee remuneration, subject to earlier termination as stipulated in the Management Agreement.

On 29th March, 2021, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor (the "**Subscription**") to subscribe for 668,571,429 new ordinary shares (the "**Subscription Shares**") of Thousand Vantage at a subscription price (the "**Subscription Price**"), being the redemption amount (the "**Redemption Amount**") which is the aggregate sum of the subscription price for the preference shares of HK\$200,000,000 and all the accrued and unpaid dividends on the preference shares up to the date of completion. Further details are set out in Events After The Reporting Period in the Directors' Report.

AFC Mercury Fund

AFC Mercury Fund principally invests in shares of companies listed on the Korea Exchange, principally STX Corporation Limited. STX Corporation Limited (stock code: 011810) is primarily engaged in the business of energy trading, commodity trading, machinery and engine trading, and shipping and logistics. The shares of the AFC Mercury Fund held by the Group represent approximately 29.71% of the issued share capital of the AFC Mercury Fund as at 31st March, 2021.

In June 2018, the Group, through its subsidiary, entered into a subscription agreement with certain independent third parties pursuant to which the Group agreed to subscribe for shares in AFC Mercury Fund, as a limited partner, at an aggregate consideration of US\$20,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$156,000,000).

During the Current Year, an unrealised fair value gain of HK\$56,935,000 (2020: fair value loss of HK\$373,271,000) was made.



Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

CEC Asia Media

CEC Asia Media Group L.P. (“**CEC Fund**”) was organised primarily to invest, directly or indirectly, in Global K Centre Limited and Lionheart Entertainment Asia Limited and other strategical investment in relation to media, artist and beauty training academy based in South Korea. The shares of the CEC Fund held by the Group represent 20% of the issued share capital of the CEC Fund.

In December 2018, the Group, through its subsidiary, entered into a subscription agreement with the CEC Fund pursuant to which the Group agreed to subscribe for shares in CEC Fund, as a limited partner, at an aggregate consideration of US\$2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$15,600,000).

Fair value loss of HK\$11,673,000 (2020: nil) was recognised in profit or loss. CEC Fund has nil fair value as at 31st March, 2021 (2020: HK\$11,673,000) as the Directors of the Company determine that such investment is unable to generate future cash flows to the Group due to significant financial difficulties of CEC Fund in recent months causing suspension of business operations and even possible cessation of business in the foreseeable future.

Chemical Storage

Jiangsu Hong Mao (江蘇宏貿倉儲) (owned as to 90% by the Group)

The Group invested in Yangtze Prosperity Development (HK) Limited (“**YPD (HK)**”) through the capitalisation of a loan in 2019. YPD (HK) is incorporated in Hong Kong as an investment holding company which in turn owns the entire equity interest in 江蘇宏貿倉儲有限公司, which has been granted a sea area use right in respect of a parcel of reclaimed land constructed on the relevant sea plot in Yangkou Port, Nantong, the PRC and is in the course of constructing infrastructure for operating chemical storage and related facilities thereon.

Such investment reinforces the Group’s commitment towards sustainable development and it will broaden the income stream of the Group in the near future. This business segment has not commenced operation as at 31st March, 2021.

Financial Institute Business

The Group established Helios Asset Management (HK) Limited (“**Helios**”), which is principally engaged in assets management and advisory business in Hong Kong and is licensed under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) Type 4 licence (Advising on Securities) and Type 9 licence (Asset Management) from the Securities and Futures Commission. To further develop its financial institute business, the Group has actively extended its reach to different facets of the financial services sector so as to develop an all-rounded business, the Group acquired an insurance brokerage firm, PT Insurance Brokers (previously known as Simply Management Limited which is a member of the Hong Kong Confederation of Insurance Brokers and allowed to carry out insurance brokerage business in the long term (excluding linked long term) insurance in Hong Kong. In December 2020, Muhabura, a subsidiary of the Company incorporated in Mauritius, was granted an investment banking licence by Financial Services Commission in Mauritius (“**FSC**”). The Group is currently putting in place key infrastructure in order to commence business, which have been delayed due to COVID-19.

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Financial Institute Business (continued)

The business goals of the financial institute business of the Group are to build an international financial platform that capitalises on cross-border investments between Asia and Africa. In light of the One Belt One Road initiative, the Group expects to see increasing business flows between the two continents. The Group takes the view that by operating licensed entities in both Hong Kong and Africa will give confidence in institutional, corporate and retail customers when working with the Group.

During the Current Year, the financial institute business was hampered by COVID-19, which not only affected the business negatively but also caused delays towards licencing of some of the new financial institute business segments. Muhabura, which received the final approval in December 2020 by the FSC was unable to launch its business in the Current Year due to COVID-19 lock downs in Mauritius.

Since Muhabura has yet to commence business, Helios was unable to launch its planned African focused fund. Whereas PT Insurance Brokers commenced its business during the Current Year by becoming the general agent of certain insurance companies which will enable the Group to carry most of the popular insurance products sold in Hong Kong, and has also hired sales staff to spearhead its business.

Loan Financing Services

For the Current Year, the Group's loan financing operation reported a nil segment result (2020: segment profit of HK\$3,240,000). As at 31st March, 2021, the loan portfolio held by the Group was nil (2020: nil).

Listed strategic investments (Disposed)

Blue River (owned as to approximately 23.65% interest by the Group before the Disposal and the Placing)

On 7th April, 2020, the Group entered into a conditional agreement with an independent third party for the disposal of its 19.57% equity interests in Blue River (the "**Disposal**") at a consideration of HK\$181,440,000, subject to adjustments. As a conditional precedent to the Disposal, the Group had agreed to place the remaining 4.08% equity interests in Blue River to independent third parties by way of placing before completion of the Disposal (the "**Placing**"), after which the Group and the Company would no longer hold any shares of Blue River after the Placing and the Disposal.

The Placing and the Disposal was completed on 24th June, 2020 and 6th July, 2020, respectively. The Group received net proceeds from the Placing and the Disposal amounting to HK\$15,337,000 and HK\$181,350,000, respectively and recognised a total gain on disposal of interest in the associate of HK\$163,480,000 in profit or loss.

Other Investment

During the Current Year, the Group's other investment contributed nil segment revenue (2020: nil) and a segment profit of HK\$1,428,000 (2020: segment loss of HK\$1,157,000).

Others

During the Current Year, the Group's other business contributed nil segment revenue (2020: HK\$831,000) and nil segment result (2020: segment loss of HK\$5,000).

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31st March, 2021, the Group has total assets of HK\$789,037,000 (2020: HK\$547,209,000) represented an increase of HK\$241,828,000 or 44% when compared with the last year.

As at 31st March, 2021, equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$709,546,000 (2020: HK\$523,718,000), representing an increase of HK\$185,828,000 or 35% as compared to 31st March, 2020. The increase was mainly due to (a) the gain from the disposal of an associate, Blue River, and (b) the fair value gain of financial instruments, in particular, the Group's investment in AFC Mercury Fund.

The Group continued to adopt a prudent funding and treasury policy to manage its liquidity needs. The objective is to maintain adequate funds for financing working capital and capture investment opportunities as and when they become available.

As at 31st March, 2021, current assets and current liabilities of the Group were HK\$343,059,000 (2020: HK\$351,572,000) and HK\$72,380,000 (2020: HK\$17,004,000) respectively. Accordingly, the Group's current ratio was about 5 (2020: 21).

Gearing Ratio

As at 31st March, 2021, the Group had bank balances and cash of HK\$239,325,000 (2020: HK\$77,938,000) and nil bank and other borrowings (2020: nil). The Group's gearing ratio was zero at 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020 as the Group was in net cash position. The gearing ratio is calculated on the basis of net borrowings over the equity attributable to owners of the Company. Net borrowings are arrived at by deducting bank balances and cash from bank borrowings.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Significant Investments

Description of investment	Notes	Carrying amount as at 1st April, 2020 HK\$'000	Fair value gain recognised in profit and loss HK\$'000	Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2021 HK\$'000	Percent to the Group's audited total assets as at 31st March, 2021
Unlisted investment, at amortised cost					
– Preference shares of Thousand Vantage	(a)	200,000	–	200,000	25.3%
Unlisted investment, at fair value					
– Investment in AFC Mercury Fund	(b)	140,769	56,935	197,704	25.1%
Total		340,769	56,935	397,704	50.4%

- (a) This unlisted investment represents 100 preference shares issued by Thousand Vantage at a subscription price of HK\$200,000,000. The details of which are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 17th April, 2018.

On 29th March, 2021, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor to subscribe for 668,571,429 new ordinary shares of Thousand Vantage at a subscription price, being the redemption amount, which is the aggregate sum of the subscription price for the preference shares of HK\$200,000,000 and all the accrued and unpaid dividends on the preference shares up to the date of completion. Further details are set out in Events After The Reporting Period in the Directors' Report.

This unlisted investment is held at amortised cost and as at 31st March, 2021 was valued at HK\$200,000,000.

- (b) This unlisted investment at fair value represents 29.71% of the issued share capital of the AFC Mercury Fund, which principally invests in shares of companies listed on the Korea Exchange, principally STX Corporation Limited. STX Corporation Limited (stock code: 011810) is primarily engaged in the business of energy trading, commodity trading, machinery and engine trading, and shipping and logistics.

During the Current Year, an unrealised fair value gain of HK\$56,935,000 was recognised and the Group intends to hold the investment for long-term strategic purposes.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Foreign Currency Management

The monetary assets and liabilities as well as business transactions of the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Korean Won, Renminbi, United States dollars and New Taiwan dollars. During the Current Year, the Group entered into a number of foreign currency forward contracts and currency swaps for hedging purposes. Appropriate measures would be undertaken by the Group when exchange rate fluctuations become significant.

Pledge of Assets

As at 31st March, 2021, none of the Group's assets were pledged to secure any bank loans (2020: nil).

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31st March, 2021, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2020: nil).

Capital Commitments

As at 31st March, 2021, the capital commitments of the Group were HK\$60,603,000 (2020: HK\$55,510,000) in respect of construction contracts entered into for the construction of chemical storage and related facilities in order to operate the chemical storage business located in China.

Securities in Issue

As at 31st March, 2021, there were 2,018,282,827 shares in issue. There was no change in the capital structure of the Company during the Current Year. The share capital of the Company only comprises of ordinary shares.

Biographies of Directors and Company Secretary

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis (“Mr. Ching”), the Chairman and the Managing Director

Mr. Ching, aged 42, joined the Company as an Executive Director in June 2017 and is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Ching was subsequently appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Managing Director of the Company in September 2017. Mr. Ching holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Boston University in the United States of America. He has extensive experience in commodity trading and business development in the PRC and other countries in Asia and Africa.

Mr. Ching is now a non-executive director and deputy president of STX Corporation Limited, the securities of which are listed on the Korea Exchange (stock code: 011810.KS).

Mr. Ching is a director of Champion Choice Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of part XV of the SFO.

Ms. Xu Wei (“Ms. Xu”)

Ms. Xu, aged 51, joined the Group as financial controller in June 2017 and the Company as an Executive Director in August 2017 and is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Xu holds a Bachelor of Economics degree majoring in Accounting from Xiamen University in the PRC. Ms. Xu is a fellow member of the Institute of Public Accountants in Australia and has extensive experience in finance and accounting.

Mr. Yeung Kim Ting (“Mr. Yeung”)

Mr. Yeung, aged 55, was first appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in August 2017 and is subsequently re-designated as an Executive Director of the Company in July 2019 and is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Yeung had been a Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company prior to the re-designation. Mr. Yeung holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree majoring in Accounting from the University of Ulster in Northern Ireland of the United Kingdom. Mr. Yeung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 30 years of experience in accounting, auditing, merger and acquisition, business development, financial and general management. Mr. Yeung worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers Hong Kong and Shenzhen from 1991 to 2007. From 2007 onwards, he served as chief financial officer or director in different companies including listed companies in the US and Hong Kong.



Biographies of Directors and Company Secretary

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

Mr. Heinrich Grabner (“Mr. Grabner”)

Mr. Grabner, aged 46, joined the Group as a chief executive officer and responsible officer of Helios in January 2018 and is subsequently appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in November 2019. He is also act as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company including Helios and Muhabura. Mr. Grabner received his B.A. in Economics and Chinese from The University of Michigan. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Grabner held various senior positions in different investment banking, asset management and private banking companies. He has over two decades of investment management experience in the Asia Pacific region, including extensive experience in mergers and acquisitions, with a focus in finance, mining, energy and infrastructure.

Mr. Grabner is now a non-executive director of Sonora Gold and Silver Corp (SOC.V), the shares of which are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange in Canada.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yam Kwong Chun (“Mr. Yam”)

Mr. Yam, aged 56, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in March 2017 and is the Chairman of Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Yam holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree and a Master of Business Administration degree, both from University of Melbourne in Australia. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a certified practising accountant of the CPA Australia. Mr. Yam had worked for Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, an international accounting firm and as a finance executive for a number of group of companies operating in Hong Kong, the PRC, the United States of America and other overseas countries. Mr. Yam has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and financial management.

Mr. Yam is now an independent non-executive director of Reliance Global Holdings Limited (formerly known as Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited) (stock code: 723), a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Biographies of Directors and Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson (“Mr. Wong”)

Mr. Wong, aged 54, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in November 2017 and is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of Australia CPA and Australian Institute of Banking and Finance. He holds a master of commerce degree, majoring in banking and finance from University of New South Wales. With more than 20 years’ experience in audit/assurance at public accounting firms including PricewaterhouseCoopers and Ernst and Young, Mr. Wong specialised in banking audits and auditing listed companies.

Mr. Wong is currently the chief financial officer of CA Cultural Technology Group Limited (formerly known as China Animation Characters Company Limited)(stock code: 1566). He is also an independent non-executive director of Softpower International Limited (stock code: 380) and Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 231). All of the above companies are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lam Yik Tung (“Mr. Lam”)

Mr. Lam, aged 45, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in July 2019 and is the chairman of Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Lam holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree majoring in Finance and Accounting from Simon Fraser University in Canada. He has accumulated over 10 years of corporate finance, auditing and accounting experience from a European investment bank and an international accounting firm.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lo Yuen Mei (“Ms. Lo”)

Ms. Lo has been appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in October 2019. Ms. Lo holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree majoring in Accounting from Edinburgh Napier University and a Master of Professional Accounting degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. She has over 20 years of experience in company secretarial and compliance, finance, accounting, internal audit of Hong Kong listed and private companies. Ms. Lo is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Directors' Report

The Board is pleased to present this annual report together with audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Current Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. A list of the Company's principal subsidiaries as of 31st March, 2021 and details of the principal activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further discussion and analysis of the Group's business review as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out on pages 4 to 13 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this Directors' report.

RESULTS

Details of the Group's results for the Current Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 72 to 73 of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Current Year (2020: nil).

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 158 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Current Year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the authorised and issued share capital of the Company during the Current Year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors' Report

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Current Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 76 to 77 of this annual report and note 35 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company has no distributable reserves as at 31st March, 2021 and 2020.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the Current Year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis (*Chairman and Managing Director*)

Mr. Sue Ka Lok

Ms. Xu Wei

Mr. Yeung Kim Ting

Mr. Heinrich Grabner

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Yam Kwong Chun

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson

Mr. Lam Yik Tung

Pursuant to bye-law 98 of the Bye-laws and the code provision A.4.2 of the Corporate Governance Code, Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis, Ms. Xu Wei and Mr. Yeung Kim Ting will retire by rotation at the 2021 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation as required by the Bye-laws and the code provision of Corporate Governance Code.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of twelve-month period which automatically renews for successive twelve-month period unless terminated by either party in writing prior to the expiry of the term, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-laws.

Directors' Report

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and the Company has assessed their independence and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31st March, 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or, as the case may be, the percentage in the equity interest and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO), which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein, or (iii) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company

Name of Director	Capacity	Number of issued shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued shares of the Company
Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis ("Mr. Ching")	Beneficial owner	100,000,000	4.95%
	Interest of controlled corporation	488,000,000 (Note)	24.18%

Note:

Champion Choice Holdings Limited ("Champion Choice"), which is the registered holder of 488,000,000 shares of the Company, is wholly-owned by Mr. Ching. Accordingly, Mr. Ching is deemed to be interested in 488,000,000 shares of the Company directly held by Champion Choice under the SFO.

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Long positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2021, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company or any of their close associates had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, every Director or other officer of the Company for the time being acting in relation to any affairs of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, expenses, losses and liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of his/her office or in relation thereto provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of the directors or other officers. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its directors and officers arising out of corporate activities. The level of the coverage is reviewed annually.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year and up to the date of this report, no directors were considered to have an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules, other than those businesses of which the directors of the Company were appointed as directors to represent.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Saved as disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, which subsisted at the end of the Current Year or at any time during the Current Year.



Directors' Report

CHANGES IN INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of Directors subsequent to the date of the 2020/21 Interim Report of the Company and up to the date of this report are set out below:

Changes in directors' emoluments during the Current Year are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme of the Company was adopted on 19th August, 2011 (the "Share Option Scheme"). No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Current Year. As at 31st March, 2021, there was no outstanding share option granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. Details of the Share Option Scheme of the Company are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save as the disclosed above, at no time during the Current Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements which enabled the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors, chief executives, or their spouse or their children, had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the Current Year.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

Save as disclosed below, as at 31st March, 2021, the Directors and chief executive of the Company are not aware of any person who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

Name of Substantial Shareholders	Capacity	Number of issued shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued shares of the Company
Mr. Ching	Beneficial owner	100,000,000	4.95%
	Interest of controlled corporation	488,000,000 (Note)	24.18%
Champion Choice	Beneficial owner	488,000,000 (Note)	24.18%

Notes:

Champion Choice is the registered holder of 488,000,000 shares of the Company. Mr. Ching, a director of the Company is also a director of Champion Choice, who owns the entire issued share capital of Champion Choice. Accordingly, Mr. Ching is deemed to be interested in 488,000,000 shares of the Company directly held by Champion Choice under the SFO.

Directors' Report

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the applicable laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Current Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Current Year, the Group's purchases and sales attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively were as follows:

	Customers percentage of total sales	Suppliers percentage of total purchases
Five largest	58%	61%
The largest	25%	35%

None of the Directors, or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers during the Current Year.

BANK BORROWINGS

As at 31st March, 2021, the Group had no bank and other borrowings (2020: nil).

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme of the Company disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the Current Year or subsisted as at 31st March, 2021.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Other than a contracts of service with any Director or any person under the full employment of the Company, no other contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the Current Year.

Directors' Report

CONNECTED TRANSACTION

There was no connected transaction or continuing connected transaction undertaken by the Company during the Current Year and up to the date of this report which was required to be disclosed pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The related party transactions disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company, or were either disclosed previously pursuant to the Listing Rules or exempt from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Company is aware, there was no incidence of non-compliance with the all applicable laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the businesses and operations of the Group during the Current Year.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31st March, 2021, the Group had a total of 45 employees (2020: 42 employees), including executive Directors. The Group's remuneration policy is to ensure that the Group's remuneration structure is appropriate and aligns with the Group's goals and objectives. The employees' remuneration is based on the employees' skill, knowledge and involvement in the Company's affairs and is determined by reference to the Company's performance, as well as remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions. The ultimate objective of the remuneration policy is to ensure that the Group is able to attract, retain and motivate a high-calibre team which is essential to the success of the Company. The Group also offers benefits to employees including discretionary bonus, training and provident funds. The share option scheme of the Company is established for the eligible participants (including employees). No share option was granted during the Current Year and there was no outstanding share option as at 31st March, 2021 and as at the date of this report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital is held by the public as required under the Listing Rules.

Directors' Report

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Acquisition of Thousand Vantage

On 29th March, 2021, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor to subscribe for 668,571,429 new ordinary shares of Thousand Vantage at a subscription price, being the redemption amount which is the aggregate sum of the subscription price for the preference shares of HK\$200,000,000 and all the accrued and unpaid dividends on the preference shares up to the date of completion. Based on the Subscription Price, the price per Subscription Share shall be approximately HK\$0.3049. The Subscription Price shall be paid on completion by way of offsetting against the Redemption Amount payable by Thousand Vantage for redemption of the preference shares issued by Thousand Vantage to the Group on 16th April, 2018. Upon completion of the Subscription, the Group will hold approximately 65% of all the issued shares of Thousand Vantage as enlarged by the Subscription Shares, and all preference shares issued by Thousand Vantage shall have been fully redeemed.

The assets held by the Thousand Vantage Group mainly include right-of-use assets (representing land and sea areas use rights at Yingling Terminal Operation Area of Qinzhou Port in Guangxi, the PRC) and property, plant and equipment thereon (representing mainly port infrastructure, oil tanks and related facilities, plant and machinery and construction in progress) for the petrochemical port and storage business of the Thousand Vantage Group.

Upon completion of the Subscription, the Group is expected to obtain control over the Thousand Vantage Group through its 65% equity interests in Thousand Vantage and the consolidated financial statements of the Thousand Vantage Group will be consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Management Agreement is expected to be terminated upon completion of the Subscription. The Directors of the Company are in the process of evaluating the financial impact of the Subscription to the Group's consolidated financial statements and it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

The completion of the Subscription is conditional upon the satisfaction of conditions precedent, including, but not limited to, obtaining the required shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules. Up to the date of this report, the Directors of the Company is in the process of arranging for shareholders' approval. Details of the Subscription are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29th March, 2021.

Directors' Report

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

Subscription of interests in Cupral

On 16th April, 2021, several independent third-party individuals and the Group entered into an investment and shareholders' agreement in relation to the subscription of 24,999,050 ordinary shares in aggregate in Cupral at a total subscription amount of British Pound Sterling ("**GBP**") 2,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$27.0 million) (the "**Cupral Subscription**"). On completion of the Cupral Subscription, the Group will be allotted 22,500,000 ordinary shares in Cupral with an aggregate subscription price of GBP2,250,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$24.3 million), which represents 90% of the enlarged issued share capital of Cupral.

Cupral is a private limited company incorporated and registered in England and Wales and is inactive on the date of the Cupral Subscription. The Cupral Subscription allows Cupral to build a copper recycling plant in the United Kingdom and engage in the recycling and sale of copper granules from waste cable. Up to the date of this report, the Directors of the Company are in the process of evaluating the financial impact of the Cupral Subscription to the Group's consolidated financial statements and it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT

On 7th April, 2020, the Group entered into a conditional agreement with an independent third party for the Disposal of its 19.57% equity interests in Blue River subject to adjustments. As a conditional precedent to the Disposal, the Group had agreed to place the remaining 4.08% equity interests in Blue River to independent third parties by way of Placing before completion of the Disposal. During the Current Year, the Group completed the Placing and Disposal on 24th June, 2020 and 6th July, 2020, respectively. Following completion, the Group no longer holds any shares of Blue River after the Placing and the Disposal. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 7th April, 2020, 25th May, 2020, 24th June, 2020 and 6th July, 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 28th May, 2020.

Save for those disclosed above in this report, there were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the Current Year nor were there material investments authorised by the Board at the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The members of Audit Committee comprised of Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Yam Kwong Chun and Mr. Lam Yik Tung who are the independent non-executive Directors of the Company. The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2021 with management and discussed with the independent auditor on auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters in respect of this annual report.

Directors' Report

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("**Deloitte**"), who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Ching Man Chun, Louis

Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong, 29th June, 2021



Corporate Governance Report

The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures and complying with statutory and regulatory requirements with an aim to maximizing the values and interests of the Shareholders as well as enhancing the transparency and accountability to the stakeholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company had complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the “**CG Code**”) throughout the year ended 31st March, 2021 except for the following deviations with reasons as explained:

Code provision A.2.1 – Chairman and Chief Executive

Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

Deviation:

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis, an Executive Director of the Company, has taken up the positions of the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director of the Company. The Board considers that vesting the roles of chairman and chief executive in the same person enables more effective and efficient planning and implementation of business plans, the Board also believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured.

Except as stated above, the Company has continued to comply with the applicable code provisions of the CG Code. The Board will continue to monitor and review the Company’s corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has continued to adopt the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the “**Model Code**”) as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors of the Company. All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Current Year. The Company has also continued to adopt a code of conduct governing securities transactions by employees and directors of the subsidiaries who may possess or have access to inside information relating to the Company or its securities.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition and Functions

The members of the Board are individually and collectively responsible for the leadership and control, and for promoting the success, of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. At the date of this report, the Board comprises of eight Directors, including five Executive Directors, namely Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis ("**Mr. Ching**") (*Chairman and Managing Director*), Mr. Sue Ka Lok ("**Mr. Sue**"), Ms. Xu Wei ("**Ms. Xu**"), Mr. Yeung Kim Ting ("**Mr. Yeung**") and Mr. Heinrich Grabner ("**Mr. Grabner**"); and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yam Kwong Chun ("**Mr. Yam**"), Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson ("**Mr. Wong**") and Mr. Lam Yik Tung ("**Mr. Lam**"). Each of the Directors has signed a formal letter of appointment setting out the key terms and conditions of his/her appointment.

The Board has a balanced composition of Executive and Independent Non-executive Directors so that strong independent elements are included in the Board. The Company has always maintained a sufficient number of Independent Non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the Board as required under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules. With three members of the Board being Independent Non-executive Directors who possess professional expertise and a diverse range of experience, the Board can effectively and efficiently exercise independent judgment, give independent advice to the management of the Company and make decisions objectively to the benefits and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and therefore has adopted a policy of diversity on the Board (the "**Board Diversity Policy**"). With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company believes increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. Board diversity would be considered based on a number of measurable objectives, including but not limited to skills, knowledge, experience, gender, age, length of services and cultural and educational background. All Board candidates will be considered and appointed based on meritocracy, contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The nomination committee has obligation to review the size, structure and composition of the Board on an annual basis.

During the reporting period, the Company has a diversified Board composition which meets the aforesaid measurable objectives of the Board Diversity Policy. Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 14 to 16 of this annual report. A list containing the names of all Directors and their roles and functions is published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company pursuant to code provision A.3.2 of the CG Code, and will be updated from time to time as and when there are any changes.



Corporate Governance Report

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Composition and Functions (continued)

The Board is responsible for the success and sustainable development of the Company. It has delegated the Executive Board with authority and responsibility for handling the management functions and operations of the day-to-day business of the Company, while reserving certain key matters for the approval by the Board. The types of decisions to be taken by the Board include annual and interim period financial reporting and control, equity fund raising, declaration of interim dividend and making recommendation of final dividend or other distributions, notifiable transactions under Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules and making recommendation for capital reorganisation or scheme of arrangement of the Company.

The Board monitors the results of business plans implemented by the management; reviews and approves the Company's financial objectives, plans and major financial activities; establishes the internal control system and the risk management system of the Company and discusses with the management regularly to ensure that such systems are operating effectively. The Board promotes a culture of integrity at the Company and requires all Directors and the management to comply with guidance related to integrity and ethics, including conflicts of interest, related party transactions and the treatment of confidential information. At the date of this report, the Board members have no other financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships with each other.

Director's Training

As part of an ongoing process of Director's training, the Directors keep abreast of the latest developments to enhance and refresh their knowledge and skills. All Directors are provided with briefings and trainings to ensure that they have a proper understanding of the Company's operations and business and are fully aware of their responsibilities under Listing Rules, other relevant laws and regulations. During the Current Year under review, each of the Directors of the Company participated in continuous professional development by way of reading materials and attending seminars relating to updates on the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong, the SFO, the Codes on Takeovers and Mergers, the Listing Rules, environmental, social and governance reporting and anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing.

A summary of training received by the Directors during the year ended 31st March, 2021 based on their training records provided to the Company is as follows:

Name of Director	Briefings/ Seminars/ Reading Materials
Executive Directors	
Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis (<i>Chairman and Managing Director</i>)	✓
Mr. Sue Ka Lok (<i>resigned on 6th July, 2021</i>)	✓
Ms. Xu Wei	✓
Mr. Yeung Kim Ting	✓
Mr. Heinrich Grabner	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Yam Kwong Chun	✓
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	✓
Mr. Lam Yik Tung	✓

Corporate Governance Report

ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS

During the Current Year under review, four regular Board meetings were held with at least fourteen days' notice given to all Directors. Directors were provided with relevant information to make informed decisions. The Chairman met with the Independent Non-executive Directors without the Executive Directors being present during the Current Year. The Board and each Director have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. A Director who considers a need for independent professional advice in order to perform his/her duties as a Director may convene, or request the secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") to convene, a meeting of the Board to approve the seeking of independent legal or other professional advice.

The Company has arranged insurance coverage in respect of legal action against the Directors and officers arising out of their duties. Such insurance coverage will review periodically to ensure the adequacy of its coverage.

During the Current Year, the attendance records of each individual Director at Board meetings, audit committee meetings ("ACM"), corporate governance committee meetings ("CGCM"), nomination committee meeting ("NCM"), remuneration committee meeting ("RCM") and the 2020 AGM are set out in the following table:

Name of Director	Number of meetings attended/held					2020 AGM
	Board Meetings	ACM	CGCM	NCM	RCM	
Executive Directors						
Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis (Chairman and Managing Director)	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Sue Ka Lok (resigned on 6th July, 2021)	4/4	N/A	2/2	N/A	N/A	0/1
Ms. Xu Wei	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Yeung Kim Ting	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Heinrich Grabner	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
INEDs						
Mr. Yam Kwong Chun	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Lam Yik Tung	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

Mr. Ching Man Chun, Louis, an Executive Director of the Company, has taken up the positions of the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director of the Company. The Board considers that vesting the roles of chairman and chief executive in the same person enables more effective and efficient planning and implementation of business plans, the Board also believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured.



Corporate Governance Report

INDEPENDENT NON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR(S) (“INED” OR “INEDS”)

Non-executive Directors (during the year, all non-executive Directors of the Company are INEDs) serve the relevant function of bringing independent judgment on the development and performance of the Group. They have the same duties of care and skill and fiduciary duties as executive Directors. The Company has entered into letters of appointment with all Non-executive Directors (during the year, all Non-executive Directors of the Company INEDs) for a term of twelve months which automatically renews for successive twelve-month periods. Same as all other Directors, the Non-executive Directors (during the year, all non-executive Directors of the Company are INEDs) are subject to retirement by rotation and shall offer themselves for re-election in general meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws.

At the date of this report, Mr. Yam Kwong Chun, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson and Mr. Lam Yik Tung have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the INEDs an annual written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that all INEDs are independent.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy for ensuring a balance of skills, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate for the strategies of the Company, a summary of which is as follows:–

Measurable Objectives

Selection of candidates will be based on a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural, educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board candidates will be considered and appointed based on meritocracy, contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate will bring to the Board.

Implementation of the Policy

The nomination committee will review annually on the Board’s composition under diversified perspectives, including but not limited to progress on achieving any measurable objectives that had been set for implementing this Board Diversity Policy, and monitor the implementation of this Board Diversity Policy.

The nomination committee has primary responsibility for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board and, in carrying out this responsibility, will give adequate consideration to this Board Diversity Policy.

Monitoring and Reporting

The Board, the nomination committee or a delegated committee appointed by any of them will disclose in the Corporate Governance Report of the Company’s Annual Report, this Board Diversity Policy or a summary of this Board Diversity Policy, including any measurable objectives that it has set for implementing this Board Diversity Policy, and progress on achieving those objectives.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (continued)

Review of Board Diversity Policy

The nomination committee will review this Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness. The nomination committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for consideration and approval.

During the reporting period, the Company has a solid slate of Directors with diverse perspectives, and varied educational background and professional qualifications. All of the Directors have accumulated experience in their respective field of expertise, and made use of their talent and experience to drive the industry so as to bring sustainable growth to the Company.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four Board Committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee. Each of the Board Committees has its terms of reference with defined powers and authorities given to the Committee members to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

The Board has established the Audit Committee with specific written terms of reference which clearly defines its role, authority and function in accordance with code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code. The Board has at all times complied with the requirements of Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules for having a minimum of three Non-executive Directors with at least one of them being an INED with appropriate professional qualifications in the Audit Committee. The Company Secretary serves as the secretary of the Audit Committee and minutes of the meetings are sent to the members of the Audit Committee within a reasonable time after the meetings. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by the Audit Committee is two.

At the date of this report, the members of the Audit Committee comprised of three INEDs namely Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson (*Chairman of the Audit Committee*), Mr. Yam Kwong Chun and Mr. Lam Yik Tung. Mr. Wong Yee Shuen is a qualified accountant with extensive experience in financial reporting and controls as required by the Listing Rules. Each Audit Committee member has broad commercial experience and there is a suitable mix of expertise in business, accounting and financial management on the Audit Committee.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include reviewing the Group's interim and annual results prior to recommending them to the Board for its approval as well as the effectiveness of the audit process; making recommendation on the appointment of external auditors and acting as the key representative body for the Company in monitoring the independence and objectivity of the external auditors; and reviewing the Group's financial information and financial reporting system. The Audit Committee is also responsible for reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Company. The Board has also adopted the risk management and internal control policy and the procedures for the employees of the Group to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal controls or other matters. The Audit Committee has been delegated by the Board with the responsibility for reviewing such procedures and related arrangements. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee is published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company. The Audit Committee has been provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

During the Current Year, the Audit Committee held two meetings and has performed, inter alia, the following:

- reviewed and discussed with external auditors the annual results for the year ended 31st March, 2020 and the interim results for the six months ended 30th September, 2020 and recommended to the Board for approval respectively;
- reviewed and obtained explanation from management on the interim and annual results, including causes of changes from the previous accounting period, effects on the application of new accounting policies, and compliance with the Listing Rules and relevant legislations;
- reviewed the activities of the Group's internal audit function and its findings and recommendations as laid down in the internal audit reports;
- reviewed the internal audit plan for the year 2021;
- recommended to the Board regarding the re-appointment of the Company's external auditors;
- reviewed the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group, including risk management and internal control policy and reviewed the transaction in compliance with the annual review requirements of the Listing Rules;
- considered the adequacy of resources, professional qualifications and experience of staffs of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programs and budget;
- reviewed the terms of reference and internal control policy and recommended the same to the Board for approval; and
- held meetings with the external auditors, at least annually, in the absence of management, to discuss matters relating to any issues arising from the audit and any other matters the auditors may wish to raise.

The Board and the members of the Audit Committee did not have any differences in opinion during the Current Year.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Board has established the Remuneration Committee with specific written terms of reference which clearly defines its role, authority and function in accordance with code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code. The Company Secretary serves as the secretary of the Remuneration Committee and minutes of the meetings are sent to the members of the Remuneration Committee within a reasonable time after the meetings. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by the Remuneration Committee is two.

At the date of this report, the members of the Remuneration Committee comprised of three INEDs namely Mr. Lam Yik Tung (*Chairman of the Remuneration Committee*), Mr. Yam Kwong Chun, and Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include advising the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for all the Directors and the senior management of the Company; making recommendation to the Board on remuneration packages for Directors and senior management of the Company; and ensuring that no Director or any his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company. The Remuneration Committee has been provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

The objective of the remuneration policy of the Company is to ensure the Company be able to attract, retain and motivate a high-calibre team which is essential to the success of the Company. In evaluating the remuneration packages for Directors and senior management of the Company, the Remuneration Committee takes into consideration various factors such as skills, knowledge, time commitment, responsibilities, and by reference to the prevailing market conditions.

During the Current Year, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting and has performed, inter alia, the following:

- reviewed the proposal for updated terms of reference and recommended the same to the Board for approval; and
- determined, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company.

Information on emoluments of the Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements. During the year under review, none of the Directors or any of their associates was involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.



Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee

The Board has established the Nomination Committee with specific written terms of reference which clearly defines its role, authority and function in accordance with code provision A.5.2 of the CG Code. The Company Secretary serves as the secretary of the Nomination Committee and minutes of the meeting is sent to the members of the Nomination Committee within a reasonable time after the meeting. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by the Nomination Committee is two.

At the date of this report, the members of the Nomination Committee comprised of three INEDs namely Mr. Yam Kwong Chun (*Chairman of the Nomination Committee*), Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, and Mr. Lam Yik Tung.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board; formulating and upholding the nomination policy (the “**Nomination Policy**”) and Board Diversity Policy; making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships to complement the Company’s corporate strategy as well as on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors; and assessing the independence of the INEDs. For effective functioning in the course of the Director’s nomination process, the Board has also adopted (i) the procedures for a member to propose a person for election as a Director in accordance with the Bye-laws; (ii) the Nomination Policy setting out the guidelines and criteria for selecting and recommending the candidates for directorships; and (iii) the Board Diversity Policy. A candidate to be appointed as an INED must satisfy the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company. The Nomination Committee has been provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

During the Current Year, the Nomination Committee held one meeting and has reviewed and performed, inter alia, the following:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition (including but not limited to the skills, knowledge and experiences) of the Board and reported the same to the Board for consideration;
- reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy, and reported the same to the Board for consideration;
- reviewed the terms of reference and recommended the same to the Board for approval;
- assessed the independence of the INEDs;
- reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of the Directors.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted a Nomination Policy which sets out the criteria, process and procedures for nomination of Directors, a summary of which is as follows:–

Selection Criteria

- 1.1 The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate.
- Reputation for integrity;
 - Accomplishment and experience in the financial services industry, in particular, in the securities, commodities and futures markets;
 - Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest; and
 - Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

- 1.2 Retiring Non-executive Directors, save for those who have served as Non-executive Directors for a period of nine (9) consecutive years, are eligible for nomination by the Board to stand for re-election at a general meeting. For the avoidance of doubt, (a) the 9-year period for determining the eligibility of a Non-executive Director for nomination by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting would count from his/her date of first appointment as a Non-executive Director until the date of the forthcoming annual general meeting when his/her current term of service will expire at the end of that meeting; and (b) a Non-executive Director who has been serving on the Board for a period of nine (9) consecutive years or more may continue to hold office until expiry of his/her current term.
- 1.3 Proposed candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form, together with their written consent to be appointed as a Non-executive Director and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their standing for election as a Non-executive Director.
- 1.4 The Nomination Committee may request candidates to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary.



Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

Nomination Procedures

- 1.1 The secretary of the Nomination Committee shall call a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to its meeting. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members.
- 1.2 For filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.
- 1.3 Until the issue of the shareholder circular, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting.
- 1.4 In order to provide information of the candidates nominated by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting, and to invite nominations from shareholders, a circular will be sent to shareholders. The circular will set out the lodgment period for shareholders to make the nominations. The names, brief biographies (including qualifications and relevant experience), independence, proposed remuneration and any other information of the proposed candidates, as required pursuant to the applicable laws, rules and regulations, will be included in the circular to shareholders.
- 1.5 A shareholder can serve a notice to the Company Secretary within the lodgment period of its intention to propose a resolution to elect a certain person as a Non-executive Director, without the Board's recommendation or the Nomination Committee's nomination, other than those candidates set out in the shareholder circular. The particulars of the candidates so proposed will be sent to all shareholders for information by a supplementary circular.
- 1.6 A candidate is allowed to withdraw his candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the Company Secretary.
- 1.7 The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at any general meeting.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Corporate Governance Committee

The Board has established the Corporate Governance Committee with specific written terms of reference which clearly defines its role, authority and function. The Company Secretary serves as the secretary of the Corporate Governance Committee and minutes of the meetings are sent to the members of the Corporate Governance Committee within a reasonable time after the meetings. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by the Corporate Governance Committee is two.

At the date of this report, the members of the Corporate Governance Committee comprised of three INEDs namely Mr. Yam Kwong Chun, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson and Mr. Lam Yik Tung together with one Executive Director namely Mr. Sue Ka Lok (*Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee*).

The Board has delegated its corporate governance functions set out in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code to the Corporate Governance Committee. The principal duties of the Corporate Governance Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; and reviewing and monitoring (i) the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and the senior management of the Company; (ii) the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iii) the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and (iv) the Company's compliance with code provisions of the CG Code and disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report. The terms of reference of the Corporate Governance Committee is in compliance with code provisions of the CG Code. The Corporate Governance Committee has been provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

During the Current Year, the Corporate Governance Committee held two meetings and has reviewed, considered and made recommendations to the Board for approval on (a) training and continuous professional development of the Directors, (b) the terms of reference of the Corporate Governance Committee, (c) the corporate governance policy, and (d) the status of compliance with the CG Code and disclosures of the Corporate Governance Report, and (e) relevant policies of the Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements including anti-money laundering policy.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial period which gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The statement made by the auditors of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 67 and 71 of this annual report.



Corporate Governance Report

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (continued)

Auditor's Remuneration

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("**Deloitte**"), the Group's principal auditor, was re-appointed by the Shareholders at last annual general meeting held on 17th August, 2020 as the Company's external auditor to hold office until the forthcoming annual general meeting. For the Current Year, the total auditor's remuneration in respect of statutory audit and non-audit services provided by Deloitte was set out below:

Services rendered	Fees paid/ payable HK\$'000
Statutory audit fee	<u>1,592</u>
Fees for non-audit services:	
Review of interim results	<u>430</u>
Total auditor's remuneration for the Current Year	<u>2,022</u>

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of risk management and internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness, particularly in respect of the controls on financial, operational, compliance and risk management, to achieve the Company's business strategies and the Group's business operations. The Directors have adopted an internal control policy for the Group. The internal control policy is fundamental to the successful operation and day-to-day running of a business and it assists the Company in achieving its business objectives.

The policy has been developed with a primary objective of providing general guidance and recommendations on a basic framework of risk management and internal control. The Company's risk management and internal control systems comprise of a well-established organisational structure and comprehensive policies and standards. Procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, to ensure maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The purpose of the Company's risk management and internal control systems are to provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve Company's business objectives.

The following risk management and internal control systems have been established and executed within the Group:

- control environment including organisational structure, limit of authority, reporting lines and responsibilities;
- risk management self-assessment and internal control review conducted from time to time by the Group;
- appropriate risk management measures such as written policies and procedures; and
- effective information platforms to facilitate internal and external information flow.

Corporate Governance Report

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

The Board oversees the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. A review of the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal control systems of the Group is conducted annually and the results are reported to the Board by the Audit Committee. Current year annual review covers the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since last annual review, the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems, risk management weaknesses and all material controls, including financial, operational, compliance controls, and particularly the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

During the year ended 31st March, 2021, the Company has engaged an independent professional advisory firm to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and the review results were reported to the Audit Committee. The Current Year under review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the issuer's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions. The Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group during the reporting year were reasonably implemented, effective and adequate.

DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company is committed to a consistent practice of timely, accurate and sufficiently detailed disclosure of material information about the Group. The Board has adopted an internal control policy on disclosure of inside information which sets out the obligations, guidelines, procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information. With these guidelines and procedures, the Group has management controls in place to ensure that potential inside information can be promptly identified, assessed and escalated for the attention of the Board to decide about the need for disclosures.

The Board has observed the duty and responsibility of inside information announcement, restriction on sharing non-public information, handling of rumours, unintentional selective disclosure, exemption and waiver to the disclosure of inside information, and also compliance and reporting procedures. Every senior management should take all reasonable measures to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement in relation to the Company from time to time. They should promptly bring any possible leakage or divulgence of inside information to the attention of the Board. For any possible material breach of the relevant disclosures requirement, the Board will decide, or designate appropriate persons to decide the course of actions for rectifying the problem and avoiding re-occurrence.



Corporate Governance Report

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

The Group is also committed to social responsibilities and its philosophies of sustainable development, and has conducted an annual review on the efforts and achievements made by the Group for environmental, social and governance issues for the Current Year, details of which was disclosed in the “Environmental, Social and Governance Report” on pages 44 to 66 of this annual report, which also serves as a platform for communication with all equity owners by making responses to the major concerns of all stakeholders in our efforts to facilitate mutual understandings.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lo Yuen Mei, the Company Secretary, is an employee of the Group and is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communications among Board members. The Company Secretary’s biography is set out in the section headed “Biographies of Directors and Company Secretary” on pages 14 to 16 of this annual report.

The Company Secretary confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training during the Current Year and complied with all the qualifications, experience and training requirements as required by the Listing Rules.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board has adopted a Shareholders’ communication policy reflecting the most current practices of the Company for communication with its Shareholders. Such policy aims at providing the Shareholders and potential investors with ready and timely access to balanced and understandable information of the Company. It will be reviewed regularly to ensure its effectiveness and compliance with the prevailing regulatory and other requirements.

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining on-going dialogue with the Shareholders as follows:

- (a) corporate communications such as annual reports, interim reports and circulars are issued in printed form and are available on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange’s website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company’s website at www.ptcorp.com.hk;
- (b) periodic announcements are published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company;
- (c) corporate information is made available on the Company’s website;
- (d) annual and special general meetings provide a forum for the Shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management; and
- (e) the Company’s share registrars serve the Shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment, change of Shareholders’ particulars and related matters.

Corporate Governance Report

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to convene a Special General Meeting

Pursuant to Bye-law 71 of the Bye-laws, Shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Registered Office and the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionist(s), deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, Suites 3412-3413, 34/F., China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong, and marked for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

Procedures for putting enquiries to the Board

Shareholders and other stakeholders of the Company may send their enquiries and concerns in writing to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, Suites 3412-3413, 34/F., China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong, and the Company Secretary shall forward such written enquiries and concerns received to the Chairman of the Board and Managing Director for further handling.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Pursuant to the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, Shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or not less than one hundred Shareholders, may submit to the Company a written request unless the Company otherwise resolves,

- (a) to give to the Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- (b) to circulate to the Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

A copy of such written requisition signed by the requisitionist(s) together with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's relevant expenses in giving effect thereto must be deposited at the Registered Office or the principal place of business of the Company (i) not less than six weeks before the meeting in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and (ii) not less than one week before the meeting in the case of any other requisition.



Corporate Governance Report

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company aims at providing stable and sustainable returns to Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining an appropriate basis and method for dividend distribution, the Board will take into account, inter alia, the reasonable return on investment of the investors and the Shareholders, the actual and expected financial conditions, business plans, future operations and earnings, capital requirements and expenditure plans of the Company, any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Company's lenders, the general market sentiment and circumstances and any other factors the Board deems appropriate.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Current Year under review, there is no change to the Bye-laws of the Company. A copy of the Bye-laws is available at the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website and posted on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

1. ABOUT THE REPORT

The Environmental, Social and Governance (“**ESG**”) Report published by PT International Development Corporation Limited (the “**Company**”) presents the efforts and achievements made in sustainability and social responsibility by the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**” or “**we**”). The ESG Report details the performance of the Group in carrying out the environmental and social policies and fulfilling the principle of sustainable development.

1.1 Scope of the Report

The ESG Report covers the environmental and social performance of the Group’s businesses for the period between 1st April, 2020 and 31st March, 2021 (the “**Year**”). As compared to the previous reporting period, the ESG report, including the key performance indicators (“**KPIs**”), covers the long-term investment business, trading of commodities business, chemical storage business, and additionally the insurance brokerage business, which became a new business of the Group during the Year¹. For details of corporate governance, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 27 to 43 of the Company’s annual report.

1.2 Reporting Standard

The ESG Report was prepared in accordance with the “Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide” under Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities issued by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

1.3 Reporting Principles

The content of the ESG Report is determined through stakeholder engagement processes, which includes identifying ESG-related issues, collecting and reviewing the management and stakeholders’ opinions, assessing the relevance of the issues and preparing and validating the information reported. The ESG Report covers the key issues concerned by different stakeholders.

Quantitative environmental and social KPIs are disclosed in the ESG Report so that stakeholders are able to have a comprehensive understanding of the Group’s ESG performance. Information of the standards, methodologies, references and source of key emission and conversion factors used on these KPIs are stated wherever appropriate. In order to enhance and maintain comparability of ESG performances between years, the Group has strived to adopt consistent reporting and calculation methodologies as far as reasonably practicable. For any changes in methodologies and specific standards, the Group has presented and explained in detail in corresponding sections. The Group will continue to adopt consistent methodologies as far as reasonably practicable in the future, in case of any changes that could affect a meaningful comparison of the KPIs between years.

¹ For environmental KPIs, two additional offices, one in the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”) for the chemical storage business and one in Hong Kong for the insurance brokerage business, are included.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

1. ABOUT THE REPORT (continued)

1.4 ESG Governance

The Group believes that well-established ESG governance principles and practices will increase investment values, and provide long-term returns to stakeholders. In order to ensure the establishment of appropriate and effective ESG risk management measures and internal control systems, the Board of Directors (the “**Board**”) has taken up the responsibility to oversee the Group’s ESG strategies and reporting, as well as assessing and determining ESG related risks. The Board monitors and reviews the compliance status of ESG-related laws and regulations, and ensures that newest regulatory trends are followed by the Group when necessary. The Board is also responsible for monitoring the formulation of the annual ESG report, as well as discussing the content and quality of the ESG reports during Board meetings.

During the Year, the Board has engaged an independent ESG consultancy to manage the ESG performance of the Group. With the assistance from the consultancy, the Board is able to identify potential and material issues to the Group’s business and stakeholders. The Board is responsible for supervising stakeholder communication channels and ensuring that stakeholders’ expectations are met.

To improve the Group’s ESG governance, the Board of Directors regularly arranges independent assessments and efficiency analysis on the adequacy and effectiveness of the aforementioned system through an internal review function. The Board also oversees the coordination between departments according to their respective targets, and will look for opportunities to set more explicit ESG goals and targets for the Group.

1.5 Information and Feedback

Your opinions on the Group’s ESG performance are highly valued. If you have any advice or suggestions, please feel free to contact the Company by referring to “Corporate Information” on page 3 of the Company’s annual report.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

2. ABOUT US

Pursuant to long-term strategies of exploring potential investments and enhancing the value of its strategic investments by active participation in or close liaisons with the management of the Group's invested companies, the Group strategically invest and hold significant interests directly and indirectly, in a portfolio of listed and private companies. Such companies are engaged in a variety of business activities, including trading of commodities, chemical storage business, provision of management services, financial institute business and loan financing services.

The Group has recognized that our businesses, no matter the investment segment, trading segment, the chemical storage segment or the financial institute segment, will cause environmental and social impacts in a certain way, either directly or indirectly. Hence, we put focus on our environmental and social performance by striving to protect the natural environment, share vibrant enterprise growth with employees and keep giving back to society with our determination and effort in sustainable development. By upholding the mission "to become a leading, diversified investment conglomerate that excels at investing in and maximizing returns of companies with high growth potential", the Group has integrated the ESG concerns into its business strategies, risk management approach and daily operations. We endeavour to create a harmonious, civilized and sustainable community through maintaining a high-standard operation with integrity, providing service of high quality and caring for the environment, our employees and the community.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

3. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Group believes that our effort to communicate with stakeholders and address their concerns correlates with our success in environmental and social development. Therefore, we actively engage with our key stakeholders through multiple channels, such as meetings, announcements, company websites, and emails, to understand their expectations regarding ESG aspects, which could help the Group to integrate sustainability strategies into our business practices in the long-term.

The following table sets out our key stakeholders, their requirements and expectations for the Group, and the corresponding response and communication channels.

Stakeholders	Requirements and Expectations	Response and Communication Channels
Government and Regulators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compliance with national policies, laws and regulation • Support for local economic growth • Contribution in local employment • Tax payment in full and on time • Production safety 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular information reporting • Regular meetings with regulators • Dedicated reports
Shareholders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rise in company value • Transparency and effective communication 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General Meetings • Announcements • Email, telephone communication and company website • Dedicated reports
Partners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operation with integrity • Equal rivalry • Performance of contracts • Mutual benefits 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business communications • Discussion and exchange of views • Engagement and cooperation
Customers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outstanding products and services • Health and safety • Performance of contracts • Operation with integrity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meetings with customers

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

3. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT (continued)

Stakeholders	Requirements and Expectations	Response and Communication Channels
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with emission regulations Energy saving and emission reduction Environmental protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESG reporting Communication with local environmental departments
Employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection of rights Occupational health and safety Remunerations and benefits Career development Humanity cares 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meetings with employees Employee mailbox Trainings and workshops
Community and the public	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transparency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Company website Announcements

With the opinions and information collected from stakeholders through various channels, the Group has a better understanding on the ESG-related issues concerned by the stakeholders. The Group has also gathered the management's view on ESG-related issues through questionnaires. The information gathered, after being analysed along with materiality maps provided by well-known external institutions² and professional opinions from third-party professionals, helped the Group identify and prioritize ESG issues which are concerned by stakeholders and are highly related to the Group's business.

Aspects	Material Issues
Environment	Carbon Emission
Labour Practices	Employment Compliance Diversity and Equal Opportunity Human Capital Development
Operating Practices	Operational Compliance Responsible Investment Intellectual Property Protection Information Security Customer Privacy Protection Anti-corruption

The materiality maps referenced in the materiality assessment include the ESG Industry Materiality Map and the SASB Materiality Map produced respectively by MSCI and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB).

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Given the various types of environmental problems arising around the world, it is crucial to integrate environmental protection practices into our business operation. As a responsible corporation, the Group strictly conforms to a series of environmental laws and regulations such as the Air Pollution Control Ordinance and Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong, Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, and Energy Conservation Law of the PRC. Despite the fact that our businesses do not generate heavy pollution or consume a large amount of resources, the Group still puts in place a number of policies which guide emission control, waste management, water saving and energy conservation in order to deliver its long-standing commitment to environmental protection.

The Group has a construction site under the chemical storage business in the PRC, and the Group's project company has completed the marine environmental impact assessment and approval has been granted for the construction of a chemical storage facility and the provision of chemical storage services by the local authorities. Although the construction of the facility has yet to be commenced, office operations for the business has started during the Year. We will closely monitor the construction progress to avoid any significant environmental impacts on the surrounding environment once the construction is kick-started.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to environmental issues.

4.1. Emissions

4.1.1 Air Pollutants Emissions

As an investment and trading conglomerate, manufacturing processes are not involved thus direct air and water pollutants were not emitted from our main businesses during the Year. The source of air pollutants of the Group comes from private cars that were used in supporting and maintaining our daily business operation.

Air pollutants emissions during the Year:

Type ¹	2021	2020
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) (g)	4,433	5,485
Sulphur oxides (SO _x) (g)	123	102
Particulate matter (PM) (g)	326	404

Note:

1. The calculation of air pollutants takes reference from emission factors in "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by HKEX.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

4.1. Emissions (continued)

4.1.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Group acknowledges that greenhouse gases is one of the main causes that is leading to climate change, which may put the Group at risk of being affected by different environmental and social impacts caused by climate change-related events. Therefore, we have laid emphasis on greenhouse gas emission control by exerting ourselves in the implementation of an assortment of measures ranging from resources management to emission reduction. The Group's greenhouse gas emission is mainly generated from office operation, which can be classified into three scopes: scope 1 – direct emissions from combustion of fuels in vehicles; scope 2 – energy indirect emissions from purchased electricity; and scope 3 – other indirect emissions from outbound business trips by employees and methane gas generation at landfill due to disposal of paper waste.

Greenhouse gas emissions during the Year:

Types	2021	2020
Total emission (tonnes CO ₂ equivalent (“CO ₂ e”)) ¹	62	125
Direct emission (Scope 1) (tonnes CO ₂ e) ²	23	19
Indirect emission (Scope 2) (tonnes CO ₂ e) ³	36	41
Indirect emission (Scope 3) (tonnes CO ₂ e) ⁴	3	65
Intensity (tonnes CO ₂ e/employee)	1.73	3.67

Notes:

1. The Group's greenhouse gas inventory includes carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide. For the ease of reading and understanding, the GHG emissions data is presented in carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e).
2. This is calculated based on the emission factors in the “Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs” issued by HKEX.
3. This is calculated based on the emission factors provided by the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC and local utilities companies in Hong Kong.
4. This is calculated based on the International Civil Aviation Organization Carbon Emissions Calculator and emission factors in the “Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs” issued by HKEX.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

4.1. Emissions (continued)

4.1.3 Waste Generation

The Group understands that the improper management of waste would potentially lead to severe environmental impacts. Therefore, the Group puts emphasis on the generation and management of waste. Waste produced by the Group included non-hazardous and hazardous waste. Non-hazardous waste produced mainly includes garbage from day-to-day office operation, while hazardous waste comprises toner cartridges and used fluorescent lamps.

Waste generated during the Year:

Hazardous Waste¹	2021	2020
Weight (kg)	11	7
Intensity (kg/employee)	0.30	0.21

Non-hazardous Waste	2021	2020
Weight (tonnes)	11	7
Intensity (tonnes/employee)	0.30	0.21

Note:

1. Non-hazardous waste data is based on the daily estimated volume of general waste in offices and the volume-to-weight conversion factors provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Beijing Environmental Sanitation Administration.

Committed to taking part in proper waste management, the Group ensures that non-hazardous wastes are collected and disposed of in a proper and legal manner by qualified parties. Hazardous wastes, such as toner cartridges, are returned to suppliers for recycling in a bid to avoid detrimental impacts to the environment.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

4.2. Green Operations

It is one of the Group's commitments to promote responsible environmental management and using resources in a sustainable way to build a green environment. Therefore, we operate our office in an environmentally-friendly way.

The Group is highly aware of the potential impacts caused by greenhouse gas emissions. Our dedication to reducing carbon footprint can be reflected by numerous measures targeting at various sources of emission in business operations. For example, employees who are engaged actively in overseas meetings are encouraged to substitute phone or video conferences for overseas business travels to avoid unnecessary outbound travels; in cases where outbound business trips are available, the Group prioritizes direct flights over trips with multiple flights in order to minimize greenhouse gas emissions. We organize events at locations easily accessible by public transportation and optimize route planning for goods delivery to reduce carbon footprint on transportation.

We apply the waste management principles of "Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and Replace" ("**4Rs**") with the aim of striving to reduce waste produced and the negative environmental impacts by waste. We always encourage our staff to reuse envelopes, folders, file cards and other stationery, to recycle and reuse waste paper, metals and plastics by using waste sorting bins, and to reduce the use of disposable and non-recyclable products. For instance, rechargeable batteries are used instead of disposable batteries in our office. We also purchase products with improved recyclability, higher recycled content, reduced packaging and greater durability.

Furthermore, we proactively avoid and reduce the amount of paper waste generated by using electronic means to disseminate information internally, setting printers to default duplex and monitoring printing volume regularly. Discarded paper without any confidential information are ultimately reused and recycled. Because of the Group's business nature, the Group was not involved in production process and hence the use of packaging materials.

The Group also puts heavy emphasis on environmental management at the construction site under the chemical storage business. The Group undertakes to procure that its subsidiary (or "**project company**") has to formulate a Health, Safety and Environmental Policy ("**HSE Policy**") which provides strict regulations to contractors who will be working on the construction site. The HSE Policy includes several environmental aspects of daily operation at a construction site, such as the prevention of pollution and waste management. The environmental regulations aim to minimize the negative environmental impacts caused by the construction, and the Group will closely monitor the contractor's compliance to the HSE Policy once the construction commences.

In order to identify potential hazards and operability issues regarding the environment at the site of the chemical storage business and make improvements prior to the commencement of construction, the Group's project company has conducted a Hazard and Operability Analysis ("**HAZOP**") for the planned operation processes of the business. The HAZOP has identified potential environmental risks in the planned operation of the chemical storage site, and have provided suggestions of improvement, such as adding flammable substance detectors to prevent causing chemical leakage and using closed drainage systems to prevent pipe corrosion and chemical leakage.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

4.3. Energy Conservation

The Group is highly aware of the possible impacts resulted from the use of energy such as the emission of greenhouse gases and other air pollutants. Therefore, we shoulder the burden of energy conservation and have dedicated considerable efforts to reducing energy consumption and improving energy efficiency in our office operations. The Group's major sources of energy consumption are from the use of purchased electricity and the use of vehicles.

Energy consumption during the Year:

Type	2021	2020
Total energy consumption (MWh)	132	120
By type		
Use of vehicles (MWh) ¹	81	67
Electricity (MWh)	51	53
Intensity (MWh/employee)	3.68	3.52

Note:

1. Energy consumption in the use of vehicles is calculated with reference to the "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by HKEX.

To effectively lower energy consumption, the Group has performed several improvements on the lighting system to minimize electricity use. Besides using energy efficient lighting in all areas of the offices, we ensure all light fixtures and lamps are cleaned regularly to maximize their efficiency and utilize natural light as far as practicable. We have separated the office area into different lighting zones so that lighting can be used more flexibly and have installed dimmers where possible to adjust light intensity.

In addition, we ensure filters and fan coil units of the air conditioning system are cleaned regularly to maintain its high efficiency, while weather strips are placed on doors and windows to prevent leakage of conditioned air. Employees are allowed to wear light clothes every Friday so that energy for air conditioning can be saved, and air-conditioning systems are maintained at 25.5 degrees Celsius throughout the day. The prevention of energy wastage is another important aspect, we thereby use timers to switch off electrical appliances such as printers completely and set all computers to sleeping mode when idling.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

4.4. Water Conservation

Water is a precious resource therefore conservation of water is also of great importance from the Group's perspective. We continued to implement certain measures which help cut down on water consumption. The Group has recognized that raising employees' awareness of water saving is essential in bringing actual effects to water conservation. Thus, we continued to promote water saving awareness and practices within the Group. Our staff reused water as far as practicable so as to prevent waste of water. We are also going to install and use water- efficient or low-flow water fixtures such as faucets and showerheads in our office.

Since water consumption fee is included in the management fee of the offices in Hong Kong and the PRC, while the chemical storage business has not commenced construction or operation during the Year, water consumption data of the Year are unavailable.

4.5. Climate Change

Climate change has sparked heated discussions in recent years across the globe while different sectors of society have taken action as an attempt to tackle the rough circumstance presented by climate change. The Group is no exception, taking into account the potential impacts on the Group from risks arose due to climate change. The Group has identified several climate-related risks that may adversely impact the Group's operations and development.

The Group is highly aware that climate change may lead to more severe and frequent extreme weather conditions, which potentially puts the Group at risk of reduced productivity due to potential disruptions in the supply chain. Climate change may also shift consumer preferences and increase mandates and regulations on the Group's products and services. The demand of the Group's products and services may diminish as products and services may be at risk of being non-compliant, while the Group's revenue mix and sources may eventually change over time.

Facing such risks and potential impacts posed by climate change, the Group follows market trends regarding climate-related risks to keep itself up to date with the latest development in climate-related issues, so as to identify and evaluate the Group's climate-related risks. In cases of extreme weather conditions, the Group adopts suitable work arrangements according to the Group's policy on working under typhoon and rainstorm conditions to safeguard the safety of employees.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

5. EMPLOYEE-FOCUSED

Human resources act as the pillar of the Group, thus we always put the rights and well-being of our employees in the first place. The Group stringently abides by relevant labour laws and regulations during recruitment, promotion, remuneration and dismissal of employees such as the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, Labour Law of the PRC, and Labour Contract Law of the PRC. We have also put in place human resources policies which guide employment and termination, salary review and promotion, as well as employee welfare and equal opportunities.

5.1. Employment

As an equal opportunity employer, the Group assures all candidates of a fair and open recruitment process. Anti-discrimination is highly valued, we do not tolerate any form of discrimination on the grounds of age, sex, physical or mental health status, marital status, family status, race, skin colour, nationality, religion, political affiliation and sexual orientation and other factors, not only during the selection of candidates, but also the consideration of promotion, training and reward provision of employees. Employees are recognized and rewarded by their contribution, performance and skills. To retain talents, the Group reviews and adjusts the salary structure of employees annually. We also offer competitive remuneration to our employees according to both internal and external benchmark as a motivation and to build a high-calibre team which is essential to the Group's success. Whenever an employee offers to resign or is being laid off, an interview will be arranged so as to collect valuable opinions for any possible improvements of the Group's policies.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

5. EMPLOYEE-FOCUSED (continued)

5.1. Employment (continued)

The Group strictly prohibits the employment of child labour in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations such as the Employment of Children Regulations of Hong Kong and Provision on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC. We ensure that no child labour is employed by verifying the identity of new employees before the commencement of work. Forced labour is also stringently prohibited that no staff engagement in unacceptably dangerous and/or hazardous work, physical punishment, abuse, servitude, peonage or trafficking is allowed in any of our operations and services. During the Year, the Group has employed a total of 36 employees in Hong Kong and the PRC³.

Indicators	2021	2020
Total number and percentage (%)		
By gender		
Male	20(56)	20(54)
Female	16(44)	17(46)
By age		
< 30	5(14)	6(16)
30–50	20(56)	22(60)
> 50	11(31)	9(24)
By employment type		
Permanent	35(97)	36(97)
Temporary	1(3)	1(3)
By geographical location		
Hong Kong	29(81)	27(73)
PRC	7(19)	10(27)
Turnover rate (%)		
By gender		
Male	10	30
Female	31	18
By age		
< 30	20	33
30–50	30	27
> 50	0	11
By geographical location		
Hong Kong	21	30
PRC	14	10

³ Within this Year's ESG reporting scope.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

5. EMPLOYEE-FOCUSED (continued)

5.2. Promotion and Development

It is the Group's conviction that business success is highly dependent on the continuous improvement in employees' performance and productivity. We therefore are aware of the importance in improving our employees' knowledge and skills, as well as fostering their long-term career development and growth with the Group. We conduct internal training and encourage our employees to take part in external seminars and training courses in order to update themselves with relevant knowledge and techniques. For instance, junior staff were updated with knowledge and trained by the Group's service provider with techniques regarding the application of new accounting software during the Year. The Group is continuously stepping up our education and training policy, planning to provide our employees with necessary up-to-date and job-related training so that they can keep abreast of the ever-changing business environment.

Further to internal training and voluntary external seminars, licensed staff members in the insurance brokerage business are also required by the Insurance Authority in Hong Kong to attend a set amount of training sessions to fulfill continuous professional development ("CPD") requirements. Such practice has allowed employees to continuously update their technical and regulatory knowledge, as well as refreshing their ethical standards so as to ensure that employees are up to the required professional competence and standard.

Education acts as the foundation for the growth and development of our employees. In addition to education, the Group also provides chances of promotion and hence a clear career pathway to employees. Appraisal reviews for employees are conducted regularly so that employees who have met the expectations and achieved strong performance can be considered for promotion. We always prefer internal promotion over external recruitment so as to promote organizational growth. It is hoped that every employees are able to advance their career by working in the Group.

5.3. Health and Safety

During the Year, the world has been seriously impacted by the COVID-19 epidemic, and corporates and the general public are striving to maintain good environmental hygiene and protect personal health. The Group is no exception and has placed priority on employees' health and safety. Therefore, in order to safeguard our employees, the Group has offered a COVID-19 package to all employees, which includes a COVID-19 test with all expenses covered by the Group. This shows that the Group actively looks to protect the health of employees and is willing to take different measures in order to do so.

Besides measures against the epidemic, the Group is devoted to providing and maintaining a healthy and safe workplace for its staff and other persons likely to be affected by its business operations through abiding by relevant laws such as the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong and Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases. Health and safety standards are given prime consideration in our operations and regulatory compliance is strongly upheld by the Group.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

5. EMPLOYEE-FOCUSED (continued)

5.3. Health and Safety (continued)

Our employees at all levels, particularly the management, are accountable for maintaining a vigorous and injury-free working environment through the abiding of safety initiatives. Periodic cleaning of air-conditioning systems, regular floor care maintenance, routine pest control service and disinfection treatment of carpets are carried out to ensure a hygienic working environment. The Group also participates in the annual fire and evacuation drill organized by the respective building management offices so that employees are familiarized with the fire evacuation route and their awareness of fire precaution can be strengthened.

The health and safety of employees and construction workers at the upcoming construction site for the chemical storage business is of utmost importance to the Group, and the Group and the Group's project company strive to maintain a high level of health and safety at the construction through improving construction infrastructure, even prior to the commencement of the construction. Therefore, the Group's project company's Health, Safety and Environmental (HSE) Policy clearly states the regulations regarding health and safety that contractors must abide by, as well as punishments for violation during the upcoming construction. The HSE Policy also sets out standards for the provision of safety equipment to employees by the contractors, including site signboards and notices for safety and instruction and personal protective gear. The Group's project company will also closely monitor and strictly execute the measures set out in the HSE Policy when the construction commences.

Further to the construction, the health and safety during operation is highly concerned, due to the high risk nature of the chemical storage business. The Group's project company has conducted a Hazard and Operability Analysis (HAZOP) and Safety Pre-evaluation Report in order to investigate and show the potential health and safety hazards at the construction site under the chemical storage business. The Safety Pre-evaluation Report identifies the potential safety hazards that could be found in the chemical storage sites operation plan, including hazardous chemicals, risks from storage equipment, risks due to the surrounding environment, etc. The HAZOP Analysis provides recommendations that could be made to minimize risks related to health and safety of employees and improve safety during operations, where the Group's project company can update its construction plan to cater the improvements.

The Group's project company has also obtained an Occupational Health Pre-evaluation Report which ensures that the planned operations for the chemical storage business complies with national laws regarding occupational health and safety, including The Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》) and The "Three Simultaneous" Supervision of Occupational Health in Construction Projects Interim Measures for Administration (《建設項目職業衛生「三同時」監督管理暫行辦法》).

During the Reporting Period, there were no work-related injuries and fatalities, thanks to the effort put by the Group in creating an injury-free business environment. In case of any occurrence of work-related injuries or illness, or reports on unsafe and unhealthy work practices, the Group will make corresponding responses promptly by investigating the cases, planning for remedial measures and providing necessary assistance to the persons involved.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

5. EMPLOYEE-FOCUSED (continued)

5.4. Welfare

As a way to deliver care to employees, and at the same time stimulate their working initiative, the Group offers all employees a wide range of welfare and benefits. We adopt a five-day work week arrangement so as to assure employees of sufficient rest time. All employees are entitled to a number of leaves according to laws such as public holidays, annual leave, and maternity leave. If the day-off falls on a statutory holiday, compensatory time off will be offered on the following day. The Group also offers benefits to employees including discretionary bonus, training, and provident funds. The share option scheme of the Company is established for the eligible participants (including employees).

Work-life balance is also emphasized by the Group. In Hong Kong, we organized activities such as Christmas lunch and Chinese New Year lunch in a bid to provide opportunities for employees to relax and interact.

6. BUSINESS OPTIMIZATION

The sustainable development of an enterprise highly hinges on the quality and efficiency of its business operations. The Group spares no effort in optimizing its operations and maintaining its reputation by properly managing its supply chain, strictly overseeing its products and services' quality, earnestly serving its customers and behaving ethically in the market.

6.1. Supply Chain Management

To thoroughly fulfill the environmental and social responsibility, management of our business operation including the supply chain cannot be neglected. To ensure that qualified products and service are provided at the request of the Group, we work closely with our supply chain partners in an effort to oversee our supply chain practices thoroughly. Supplier selection procedures have been set up and strictly followed. For instance, the Group always prefers suppliers with high credibility, and will take into consideration the environmental and social risks that suppliers may impose along the Group's supply chain, including anti-discrimination, employment of child or forced labour, bribery, corruption, irresponsible environmental behavior or any other unethical practices. The Group by no means tolerate or work with suppliers who are not in compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including in environmental and social aspects. We will stop our cooperation until the situation is rectified if a supplier is found to be inconsistent with the Group's contractual requirements. As set out in its Supply Chain Management Policy, the Group also aims to attain responsible purchasing and build up a competitive advantage through a green procurement process, by selecting environmentally- preferable materials and products that have reduced negative effects on the environment and human health.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

6. BUSINESS OPTIMIZATION (continued)

6.1. Supply Chain Management (continued)

For the chemical storage business, we are fully aware that the risks induced from the chemical storage construction site in different aspects, including construction quality, environment, as well as health and safety. Therefore, all of the aforementioned potential risks are taken into account during the selection process for our construction contractor. We have selected a construction company which has obtained certifications in quality management (ISO 9001), environmental management (ISO 14001) and occupational health and safety management (OHSAS 18001), which shows the Group's devotion to attain sustainable development from top to bottom.

During the Year, the Group's major suppliers by geographical location are as below:

Supplier locations	No. of suppliers
Hong Kong	6
The PRC	10
Asia ¹	8
Others ²	7

Notes:

1. Hong Kong and the PRC are excluded from Asia.
2. Others include Australia, the United Kingdom and Europe.

6.2. Products and Services Quality

In the pursuit of excellence in products and service quality, the Group makes every effort to strive for the complete provision of products and service in accordance with customers' needs and expectations. We have operated in compliance with product quality-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong and Product Quality Law of the PRC.

We have put in place a system for quality management, aiming at ensuring that our products meet the relevant health and safety requirements and the service that we provide are of high quality. For the money lending business, the Group has obtained the Money Lender's License in conformity with the Money Lenders Ordinance of Hong Kong. For metals trading, products are always inspected and tested with reference to relevant standards prior to selling. Metals traded by the Group are also in compliance with the standard specifications of high-quality metals as set out by the London Metal Exchange, which is a world centre for the trading of industrial metals.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

6. BUSINESS OPTIMIZATION (continued)

6.3. Customer Services

It is one of the Group's targets to provide the highest satisfaction to all our customers through the provision of customer services which are customer-focused, service-oriented and community-cared. We endeavour to address the needs of customers by providing responsive, caring, professional and customized service as a way to align our business operations with best practices.

Due to its business nature of direct contact with customers, the Group's insurance brokerage business puts special emphasis on handling complaints. The Compliance Manual has set out the procedures for handling complaints received, and has appointed a Complaint Handling Officer to investigate, advise, respond to and maintain records of any complaints. For any complaints received, we also report the cases to the Insurance Authority in Hong Kong. We regularly review and look to improve the Group's complaint handling mechanism, ensuring that the mechanism is appropriately and effectively implemented.

6.4. Data Protection and Privacy

The Group believes that information and data security as well as privacy are of utmost importance, and that the Group plays a vital role in handling any private information from customers, employees and other stakeholders with the highest degree of carefulness. Faced with increasing concerns over privacy protection, the Group strictly complies with relevant laws in the places of business such as the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong, and has adopted several measures to protect privacy. We only collect personal data which are necessary for conducting business, and the data will not be used for any purposes without the consent of the related persons. Personal data is not allowed to be transferred or disclosed to entities which are not a member of the Group. The confidentiality obligations of employees persist for a certain period even after the termination of the employment with the Group. Moreover, we maintain appropriate security systems designed to prevent unauthorized access to personal data. Access of data is only allowed for employees or authorized persons based on their needs and roles.

In respect of the insurance brokerage business, staff members are obligated to treat client information with strict confidentiality, while disclosure and usage of such private information are only permitted under the written consent of the client.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

6. BUSINESS OPTIMIZATION (continued)

6.5. Business Ethics

Ethics and professionalism are the Group's core values in conducting business, so we are dedicated to running the business with integrity and cultivating an ethical corporate culture.

By conforming to relevant laws and regulations, such as the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance and Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance of Hong Kong, and Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC, we have established a Code of Conduct, which includes provisions for conflicts of interest, privacy and confidentiality of information, and a policy which embodies the principles of integrity, respect, trust and judgment. The Group under no circumstances allows any bribery, corruption, extortion, money-laundering or other fraudulent activities. Subsequently, the Group has established an Anti-Money Laundering ("AML") Committee (the "**Committee**") to oversee the Group's efforts to achieve and maintain compliance with relevant regulations against anti-corruptive behaviour. The terms of reference of the Committee have listed its core responsibilities, including making recommendations to the Board regarding AML policy and guidelines, as well as monitoring for the identification for suspicious corruptive behaviour.

Employees are required to possess high ethical standards and demonstrate professional conduct in all business dealings with our stakeholders. For the insurance brokerage business, employees are required to complete Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorist Financing training every year, so that employees' knowledge towards anti-corruptive behavior are regularly refreshed and updated.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any breach of laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to bribery, corruption, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

7. COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION

Support from society and community has long been an important element for the growth and development of the Group, we therefore recognize the importance of serving the community with love and care. We always encourage our employees to participate in charitable events and community activities, and we will continue to step up our community contribution by dedicating more efforts and resources in participating and organizing community and charitable activities in the future, so as to share our fruitful enterprise growth with the community.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

APPENDIX: KPI REPORTING GUIDE

KPI	Description	Chapters	Page no.
Environmental Aspect			
A1 Emissions			
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A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and, where appropriate, intensity.	Emissions	49-51
A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity.	Emissions	49-51
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity.	Emissions	49-51
A1.5	Description of emissions targets set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions	49-51
A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction targets set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions	49-51
A2 Use of Resources			
A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity.	Energy Conservation	53
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity.	Water Conservation	54
A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency targets set and steps taken to achieve them.	Energy Conservation	53
A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency targets set and steps taken to achieve them.	Water Conservation	54
A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	N/A	—

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

APPENDIX: KPI REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

KPI	Description	Chapters	Page no.
A3 Environmental and Natural Resources			
A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Green Operations	52
A4 Climate Change			
A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Climate Change	54
Social Aspect			
B1 Employment			
B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region.	Employment	55-56
B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employment	55-56
B2 Health and Safety			
B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	Health and Safety	57-58
B2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	Health and Safety	57-58
B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety	57-58



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

APPENDIX: KPI REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

KPI	Description	Chapters	Page no.
B3 Development and Training			
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category.	Promotion and Development	57
B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Promotion and Development	57
B4 Labour Standards			
B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Employment	55-56
B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Employment	55-56
B5 Supply Chain Management			
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Supply Chain Management	59-60
B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	59-60
B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	59-60
B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	59-60

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

APPENDIX: KPI REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

KPI	Description	Chapters	Page no.
B6 Product Responsibility			
B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	N/A	/
B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Customer Services	61
B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	N/A	/
B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Products and Services Quality	60
B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Data Protection and Privacy	61
B7 Anti-corruption			
B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Business Ethics	62
B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Business Ethics	62
B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Business Ethics	62
B8 Community Investment			
B8.1	Focus areas of contribution.	No relevant information in the Year	/
B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area.	No relevant information in the Year	/



Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PT INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of PT International Development Corporation Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 72 to 157, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st March, 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st March, 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the “**Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Independent Auditor's Report

KEY AUDIT MATTER (continued)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Revenue recognition from trading of commodities

We identified revenue recognition from trading of commodities as a key audit matter due to the significance of revenue of the Group to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As disclosed in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, revenue from trading of commodities is recognised at a point in time when the control of the goods is transferred to customers upon delivery of the goods. Revenue from trading of commodities amounted to HK\$1,462,355,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2021 as set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our procedures in relation to revenue recognition from trading of commodities included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the Group's revenue recognition policy;
- Obtaining an understanding of the revenue business processes and relevant controls relating to the recognition of trading income;
- Assessing the criteria under which the Group concludes it as acting as a principal and recognises revenue on gross basis based on the requirements under HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"; and
- Testing the trading income on a sample basis by examining underlying documents.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Independent Auditor's Report

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.



Independent Auditor's Report

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe this matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Tse Fung Chun.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
29th June, 2021

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	NOTES	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Revenue	5		
Contracts with customers		1,464,217	1,244,984
Interest under effective interest method		4,000	7,274
Leases		-	203
Total revenue		1,468,217	1,252,461
Cost of sales		(1,435,456)	(1,239,909)
Gross profit		32,761	12,552
Other income, other gains and losses	7	3,238	2,682
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments	8	37,140	(379,365)
Gain on disposal of an associate	22	163,480	-
Administrative expenses		(69,013)	(56,459)
Finance costs	9	(1,148)	(2,160)
Share of results of an associate		-	(135,334)
Impairment loss on interest in an associate	22	-	(345,687)
Profit (loss) before taxation	10	166,458	(903,771)
Income tax (expense) credit	11	(5)	185
Profit (loss) for the year		166,453	(903,586)
Other comprehensive income (expenses):			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		5,345	(1,266)
Share of other comprehensive expenses of an associate		-	(31,788)
Reclassification adjustment of reserves released on disposal of an associate		13,427	-
Reclassification adjustment of reserves released on disposal of subsidiaries		-	978
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Share of other comprehensive expenses of an associate		-	(14,556)
Other comprehensive income (expenses) for the year		18,772	(46,632)
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year		185,225	(950,218)



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	<i>NOTE</i>	2021 HK\$'000	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		167,056	(902,258)
Non-controlling interests		(603)	(1,328)
		166,453	(903,586)
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		185,828	(948,890)
Non-controlling interests		(603)	(1,328)
		185,225	(950,218)
Earnings (loss) per share:		HK cents	<i>HK cents</i>
Basic	12	8.28	(44.70)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2021

	NOTES	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	29,849	27,323
Right-of-use assets	14	18,425	15,872
Debt instrument at amortised cost	15	200,000	–
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16	197,704	152,442
		445,978	195,637
Current assets			
Inventories	17	86,682	31,256
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	18	9,053	8,026
Debt instrument at amortised cost	15	–	200,000
Derivative financial instruments	19	6,106	6,513
Equity investments held for trading	20	1,893	6,109
Restricted deposits with brokers	21	–	1,950
Bank balances and cash	21	239,325	77,938
		343,059	331,792
Asset classified as held for sale	22	–	19,780
		343,059	351,572
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accrued expenses		6,205	7,429
Derivative financial instruments	19	3,145	2,637
Contract liabilities	23	57,686	2,522
Lease liabilities – due within one year	24	5,344	4,416
		72,380	17,004
Net current assets		270,679	334,568
Total assets less current liabilities		716,657	530,205
Non-current liability			
Lease liabilities – due after one year	24	1,509	282
Net assets		715,148	529,923



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2021

	NOTE	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	25	20,183	20,183
Share premium and reserves		689,363	625,871
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to asset held for sale		–	(122,336)
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company		709,546	523,718
Non-controlling interests		5,602	6,205
Total equity		715,148	529,923

The consolidated financial statements on pages 72 to 157 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th June, 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ching Man Chun, Louis
Chairman and Managing Director

Xu Wei
Executive Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

Attributable to the owners of the Company

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Reserve on acquisition HK\$'000 (Note)	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Other reserve HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to asset held for sale HK\$'000	Accumulated profits (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2019	20,183	959,550	(20,513)	908	12,872	5,440	(73,840)	16,729	-	551,279	1,472,608	4,799	1,477,407
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(902,258)	(902,258)	(1,328)	(903,586)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,266)	-	-	(1,266)	-	(1,266)
Share of other comprehensive expenses of an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,556)	(31,788)	-	-	(46,344)	-	(46,344)
Reserves released on disposal of subsidiaries (note 30)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	978	-	-	978	-	978
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,556)	(32,076)	-	(902,258)	(948,890)	(1,328)	(950,218)
Share of equity transactions of an associate	-	-	-	-	(2,730)	-	-	-	-	2,730	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,734	2,734
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 30)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,440)	-	-	-	5,440	-	-	-
Transfer upon classification of interest in an associate as asset held for sale (note 22)	-	-	20,513	-	(10,142)	-	88,396	13,427	(122,336)	10,142	-	-	-
At 31st March, 2020	20,183	959,550	-	908	-	-	-	(1,920)	(122,336)	(332,667)	523,718	6,205	529,923

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Attributable to the owners of the Company												
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Reserve on acquisition HK\$'000 <i>(Note)</i>	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Other reserve HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to asset held for sale HK\$'000	Accumulated profits (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 31st March, 2020 and 1st April, 2020	20,183	959,550	-	908	-	-	-	(1,920)	(122,336)	(332,667)	523,718	6,205	529,923
Profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,056	167,056	(603)	166,453
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,345	-	-	5,345	-	5,345
Reserves released on disposal of an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,427	-	13,427	-	13,427
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,345	13,427	167,056	185,828	(603)	185,225
Disposal of an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108,909	(108,909)	-	-	-
At 31st March, 2021	20,183	959,550	-	908	-	-	-	3,425	-	(274,520)	709,546	5,602	715,148

Note: The reserve on acquisition represents the Group's share of differences between the fair value and the attributable carrying amount of the attributable underlying assets and liabilities in relation to the acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries by an associate.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	NOTES	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit (loss) before taxation		166,458	(903,771)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,153	1,639
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		8,168	8,815
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		9	22
Interest income		(4,502)	(9,200)
Interest expenses		1,148	2,160
Net (gain) loss on financial instruments		(48,177)	374,479
Gain on disposal of an associate		(163,480)	–
Share of results of an associate		–	135,334
Impairment loss on interest in an associate		–	345,687
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries		–	330
Allowances for inventories		–	3,335
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		(38,223)	(41,170)
Increase in inventories		(55,426)	(34,982)
Decrease in debtors, deposits and prepayments		1,625	19,434
Decrease in loan receivable		–	15,600
Change in derivative financial instruments		3,876	–
Decrease (increase) in equity investments held for trading		4,170	(694)
Decrease in other payables and accrued expenses		(902)	(5,919)
Increase in contract liabilities		55,164	2,522
Cash used in operations		(29,716)	(45,209)
Interest received		504	9,905
Tax paid		(5)	(135)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(29,217)	(35,439)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from disposal of an associate	22	196,687	–
Loan to a third party		15,600	52,000
Withdrawal of (placements in) restricted deposits with brokers		1,950	(1,950)
Interest received		502	1,926
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		32	92
Repayment of loan to a third party		(15,600)	(52,000)
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(2,157)	(3,171)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of	30	–	37,336
Capital distribution from financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		–	22,085
Cash inflow on acquisition of subsidiaries not constituting a business	31	–	658
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		197,014	56,976

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of lease liabilities	(7,272)	(8,495)
Interest paid	(414)	(428)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(7,686)	(8,923)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	160,111	12,614
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BROUGHT FORWARD	77,938	66,619
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	1,276	(1,295)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CARRIED FORWARD, represented by bank balances and cash	239,325	77,938

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

1. GENERAL

PT International Development Corporation Limited (the “**Company**”) is an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability. Its shares are listed on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Hong Kong Stock Exchange**”). The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the “Corporate Information” section of this annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company’s principal subsidiaries (the Company together with the Company’s subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are set out in note 36.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“**HK\$**”), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“**HKFRSs**”)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the “Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards” and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1st April, 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The application of the “Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards” and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments ⁵
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁶
Amendment to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions ¹
Amendment to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30th June, 2021 ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020 ⁴

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st June, 2020

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2021

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2022

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2023

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 16 “Leases” (“**HKFRS 16**”), and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 “Inventories” or value in use in HKAS 36 “Impairment of Assets” (“**HKAS 36**”).

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs).

Acquisition of subsidiaries not constituting a business

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to financial assets and financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

Interest in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" ("**HKFRS 5**"). Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Interest in an associate (continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("**HKFRS 9**"), the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal of the relevant associate.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interest in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Non-current asset held for sale

Non-current asset is classified as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset and its sale is highly probable. The management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment in an associate, the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the time when the investment is classified as held for sale.

Non-current asset classified as held for sale is measured at the lower of its previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

On classification of the Group's non-current asset as held for sale, amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to assets held for sale are separately presented under "Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to asset held for sale" reserve within equity.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date (for example, a service contract in which the Group bills a fixed amount for each month of service provided), the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Variable consideration

For contracts that contain variable consideration, the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled using the most likely amount which best predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer of the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

For contracts where the Group transferred the associated goods or services before payments from customers in which the Group adjusts for the promised amount of consideration for significant financing components, the Group applies a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. The Group recognises interest income during the period between the payment from customers and the transfer of the associated goods or services.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Principal versus agent

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party. In this case, the Group does not control the specified good or service provided by another party before that good or service is transferred to the customer. When the Group acts as an agent, it recognises revenue in the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the specified goods or services to be provided by the other party.

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component and are accounted for by applying other applicable standards.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment; or
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of the translation reserve (attributable to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no further related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become available. Such grants are presented under "other income, other gains and losses" line item.

Employee benefits

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees after deducting any amount already paid.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit/loss before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interest in an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interest are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, other than construction in progress. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Construction in progress is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than construction in progress) less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset are estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less costs necessary to make the sale.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Restoration provisions

Provisions for the costs to restore leased assets to their original condition, as required by the terms and conditions of the lease, are recognised at the date of inception of the lease at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to restore the assets. Estimates are regularly reviewed and adjusted as appropriate for new circumstances.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (“**FVTPL**”)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income which is derived from the Group’s ordinary course of business is presented as revenue.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 “Business Combinations” (“**HKFRS 3**”) applies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that is required to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“**FVTOCI**”) as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

- (i) **Amortised cost and interest income**
Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.
- (ii) **Financial assets at FVTPL**
Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated at FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the “net gain (loss) on financial instruments” line item.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(iii) Equity investments held for trading

Equity investments held for trading are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the equity investments and is included in the “net gain (loss) on financial instruments” line item.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss (“**ECL**”) model on financial assets (including debt instrument at amortised cost, trade and other debtors and deposits, restricted deposits with brokers and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL (“**12m ECL**”) represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group’s historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For the Group’s financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default; (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade debtors where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies; (ii) held for trading; or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (representing other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting a financial asset and a financial liability

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgment that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Principal versus agent consideration (principal)

The Group engages in trading of commodities. The Group concluded that the Group acts as the principal for such transactions as it controls the specified good before it is transferred to the customer after taking into consideration that the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the goods. The Group is also subject to inventory risk. When the Group satisfies the performance obligation, the Group recognises trading revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled as specified in the contracts.

During the year ended 31st March, 2021, the Group recognised revenue relating to trading of commodities amounting to HK\$1,462,355,000 (2020: HK\$1,239,851,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue from contracts with customers		
– Trading income	1,462,355	1,244,356
– Insurance brokerage income	1,862	–
– Management and other related service income	–	628
	1,464,217	1,244,984
Interest under effective interest method		
– Interest income from provision of finance	–	3,263
– Interest income from investment	4,000	4,011
	4,000	7,274
Leases – property rental income	–	203
	1,468,217	1,252,461

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Revenue (continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Types of goods or services		
Trading income		
– Metals	1,344,572	1,239,851
– Chemicals and energy	117,783	–
– Fisheries	–	4,505
	1,462,355	1,244,356
Insurance brokerage income	1,862	–
Management and other related service income	–	628
	1,464,217	1,244,984
Geographical location (based on the locations of transactions conducted)		
Hong Kong	1,380,206	996,778
The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") excluding Hong Kong	84,011	243,073
Canada	–	628
Sri Lanka	–	4,505
	1,464,217	1,244,984

Revenue from trading of commodities is recognised at a point in time when the control of the goods is transferred to the customers upon delivery of the goods. Revenue from trading of commodities is either receipt in advance in full or is granted with an average credit term of 90 days. Contracts with customers in relation to the trading of commodities are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("HKFRS 15"), the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts are not disclosed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Revenue (continued)

Revenue from provision of insurance brokerage services is recognised at a point in time when (i) the terms of the insurance policy have been contractually agreed by the insurer and policyholder; and (ii) the insurer has received or has a present right to payment from the policyholder. With respect to recognition of insurance brokerage service income, the Group assessed whether it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur once the uncertainty related to the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The directors of the Company consider that the likelihood and the magnitude of the reversal of insurance brokerage income recognised are not significant. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts are not disclosed.

On 9th November, 2020, the Group entered into a management agreement (the “**Management Agreement**”) with Thousand Vantage Investment Limited (“**Thousand Vantage**”), in which the Group subscribed its preference shares (details as set out in note 15), pursuant to which Thousand Vantage agreed to appoint the Group on an exclusive basis to provide advisory, management and administrative services to Thousand Vantage and its subsidiaries (the “**Thousand Vantage Group**”). The Group is entitled to management fee as remuneration calculated at 48.75% of the applicable net profit of the Thousand Vantage Group, subject to adjustments as appropriate. Thousand Vantage is a company incorporated in Hong Kong which holds 75% equity interests in a subsidiary established in the PRC which is principally engaged in the provision of petrochemical port and storage services as well as port-related services. Details of the Management Agreement are disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 9th November, 2020.

Management fee income for the year ended 31st March, 2021 derived from the provision of advisory, management and administrative services to the Thousand Vantage Group arises from contracts with customers and is to be recognised over time because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs. Such fee income is recognised based on the above calculation formula and is to be attributable to the “others” segment. No management fee income is recognised for the year ended 31st March, 2021 as the Thousand Vantage Group was in a net loss position for the year. The transaction price allocated to this unsatisfied contract is not disclosed due to the variable consideration constraint.

For the year ended 31st March, 2020, revenue from the provision of management and other related services is recognised over time using the output method. The Group applied the practical expedient to recognise the revenue in an amount to which the Group has the right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed. The credit terms of such management and other service income normally ranged from 30 days to 90 days.

Set out below is the reconciliation of revenue from contracts with customers with amounts disclosed in the segment information.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Revenue (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Trading HK\$'000	Long-term investment HK\$'000	Chemical HK\$'000	Financial institute business HK\$'000	Finance HK\$'000	Other investment HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Trading income	1,462,355	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,462,355
Insurance brokerage income	-	-	-	1,862	-	-	-	1,862
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,462,355	-	-	1,862	-	-	-	1,464,217
Interest under effective interest method - interest income from investment	-	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	4,000
Total revenue	1,462,355	4,000	-	1,862	-	-	-	1,468,217

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Revenue (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

	Trading HK\$'000	Long-term investment HK\$'000	Chemical HK\$'000	Finance HK\$'000	Other investment HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Trading income	1,244,356	-	-	-	-	-	1,244,356
Management and other related service income	-	-	-	-	-	628	628
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,244,356	-	-	-	-	628	1,244,984
Interest income from provision of finance	-	-	-	3,263	-	-	3,263
Interest income from investment	-	4,011	-	-	-	-	4,011
Interest under effective interest method	-	4,011	-	3,263	-	-	7,274
Revenue arising from leases - property rental income	-	-	-	-	-	203	203
Total revenue	1,244,356	4,011	-	3,263	-	831	1,252,461

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information

The Group's operating segments, based on information reported to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), being the executive directors of the Company, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment are as follows:

Trading	-	trading of commodities
Long-term investment	-	investments including long-term debt instruments and equity investments
Chemical	-	chemical storage services (<i>Note (a)</i>)
Financial institute business	-	provision of asset management, insurance brokerage and related services (<i>Note (b)</i>)
Finance	-	loan financing services
Other investment	-	investment in trading of securities
Others	-	leasing of investment properties and management services

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Group acquired, through the acquisition of subsidiaries, a right to use a parcel of reclaimed land and certain chemical storages and related facilities under construction thereon for the provision of chemical storage services. The segment has not commenced operation at the end of the reporting period. Details of the acquisition are disclosed in note 31.
- (b) During the year ended 31st March, 2021, the Group identified financial institute business as a new operating segment under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" under which the Group provides asset management, insurance brokerage and related services.

Information regarding the above operating segments, which are also reportable segments of the Group, is reported below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments:

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Trading HK\$'000	Long-term investment HK\$'000	Chemical HK\$'000	Financial institute business HK\$'000	Finance HK\$'000	Other investment HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
SEGMENT REVENUE								
External sales	1,462,355	4,000	-	1,862	-	-	-	1,468,217
RESULTS								
Segment results	3,418	44,804	(2,871)	(6,503)	-	1,428	-	40,276
Central administration costs								(38,111)
Other income, other gains and losses								1,961
Gain on disposal of an associate								163,480
Finance costs								(1,148)
Profit before taxation								166,458

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Segment revenue and results (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

	Trading HK\$'000	Long-term investment HK\$'000	Chemical HK\$'000	Finance HK\$'000	Other investment HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
SEGMENT REVENUE							
External sales	1,244,356	4,011	-	3,263	-	831	1,252,461
RESULTS							
Segment results	(6,012)	(376,199)	(1,627)	3,240	(1,157)	(5)	(381,760)
Central administration costs							(40,136)
Other income, other gains and losses							1,306
Finance costs							(2,160)
Share of results of an associate							(135,334)
Impairment loss on interest in an associate							(345,687)
Loss before taxation							(903,771)

Segment result represents the result of each segment without allocation of central administration costs, including directors' salaries, certain other income, other gains and losses, finance costs and items related to interest in an associate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

As at 31st March, 2021

	Trading	Long-term investment	Chemical	Financial institute business	Finance	Other investment	Others	Segment total	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
SEGMENT ASSETS										
Segment assets	140,845	401,535	40,507	12,642	-	4,961	-	600,490	-	600,490
Unallocated corporate assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,547	188,547
Total assets	<u>140,845</u>	<u>401,535</u>	<u>40,507</u>	<u>12,642</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,961</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,490</u>	<u>188,547</u>	<u>789,037</u>

As at 31st March, 2020

	Trading	Long-term investment	Chemical	Finance	Other investment	Others	Segment total	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
SEGMENT ASSETS									
Segment assets	59,919	352,771	35,369	-	6,109	-	454,168	-	454,168
Asset classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,780	19,780
Unallocated corporate assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,261	73,261
Total assets	<u>59,919</u>	<u>352,771</u>	<u>35,369</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>454,168</u>	<u>93,041</u>	<u>547,209</u>

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources among segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segment other than asset classified as held for sale, certain property, plant and equipment, certain right-of-use assets, certain debtors, deposits and prepayments and certain bank balances and cash.
- no segment liabilities information is provided as no such information is regularly provided to the CODM of the Group on making decision for resources allocation and performance assessment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Other information

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Trading	Long-term investment	Chemical	Financial institute business	Finance	Other Investment	Others	Segment total	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measurement of segment results or segment assets:										
Additions to property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	247	-	-	-	247	1,910	2,157
Additions to right-of-use assets	618	-	-	1,089	-	-	-	1,707	8,341	10,048
Depreciation	1,458	-	518	1,831	-	-	-	3,807	6,514	10,321
Interest income	-	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	502	4,502
Net (loss) gain on financial instruments	(9,550)	45,262	-	-	-	1,428	-	37,140	-	37,140

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Other information (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

	Trading	Long-term investment	Chemical	Finance	Other investment	Others	Segment total	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measurement of segment results or segment assets:									
Additions to property, plant and equipment									
- through acquisition of subsidiaries (<i>note 31</i>)	-	-	23,773	-	-	-	23,773	-	23,773
- additions	73	-	-	-	-	-	73	3,098	3,171
Addition to right-of-use assets									
- through acquisition of subsidiaries (<i>note 31</i>)	-	-	11,239	-	-	-	11,239	-	11,239
- new lease entered	-	-	791	-	-	-	791	-	791
Depreciation	2,182	-	226	-	-	-	2,408	8,046	10,454
Interest income	-	4,011	-	3,263	-	-	7,274	1,926	9,200
Allowances for inventories	3,335	-	-	-	-	-	3,335	-	3,335
Net loss on financial instruments	1,010	377,198	-	-	1,157	-	379,365	-	379,365

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment information (continued)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, the PRC and Mauritius (2020: Hong Kong, the PRC, Canada, Sri Lanka).

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers or counterparties is presented based on the locations of transactions conducted. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the physical locations of the assets.

	Revenue		Carrying amount of non-current assets (Note)	
	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Hong Kong	1,384,206	1,004,052	9,280	6,151
The PRC, excluding Hong Kong	84,011	243,073	38,912	37,044
Canada	–	831	–	–
Sri Lanka	–	4,505	–	–
Mauritius	–	–	82	–
	1,468,217	1,252,461	48,274	43,195

Note: Non-current assets exclude financial assets.

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

Customer	Segment	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Customer A	Trading	–	233,627
Customer B	Trading	228,969	207,641
Customer C	Trading	N/A ¹	196,631
Customer D	Trading	N/A ¹	187,534
Customer E	Trading	364,937	–

¹ The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

Revenue by products, services and investments

The Group's major revenue by services and investments was disclosed above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

6. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors and the chief executive were as follows:

(a) Directors' emoluments

	Fees <i>HK\$'000</i>	Salaries and other benefits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Retirement benefit scheme contributions <i>HK\$'000</i>	Discretionary bonus <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
2021					
<i>Executive directors:</i>					
Ching Man Chun, Louis <i>(chief executive)</i>	10	5,482	18	380	5,890
Xu Wei	10	894	18	70	992
Sue Ka Lok	10	390	20	-	420
Heinrich Grabner	10	2,016	18	168	2,212
Yeung Kim Ting	10	2,094	18	150	2,272
<i>Independent non-executive directors:</i>					
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	150	-	-	-	150
Yam Kwong Chun	150	-	-	-	150
Lam Yik Tung	150	-	-	-	150
Total	500	10,876	92	768	12,236

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For the year ended 31st March, 2021

6. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other benefits HK\$'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions HK\$'000	Discretionary bonus HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
2020					
<i>Executive directors:</i>					
Ching Man Chun, Louis (<i>chief executive</i>)	10	4,560	18	-	4,588
Xu Wei	10	851	18	55	934
Gary Alexander Crestejo (<i>resigned on 1st November, 2019</i>)	7	320	12	-	339
Sue Ka Lok	10	390	20	-	420
Heinrich Grabner (<i>appointed on 1st November, 2019</i>)	4	840	7	133	984
Yeung Kim Ting (<i>redesignated from independent non-executive director on 8th July, 2019</i>)	7	1,316	14	-	1,337
<i>Independent non-executive directors:</i>					
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	150	-	-	-	150
Yam Kwong Chun	150	-	-	-	150
Yeung Kim Ting (<i>redesignated to executive director on 8th July, 2019</i>)	40	-	-	-	40
Lam Yik Tung (<i>appointed on 8th July, 2019</i>)	110	-	-	-	110
Total	498	8,277	89	188	9,052

Ching Man Chun, Louis is the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive of the Company.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

6. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

(b) Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included three (2020: three) directors of the Company, details of whose emoluments are set out in note (a) above. Amounts disclosed as follows represent the remuneration of the remaining two (2020: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company during the year.

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	2,534	1,988
Discretionary bonus	174	160
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	36	36
	2,744	2,184

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	Number of individuals	
	2021	2020
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	–	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	–

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals and directors of the Company, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. In addition, neither the chief executive nor any of the directors has waived any emoluments during the year.

The discretionary bonus is based on the directors' and employees' skills, knowledge and involvement in the Group's affairs and determined by reference to the Group's performance, as well as remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

7. OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(9)	(22)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries (<i>note 30</i>)	–	(330)
Net foreign exchange loss	(50)	(270)
Bank interest income	164	872
Interest income on loan to a third party	338	1,054
Government grants	1,419	–
Others	1,376	1,378
	3,238	2,682

Government grants of HK\$1,419,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2021 mainly represent Covid-19-related subsidies from the Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong government.

8. NET GAIN (LOSS) ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Increase (decrease) in fair values of financial assets at FVTPL	45,262	(377,198)
Increase (decrease) in fair value of equity investments held for trading	1,428	(1,157)
Decrease in fair values of derivative financial instruments	(9,550)	(1,010)
	37,140	(379,365)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Interest on lease liabilities	414	428
Interest on discounted bills without recourse	734	1,732
	1,148	2,160

10. PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit (loss) before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments:		
Salaries and other benefits	28,146	26,304
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	459	579
	28,605	26,883
Auditor's remuneration – audit services	1,592	1,774
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,153	1,639
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8,168	8,815
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense, including allowances for inventories of HK\$3,335,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (2021: Nil)	1,433,997	1,239,909
Rental income under operating leases, net of negligible outgoings, in respect of investment properties	–	(203)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CREDIT)

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Underprovision (overprovision) in prior years in respect of:		
PRC Enterprise Income Tax (" EIT ")	–	(185)
Hong Kong Profits Tax	<u>5</u>	<u>–</u>
	<u>5</u>	<u>(185)</u>

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31st March, 2021 as the Group's assessable profits for the year are absorbed by tax losses carried forward. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31st March, 2020 as the Group had no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year.

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "**EIT Law**") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, PRC EIT is calculated at 25% of the assessable profits for the subsidiaries in the PRC. No provision for EIT has been made as the Group has no assessable profits arising in the PRC for both years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CREDIT) (continued)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit (loss) before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit (loss) before taxation	166,458	(903,771)
Tax charge (credit) at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5%	27,466	(149,122)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	10,901	126,867
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	(38,178)	(1,615)
Underprovision (overprovision) in prior years	5	(185)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	653	1,990
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(685)	–
Tax effect of share of results of an associate	–	22,330
Effect of different tax rates applicable to subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	(157)	(450)
Income tax expense (credit) for the year	5	(185)

At 31st March, 2021, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$283,684,000 (2020: HK\$284,826,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

12. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings (loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic earnings (loss) per share	167,056	(902,258)

	Number of shares	
	2021	2020
Number of shares for the purpose of basic earnings (loss) per share	2,018,282,827	2,018,282,827

For the year ended 31st March, 2021, no diluted earnings per share is presented as the Company has no potential ordinary shares in issue.

For the year ended 31st March, 2020, no diluted loss per share is presented as the Company and the Group's associate had no potential ordinary shares in issue.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Office equipment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Motor vehicles <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures <i>HK\$'000</i>	Construction in progress <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
COST					
At 1st April, 2019	5,155	329	2,643	-	8,127
Additions	166	3,000	5	-	3,171
Acquisition of subsidiaries (<i>note 31</i>)	-	-	-	23,773	23,773
Disposal of subsidiaries (<i>note 30</i>)	(3,426)	(209)	(703)	-	(4,338)
Disposals	(4)	(140)	-	-	(144)
Exchange realignment	(35)	-	-	(97)	(132)
At 31st March, 2020	1,856	2,980	1,945	23,676	30,457
Additions	160	-	1,997	-	2,157
Disposals	(200)	-	(1,443)	-	(1,643)
Exchange realignment	38	-	-	2,553	2,591
At 31st March, 2021	1,854	2,980	2,499	26,229	33,562
DEPRECIATION					
At 1st April, 2019	3,779	74	1,550	-	5,403
Provided for the year	697	471	471	-	1,639
Disposal of subsidiaries (<i>note 30</i>)	(3,246)	(70)	(542)	-	(3,858)
Eliminated on disposals	(2)	(28)	-	-	(30)
Exchange realignment	(20)	-	-	-	(20)
At 31st March, 2020	1,208	447	1,479	-	3,134
Provided for the year	527	596	1,030	-	2,153
Eliminated on disposals	(164)	-	(1,438)	-	(1,602)
Exchange realignment	28	-	-	-	28
At 31st March, 2021	1,599	1,043	1,071	-	3,713
CARRYING VALUES					
At 31st March, 2021	255	1,937	1,428	26,229	29,849
At 31st March, 2020	648	2,533	466	23,676	27,323



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For the year ended 31st March, 2021

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment, after taking into account the residual values, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Office equipment	20% – 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Motor vehicles	20%
Leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures	20% or over the terms of the leases, as appropriate

14. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leasehold land <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leased properties <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31st March, 2021			
Carrying amount	11,791	6,634	18,425
As at 31st March, 2020			
Carrying amount	10,972	4,900	15,872
For the year ended 31st March, 2021			
Depreciation charge	271	7,897	8,168
For the year ended 31st March, 2020			
Depreciation charge	158	8,657	8,815
		Year ended 31.3.2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Year ended 31.3.2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Expenses relating to short-term leases		114	200
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets		53	59
Total cash outflow for leases		7,853	9,182
Additions to right-of-use assets			
– through acquisition of subsidiaries as disclosed in note 31		–	11,239
– additions during the year		10,048	791
Adjustments arising from lease modifications		(441)	–

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

14. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

The Group leases office premises for its operations. The lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms of two to three years (2020: two to three years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the relevant lease terms of two to three years.

During the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Group acquired, through the acquisition of subsidiaries as disclosed in note 31, a right to use a parcel of reclaimed land constructed on a sea plot in Yangkou Port, Nantong of the PRC and certain construction in progress of chemical storage and related facilities under construction located on the constructed land. The sea area use right has a remaining lease term of 42 years and will expire in 2061. The consideration on the date of acquisition of the subsidiaries allocated to the sea area use right (recognised in right-of-use assets) and the construction in progress (recognised in property, plant and equipment) amounted to HK\$11,239,000 and HK\$23,773,000, respectively. Details of the acquisition of assets through acquisition of subsidiaries are disclosed in note 31.

In addition, lease liabilities of HK\$6,853,000 (2020: HK\$4,698,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$6,634,000 (2020: HK\$4,900,000) as at 31st March, 2021. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for office premises. As at 31st March, 2021 and 2020, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

15. DEBT INSTRUMENT AT AMORTISED COST

In April 2018, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage pursuant to which the Group as a subscriber agreed to subscribe and Thousand Vantage, as issuer, agreed to allot and issue 100 preference shares at a total subscription price of HK\$200,000,000. The preference shares confer the Group the right to receive cumulative fixed preferential dividend at the rate of 2% per annum of the subscription price up to the redemption date of 16th April, 2020. The preference shares are guaranteed by the sole shareholder of Thousand Vantage (the “**Guarantor**”) who has executed a share charge in favour of the Group relating to all shares of Thousand Vantage (the “**Share Charge**”).

The preference shares are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the preference shares in order to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms of the preference shares give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Accordingly, the preference shares subscribed are accounted for as a debt instrument measured at amortised cost.

During the year ended 31st March, 2021, dividends arising on the preference shares amounting to HK\$4,000,000 (2020: HK\$4,011,000) are recognised in profit or loss as interest income from investments (included in revenue).

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15. DEBT INSTRUMENT AT AMORTISED COST (continued)

On 9th November, 2020, the Group entered into a supplemental agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor pursuant to which the parties conditionally agreed to extend the redemption date of the preference shares from the original redemption date of 16th April, 2020 to the new redemption date of 16th April, 2022 (the “**Extension**”). Save for the Extension, other principal terms of the preference shares remain the same.

No significant ECL is recognised as the Group’s exposure to credit losses is minimal considering the underlying value of the Share Charge held by the Group.

On 29th March, 2021, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor (the “**Subscription**”) to subscribe for 668,571,429 new ordinary shares (the “**Subscription Shares**”) of Thousand Vantage at a subscription price (the “**Subscription Price**”), being the redemption amount (the “**Redemption Amount**”) which is the aggregate sum of the subscription price for the preference shares of HK\$200,000,000 and all the accrued and unpaid dividends on the preference shares up to the date of completion. Further details are set out in note 38.

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Unlisted fund (Note (a))	197,704	140,769
Unlisted equity investment (Note (b))	–	11,673
	197,704	152,442

Notes:

(a) Unlisted fund

On 21st June, 2018, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with certain independent third parties pursuant to which the Group agreed to subscribe for shares of a private equity fund established in Korea (the “**Fund**”), as a limited partner, for an aggregate consideration of United States Dollar (“**US\$**”) 20,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$156,000,000) in cash. The Fund principally invests in shares of companies listed on the Korea Exchange. The Fund is managed by a fund manager, while limited partners of the Fund do not have rights to engage in the management of the Fund. The Group, as a limited partner in the Fund, does not have the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Fund. As such, the Group does not have significant influence over the Fund and the Fund is not accounted for as an associate. The shares of the Fund held by the Group represent approximately 29.71% (2020: 29.71%) of the issued share capital of the Fund as at 31st March, 2021.

The Fund is accounted for as a financial asset at FVTPL. As at 31st March, 2021, the fair value of the Fund is HK\$197,704,000 (2020: HK\$140,769,000). During the year ended 31st March, 2021, fair value gain of HK\$56,935,000 (2020: fair value loss of HK\$373,271,000) was recognised in profit or loss. Details of the fair value measurements of the Fund are disclosed in note 28. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Fund is held for long-term strategic investment purposes and as such, the investment is classified as non-current.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Unlisted equity investment

In December 2018, the Group entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Group agreed to subscribe for shares of an exempted limited partnership incorporated in Cayman Islands (the "Investment"), as a limited partner, for an aggregate consideration of US\$2,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$15,600,000) in cash. The Investment principally invests in private entities engaged in Korean Pop Music academy and agency business in Korea. The Group, as a limited partner in the Investment, does not have the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Investment. As such, the Group does not have significant influence over the Investment and the Investment is not accounted for as an associate. The subscription was completed in January 2019. The shares of the Investment held by the Group represent 20% (2020: 20%) of the issued share capital of the Investment as at 31st March, 2021.

The Investment is accounted for as a financial asset at FVTPL. During the year ended 31st March, 2021, fair value loss of HK\$11,673,000 (2020: HK\$3,927,000) was recognised in profit or loss. The Investment has nil fair value as at 31st March, 2021 (2020: HK\$11,673,000) as the directors of the Company determine that the Investment is unable to generate future cash flows to the Group due to significant financial difficulties of the Investment in the current year causing suspension of business operations and even possible cessation of business in the foreseeable future. Details of the fair value measurements of the Investment are disclosed in note 28.

17. INVENTORIES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Goods held for sale less allowances	86,682	31,256

18. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Trade debtors – interest	3,825	329
Prepaid expenses, deposits and other receivables	5,228	7,697
	9,053	8,026

As at 1st April, 2019, trade debtors arising from contracts with customers amounted to HK\$1,932,000.

There are no credit terms granted by the Group for interest receivable.

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18. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade debtors presented based on the date of recognition of interest income at the end of the reporting period:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Trade debtors		
0-30 days	340	329
31-60 days	307	-
61-90 days	340	-
Over 90 days	2,838	-
	3,825	329

Details of impairment assessment of trade debtors are set out in note 28.

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group entered into commodities forward contracts during the years ended 31st March, 2021 and 2020.

	2021		2020	
	Assets <i>HK\$'000</i>	Liabilities <i>HK\$'000</i>	Assets <i>HK\$'000</i>	Liabilities <i>HK\$'000</i>
Aluminium forward contracts	2,685	3,145	4,083	2,364
Nickel forward contracts	3,421	-	2,430	273
	6,106	3,145	6,513	2,637

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For the year ended 31st March, 2021

19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The fair value loss recognised during the year ended 31st March, 2021 amounted to HK\$9,550,000 (2020: HK\$1,010,000). The summary of outstanding derivative contracts as at 31st March, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

As at 31st March, 2021

Contract type	Commodities forward contracts	Quantity (tons)	Average exercise price (US\$)	Maturity date
Buy	Aluminium	10,828	2,184.04	April 2021 to June 2021
Sell	Aluminium	10,752	2,170.28	April 2021 to June 2021
Sell	Nickel	168	18,661.00	June 2021

As at 31st March, 2020

Contract type	Commodities forward contracts	Quantity (tons)	Average exercise price (US\$)	Maturity date
Buy	Aluminium	3,500	1,574.24	April 2020 to September 2020
Buy	Nickel	120	11,140.00	April 2020
Sell	Aluminium	3,700	1,643.22	April 2020 to September 2020
Sell	Nickel	360	12,110.87	April 2020

20. EQUITY INVESTMENTS HELD FOR TRADING

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Financial asset carried at FVTPL:		
Listed equity securities in the United States (2020: Hong Kong)	1,893	6,109

The fair value measurement of listed equity securities is categorised as Level 1 as the fair value of the investment was determined by quoted bid prices in an active market.



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21. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS WITH BROKERS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Restricted deposits with brokers

The non-interest bearing restricted deposits with brokers represent margin deposits placed with clearing brokers.

Bank balances

Bank balances carried interests ranging from 0.01% to 2.25% (2020: 0.01% to 2.25%) per annum.

22. DISPOSAL OF INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/ASSET CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

Impairment loss on interest in an associate during the year ended 31st March, 2020

As at 30th September, 2019, the directors of the Company performed impairment assessment of the interest in an associate listed in Hong Kong (i.e. Blue River Holding Limited (previously known as PYI Corporation Limited) ("**Blue River**")) and determined the recoverable amount to be the fair value less cost of disposal (which is based on quoted prices in an active market for the identical asset directly and categorised as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy) as the fair value less cost of disposal was higher than the value in use.

To assess the value in use as at 30th September, 2019 for the purpose of the impairment test, the directors of the Company considered the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the associate and from its ultimate disposal. The directors of the Company anticipated that Blue River would continue to focus on divesting its ports and logistics business and refocus on other bulk commodities businesses with higher growth potential, in particular the liquefied natural gas business, rather than to return the gain on divestment to shareholders through declaration of dividends in the foreseeable term. Accordingly, the directors of the Company revised their estimates of future dividends to be received from Blue River and determined that the value in use of the interest in the associate as at 30th September, 2019 to be lower than its fair value less cost of disposal. As such, the fair value less cost of disposal was used as the recoverable amount of the interest in the associate.

As the recoverable amount of the interest in the associate was less than its then carrying amount, a further impairment loss of HK\$345,687,000 was recognised in profit or loss during the six months ended 30th September, 2019. As there is no favourable change of the business of the associate subsequent to 30th September, 2019, no reversal of impairment loss was made as at 31st March, 2020.

Asset held for sale as at 31st March, 2020

As at 31st March, 2020, the Group was in the process of disposing of its entire 23.65% equity interests in Blue River. Negotiations with an interested party had already taken place, and the directors of the Company were committed to sell the equity interests in the associate within twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The interest in the associate with carrying amount of HK\$19,780,000 as at 31st March, 2020 had been reclassified as asset held for sale and was presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st March, 2020. The net proceeds of disposal were expected to exceed the carrying amount of the interest in the associate. Accordingly, no further impairment losses had been recognised during the year ended 31st March, 2020.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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22. DISPOSAL OF INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/ASSET CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (continued)

Disposal of interest in an associate during the year ended 31st March, 2021

On 7th April, 2020, the Group entered into a conditional agreement with an independent third party for the disposal of its 19.57% equity interests in Blue River (the “Disposal”) at a consideration of HK\$181,440,000, subject to adjustments. As a conditional precedent to the Disposal, the Group has agreed to place the remaining 4.08% equity interests in Blue River to independent third parties by way of placing before completion of the Disposal (the “Placing”), after which the Group and the Company will no longer hold any shares of Blue River after the Placing and the Disposal.

The Placing and the Disposal was completed on 24th June, 2020 and 6th July, 2020, respectively. The Group received net proceeds from the Placing and the Disposal amounting to HK\$15,337,000 and HK\$181,350,000, respectively and recognised a total gain on disposal of interest in the associate of HK\$163,480,000 in profit or loss, calculated as follows:

	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Net proceeds received from the Placing and the Disposal	196,687
Less: Carrying amount of 23.65% equity interests in Blue River (included in asset held for sale as at 31st March, 2020)	(19,780)
Reclassification of cumulative share of translation reserve of the associate upon disposal of the associate	(13,427)
	<u>163,480</u>
Gain on disposal of an associate recognised in profit or loss	<u>163,480</u>

23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Receipt in advance for sales of goods	<u>57,686</u>	<u>2,522</u>

Amount represents consideration received from customers in advance of delivery of goods in respect of the trading segment.

As at 1st April, 2019, there were no contract liabilities.

Contract liabilities amounting to HK\$2,522,000 (2020: Nil) at the beginning of the year has been recognised as revenue during the year ended 31st March, 2021.

The significant increase in contract liabilities in the current year was mainly due to the increase in advances from customers in advance of the delivery of goods near the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

24. LEASE LIABILITIES

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Lease liabilities payable:		
Within one year	5,344	4,416
Within a period of more than one year but not more than two years	1,509	282
	6,853	4,698
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	(5,344)	(4,416)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	1,509	282

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 5.50% (2020: 5.20%) per annum.

25. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Value <i>HK\$'000</i>
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each:		
Authorised:		
At 1st April, 2019, 31st March, 2020 and 2021	102,800,000,000	1,028,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1st April, 2019, 31st March, 2020 and 2021	2,018,282,827	20,183

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

26. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company's existing share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") was adopted at the annual general meeting of the Company on 19th August, 2011 (the "**Adoption Date**").

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive or reward to eligible persons for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Company and its subsidiaries and/or any invested entity(ies) and its subsidiaries.

The board of directors (the "**Board of Directors**") of the Company may in its absolute discretion, subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, grant options to, inter alia, employees or executives, including executive directors of the Company, the controlling shareholder of the Company and any invested entity and their respective subsidiaries, non-executive directors of the Company and any invested entity and their respective subsidiaries, supplier, advisor, agent, consultant or contractor for the provision of goods or services to any member of the Group or any invested entity and its subsidiaries and any vendor, customer or celebrity of any member of the Group or any invested entity and its subsidiaries or any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group and any invested entity and its subsidiaries.

At the time of adoption by the Company of the Share Option Scheme on 19th August, 2011, the aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) adopted by the Company must not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at the date of shareholders' approval of the Share Option Scheme. The Company may refresh such limit by an ordinary resolution of its shareholders at a general meeting provided that the limit so refreshed does not exceed 10% of the then total number of issued shares of the Company as at the date(s) of the shareholders' approvals. Share options previously granted under any share option scheme(s) (including options outstanding, cancelled, or lapsed in accordance with the relevant scheme rules or exercised options) shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed. As at the date of which these consolidated financial statements authorised for issuance, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 201,828,823 (2020: 201,828,283) shares, which represented approximately 10% (2020: 10%) of the number of shares in issue of the Company as at the date of which these consolidated financial statements authorised for issuance. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the total number of issued shares of the Company from time to time.

Unless approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting, the total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted (whether exercised, cancelled or outstanding) under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company to any eligible person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of further grant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of the Company's shares in issue from time to time. Options granted to a substantial shareholder and/or an independent non-executive director of the Company or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) in any 12-month period in excess of 0.1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue and having an aggregate value exceeding HK\$5 million must be approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting in advance.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

26. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The period within which the options may be exercised under the Share Option Scheme will be determined by the directors of the Company at the time of grant. This period must expire in any event not later than the day falling 10 years after the date on which the offer relating to such option is duly approved by the Board of Directors. The Share Option Scheme does not provide for any minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. Options may be granted at an initial payment of HK\$1.00 for each acceptance of grant of option(s). The directors of the Company shall specify a date, being a date not later than 30 days after (i) the date on which the offer of the options is issued, or (ii) the date on which the conditions for the offer are satisfied, by which the eligible person must accept the offer or be deemed to have declined it.

The exercise price of the options will be determined by the directors of the Company (subject to adjustments as provided in the rules of the Share Option Scheme) which shall not be lower than the nominal value of the shares of the Company and shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer.

Subject to early termination in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme, the Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing after the Adoption Date, after which period no further options shall be granted.

As at 31st March, 2021 and 2020, there were no outstanding share options granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the current and prior years.

27. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to owners of the Company through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital less accumulated losses and other reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Held for trading	1,893	6,109
Others	197,704	152,442
Derivative financial instruments	6,106	6,513
Amortised cost	447,128	287,015
Financial liabilities		
Derivative financial instruments	3,145	2,637
Amortised cost	5,045	5,291

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments include debt instrument at amortised cost, financial assets at FVTPL, derivative financial instruments, equity investments held for trading, trade and other debtors, restricted deposits with brokers, bank balances and cash and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below.

Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner. There has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to these risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

Market risks

(i) Currency risk

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's significant net monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currency of the relevant group entities are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Korean Won ("KRW")	4,224	19,970
US\$	793	3,612

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

(i) *Currency risk (continued)*

Sensitivity analysis

As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the directors of the Company consider that the exchange rate fluctuation is limited. Accordingly, no foreign currency sensitivity analysis in respect of US\$ is presented.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase/decrease in foreign currencies against the respective functional currency of the relevant group entities. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

On this basis, there would be an increase/decrease (2020: decrease/increase) in profit for the year (2020: loss for the year) by HK\$211,000 (2020: HK\$999,000) where KRW strengthens/weakens against HK\$ by 5%. The management has closely monitored foreign exchange exposure to mitigate the foreign currency risk.

(ii) *Interest rate risk*

As at 31st March, 2021 and 2020, the Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate debt instrument at amortised cost.

As at 31st March, 2021 and 2020, the Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances which are mainly arranged at floating rate.

The management has employed a treasury team to closely monitor interest rate movement and manage the potential risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate change exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate change exposure should the need arise.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. There is no significant exposure to interest rate risk on financial liabilities as at 31st March, 2021 and 2020.

Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost amounted to HK\$4,502,000 (2020: HK\$9,200,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risks (continued)

(iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk through its investments in unlisted investments and equity investment held for trading. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If prices of the underlying listed investment of the unlisted fund had been 5% higher/lower, profit for the year (2020: loss for the year) would increase/decrease (2020: decrease/increase) by HK\$2,316,000 (2020: HK\$1,649,000) as a result of changes in fair values of the underlying listed investment of the unlisted fund.

If prices of the equity investment held for trading had been 5% higher/lower, profit for the year (2020: loss for the year) would increase/decrease (2020: decrease/increase) by HK\$95,000 (2020: HK\$305,000) as a result of changes in fair values of equity investment held for trading measured at FVTPL.

Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to debt instrument at amortised cost and corresponding interest receivable, other debtors and deposits, restricted deposits with brokers and bank balances. Other than the entire balance of debt instrument at amortised cost of HK\$200,000,000 which was backed by share charges as security as disclosed in note 15, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its other financial assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Internal credit rating	Description	Financial assets
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12m ECL
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settles after due date	12m ECL
Doubtful	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off

Debt instrument at amortised cost and corresponding interest receivable

Debt instrument at amortised cost and the corresponding interest receivable (included in trade debtors) have gross carrying amounts of HK\$200,000,000 (2020: HK\$200,000,000) and HK\$3,825,000 (2020: HK\$329,000) respectively as at 31st March, 2021. No significant ECL is recognised as the Group's exposure to credit losses is minimal considering the underlying value of the Share Charge held by the Group as disclosed in note 15.

Other debtors and deposits

Other debtors and deposits have gross carrying amount of HK\$3,978,000 (2020: HK\$6,798,000) at 31st March, 2021. The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on other debtors and deposits individually. The management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other debtors and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The directors of the Company consider that the credit risk of the balances has not increased significantly since initial recognition as there is no significant change in credit profile of the counterparties. As such, the Group assesses the balances for impairment based on 12m ECL. The balances are classified as low risk and no significant 12m ECL is recognised considering the financial background of the counterparties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Restricted deposits with brokers and bank balances

Restricted deposits with brokers with gross carrying amount of HK\$1,950,000 as at 31st March, 2020 and bank balances with gross carrying amount of HK\$239,305,000 (2020: HK\$77,938,000) as at 31st March, 2021, are measured at 12m ECL as there is no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The balances are deposited in brokers and banks with external credit rating ranged from A1 to A and no significant 12m ECL is recognised as the credit risk on these balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputation and credit profile.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rates, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

	Weighted average interest rate %	Less than 3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	1 year to 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
2021						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Other payables	-	5,045	-	-	5,045	5,045
Lease liabilities	5.50	1,340	4,178	1,514	7,032	6,853
		<u>6,385</u>	<u>4,178</u>	<u>1,514</u>	<u>12,077</u>	<u>11,898</u>
2020						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Other payables	-	5,291	-	-	5,291	5,291
Lease liabilities	5.20	2,152	2,340	291	4,783	4,698
		<u>7,443</u>	<u>2,340</u>	<u>291</u>	<u>10,074</u>	<u>9,989</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

In addition, the following table details the Group's liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual net cash (inflows) and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis. The liquidity analysis for the Group's derivative financial instruments are prepared based on the contractual settlement dates as the management considers that the settlement dates are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows of derivatives.

	Weighted average interest rate %	Less than 3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
2021					
Derivative financial liabilities					
- net settlement					
Commodities forward contracts	-	<u>3,145</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,145</u>	<u>3,145</u>
2020					
Derivative financial liabilities					
- net settlement					
Commodities forward contracts	-	<u>1,546</u>	<u>1,091</u>	<u>2,637</u>	<u>2,637</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable.

Financial assets/ financial liabilities	Fair value as at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable input(s)
	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000			
Equity investments - Listed equity securities	1,893	6,109	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A
Derivative financial instruments - Commodities forward contracts			Level 2	Based on future cash flows estimated based on future commodities prices and contracted commodities prices.	N/A
Assets	6,106	6,513			
Liabilities	3,145	2,637			
Financial assets at FVTPL - Unlisted fund	197,704	140,769	Level 2	Based on the net asset values of the fund determined with reference to observable quoted prices in an active market of the underlying investment portfolio, mainly listed shares.	N/A
- Unlisted equity investment	-	11,673	Level 3	Income approach - in this approach, the discounted cash flow method was used to capture the present value of the expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of this investee, based on an appropriate discount rate.	Discount rate: 25% (2020: 25%)

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 (2020: Levels 1 and 2) during the current year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

	Unlisted equity investment <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 1st April, 2019	–
Transfer into Level 3 (<i>Note</i>)	15,600
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	<u>(3,927)</u>
As at 31st March, 2020	11,673
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	<u>(11,673)</u>
As at 31st March, 2021	<u>–</u>

Note: As at 1st April, 2019, the Group's unlisted equity investment amounted to HK\$15,600,000 whose fair value was measured at Level 2 fair value measurement as the fair value is based on the fair value of initial subscription cost adjusted by market movements for the corresponding period from the date of subscription up to the end of the reporting period. As at 31st March, 2020, the fair value was measured using discounted cash flow method with significant unobservable inputs. As such, there was a transfer from Level 2 fair value measurement as at 1st April, 2019 to Level 3 fair value measurement as at 31st March, 2020.

For financial instruments that are recorded at amortised cost, fair values have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis. The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values at the end of the reporting period.

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and liabilities that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has entered certain derivative transactions that are covered by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Master Agreements ("**ISDA Agreements**") signed with various banks. These derivative instruments are not offset in the consolidated statement of financial position as the ISDA Agreements are in place with a right of set off only in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy so that the Group currently has no legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts.

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For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements (continued)

	Gross amount of recognised financial liability/asset	Gross set off in the consolidated statement of financial position	Net amount of financial asset/liability presented in the consolidated statement of financial position	Related amount not set off in the consolidated statement of financial position		
				Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	Net amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2021						
Financial assets						
Commodities forward contracts	6,106	-	6,106	(3,145)	-	2,961
Bank balances	3,194	-	3,194	-	-	3,194
	9,300	-	9,300	(3,145)	-	6,155
Financial liability						
Commodities forward contracts	3,145	-	3,145	(3,145)	-	-

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For the year ended 31st March, 2021

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements (continued)

	Gross amount of recognised financial asset/liability <i>HK\$'000</i>	Gross set off in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net amount of financial asset/liability presented in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Related amount not set off in the consolidated statement of financial position		
				Financial instruments <i>HK\$'000</i>	Cash collateral received <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
2020						
Financial assets						
Commodities forward contracts	6,513	-	6,513	(2,637)	-	3,876
Restricted deposits with brokers	1,950	-	1,950	-	-	1,950
Bank balances	1,541	-	1,541	-	-	1,541
	<u>10,004</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,004</u>	<u>(2,637)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,367</u>
Financial liability						
Commodities forward contracts	<u>2,637</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,637</u>	<u>(2,637)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

29. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group mainly joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (“**MPF Scheme**”) in Hong Kong for its employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the MPF Scheme. No forfeited contributions are available to reduce the contributions payable in future years.

30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

On 24th June, 2019, the Group completed the disposal of its entire interests in certain subsidiaries (together referred to as the “**Illuminate Investment Group**”) for an aggregate consideration of Canadian dollars 6,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$35,139,000).

During the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Group disposed of its entire interests in certain subsidiaries which are mainly engaged in investment holding and trading of fisheries business for an aggregate consideration of HK\$4,081,000.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020 (continued)

The respective amounts of assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries disposed of on the relevant dates of disposals were as follows:

	Illuminate Investment Group <i>HK\$'000</i>	Others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Consideration received:			
Cash received	35,139	4,081	39,220
Analysis of the assets and liabilities over which control was lost:			
Property, plant and equipment	4,867	536	5,403
Investment properties	34,408	–	34,408
Inventories	–	1,485	1,485
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	697	1,575	2,272
Bank balances and cash	1,121	763	1,884
Other payables and accrued expenses	(1,336)	(1,066)	(2,402)
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,478)	–	(4,478)
Net assets disposed of	35,279	3,293	38,572
Gain (loss) on disposal of subsidiaries:			
Consideration received	35,139	4,081	39,220
Reclassification of cumulative translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	253	(1,231)	(978)
Net assets disposed of	(35,279)	(3,293)	(38,572)
Gain (loss) on disposal (included in other income, other gains and losses)	113	(443)	(330)
Net cash inflow arising on disposals:			
Cash consideration received	35,139	4,081	39,220
Bank balances and cash disposed of	(1,121)	(763)	(1,884)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	34,018	3,318	37,336

Upon disposal of the Illuminate Investment Group, cumulative property revaluation surplus of HK\$5,440,000 recognised in other comprehensive income and included under the heading of property revaluation reserve was transferred to accumulated profits.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

31. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES NOT CONSTITUTING A BUSINESS

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

On 5th September, 2019, pursuant to a loan capitalisation deed entered into between the Group and Yangtze Prosperity Development (HK) Limited (“**YPD(HK)**”), YPD(HK) issued and allotted 9,000,000 new shares to the Group in settlement for the outstanding loan receivable of HK\$23,400,000 and outstanding interest receivable of HK\$1,210,000 due by YPD(HK) to the Group.

YPD(HK) is incorporated in Hong Kong and is an investment holding company which in turn owns the entire equity interest in 江蘇宏貿倉儲有限公司 (“**Jiangsu Hong Mao**”), a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the PRC. Jiangsu Hong Mao holds a sea area use right in respect of a parcel of reclaimed land constructed on the relevant sea plot in Yangkou Port, Nantong, the PRC and is in the course of constructing infrastructure for operating chemical storage and related facilities thereon. Jiangsu Hong Mao has not commenced operation up to 31st March, 2020.

Upon completion of the transaction, the Group holds 90% equity interests in YPD(HK) and YPD(HK) and Jiangsu Hong Mao become non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group.

The transaction is accounted for as acquisition of assets and liabilities through acquisition of subsidiaries as the acquisition does not meet the definition of business combination.

	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Consideration transferred	24,610
Non-controlling interests recognised	<u>2,734</u>
Net assets acquired	<u>27,344</u>

Consideration transferred for the acquisition of 90% equity interests in YPD(HK) represents the aggregate of the outstanding loan receivable of HK\$23,400,000 and outstanding interest receivable of HK\$1,210,000 due by YPD(HK) to the Group at the acquisition date.

The non-controlling interests (10%) in YPD(HK) and Jiangsu Hong Mao recognised at the date of acquisition was measured by reference to the proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the net assets acquired.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

31. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES NOT CONSTITUTING A BUSINESS (continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020 (continued)

Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of the acquisition are as follows:

	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Property, plant and equipment	23,773
Right-of-use assets	11,239
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	1,533
Bank balances and cash	658
Other payables and accrued expenses	(9,859)
	<u>27,344</u>
Cash inflow arising in the acquisition:	
Bank balances and cash acquired	<u>658</u>

32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments:

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of construction in progress contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements	<u>60,603</u>	<u>55,510</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

33. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liability arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Lease liabilities <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1st April, 2019	12,586
Financing cash flows	(8,923)
Non-cash changes	
Interest expenses	428
New lease entered	788
Exchange realignment	(181)
At 31st March, 2020	4,698
Financing cash flows	(7,686)
Non-cash changes	
Interest expenses	414
New lease entered/leases modified	9,338
Exchange realignment	89
At 31st March, 2021	<u>6,853</u>

34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Compensation of key management personnel

Only the directors and chief executive are considered to be the key management personnel of the Group. The remuneration of directors and the chief executive is disclosed in note 6. The remuneration of directors is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and its remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

35. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Non-current asset		
Investments in subsidiaries	<u>672,104</u>	<u>687,627</u>
Current assets		
Other receivables	357	355
Amounts due from subsidiaries	96,358	112,878
Bank balances and cash	<u>3,869</u>	<u>832</u>
	<u>100,584</u>	<u>114,065</u>
Current liabilities		
Other payables	954	1,424
Amounts due to subsidiaries	<u>80,183</u>	<u>79,406</u>
	<u>81,137</u>	<u>80,830</u>
Net current assets	<u>19,447</u>	<u>33,235</u>
	<u>691,551</u>	<u>720,862</u>
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	20,183	20,183
Share premium and reserves (<i>Note</i>)	<u>671,368</u>	<u>700,679</u>
Total equity	<u>691,551</u>	<u>720,862</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

35. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note: Details of movements in the Company's share premium and reserves are as follows:

	Share premium <i>HK\$'000</i>	Capital redemption reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	Accumulated profits (accumulated losses) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1st April, 2019	959,550	908	135,186	1,095,644
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	—	—	(394,965)	(394,965)
At 31st March, 2020	959,550	908	(259,779)	700,679
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	—	—	(29,311)	(29,311)
At 31st March, 2021	959,550	908	(289,090)	671,368

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st March, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ registration	Place of operations	Issued and fully paid share capital	Percentage of issued share capital				Principal activities
				held by the Company		attributable to the Group		
				2021 %	2020 %	2021 %	2020 %	
<i>Directly owned</i>								
PT OBOR Financial Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100	100	100	100	Investment holding
PT Global Investment Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100	100	100	100	Investment holding
<i>Indirectly owned</i>								
PT Finance Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100	100	100	100	Provision of finance
PT Investment Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100	100	100	100	Investment holding and securities trading
PT Insurance Brokers Company Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1,200,000 ordinary shares	100	100	100	100	Provision of insurance brokerage services
保笙(上海)貿易有限公司 (Note)	The PRC	The PRC	Renminbi 20,000,000 ordinary shares	80	80	80	80	Commodities trading
Ko Bon Metal Power Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$78,000,000 ordinary shares	100	100	100	100	Commodities trading
Yangtze Prosperity Development (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$114,652,891 ordinary shares	90	90	90	90	Investment holding
江蘇宏貿倉儲有限公司	The PRC	The PRC	Renminbi 37,273,550 ordinary shares	90	90	90	90	Provision of chemical storage services

Note: The entity is established as a limited liability joint venture in the PRC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

All of the above subsidiaries are limited companies.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the assets of the Group at the end of the year. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

The directors of the Company consider that non-controlling interests arising from the Group's non-wholly owned subsidiaries are not material.

37. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- (i) During the year ended 31st March, 2021, the Group entered into new lease agreements and/or modified existing leases for the use of leased properties. On the lease commencement dates or modification dates, the Group recognised right-of-use assets of HK\$9,607,000 (2020: HK\$791,000) and lease liabilities of HK\$9,338,000 (2020: HK\$788,000).
- (ii) As disclosed in note 31, loan receivable due from YPD(HK) of HK\$23,400,000, together with interest receivable of HK\$1,210,000, was settled through the acquisition of 90% equity interests in YPD(HK) through a loan capitalisation during the year ended 31st March, 2020.

38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Acquisition of Thousand Vantage

On 29th March, 2021, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with Thousand Vantage and the Guarantor to subscribe for 668,571,429 new ordinary shares of Thousand Vantage at a subscription price, being the redemption amount which is the aggregate sum of the subscription price for the preference shares of HK\$200,000,000 and all the accrued and unpaid dividends on the preference shares up to the date of completion. Based on the Subscription Price, the price per Subscription Share shall be approximately HK\$0.3049. The Subscription Price shall be paid on completion by way of offsetting against the Redemption Amount payable by Thousand Vantage for redemption of the preference shares issued by Thousand Vantage to the Group on 16th April, 2018. Upon completion of the Subscription, the Group will hold approximately 65% of all the issued shares of Thousand Vantage as enlarged by the Subscription Shares, and all preference shares issued by Thousand Vantage shall have been fully redeemed.

The assets held by the Thousand Vantage Group mainly include right-of-use assets (representing land and sea areas use rights at Yingling Terminal Operation Area of Qinzhou Port in Guangxi, the PRC) and property, plant and equipment thereon (representing mainly port infrastructure, oil tanks and related facilities, plant and machinery and construction in progress) for the petrochemical port and storage business of the Thousand Vantage Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

Acquisition of Thousand Vantage (continued)

Upon completion of the Subscription, the Group is expected to obtain control over the Thousand Vantage Group through its 65% equity interests in Thousand Vantage and the consolidated financial statements of the Thousand Vantage Group will be consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Management Agreement is expected to be terminated upon completion of the Subscription. The directors of the Company are in the process of evaluating the financial impact of the Subscription to the Group's consolidated financial statements and it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

The completion of the Subscription is conditional upon the satisfaction of conditions precedent, including, but not limited to, obtaining the required shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules. Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company is in the process of arranging for shareholders' approval. Details of the Subscription are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29th March, 2021.

Subscription of interests in Cupral Group Ltd. ("Cupral")

On 16th April, 2021, several independent third-party individuals and the Group entered into an investment and shareholders' agreement in relation to the subscription of 24,999,050 ordinary shares in aggregate in Cupral at a total subscription amount of British Pounds Sterling ("**GBP**") 2,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$27.0 million) (the "**Cupral Subscription**"). On completion of the Cupral Subscription, the Group will be allotted 22,500,000 ordinary shares in Cupral with an aggregate subscription price of GBP2,250,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$24.3 million), which represents 90% of the enlarged issued share capital of Cupral.

Cupral is a private limited company incorporated and registered in England and Wales and is inactive on the date of the Cupral Subscription. The Cupral Subscription allows Cupral to build a copper recycling and upgrading plant in the United Kingdom and engage in the recycling, upgrading and sale of copper granules from waste cable. Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are in the process of evaluating the financial impact of the Cupral Subscription to the Group's consolidated financial statements and it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

39. DISTRIBUTIONS

The directors of the Company have resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2021 (2020: Nil).

Five-Year Financial Summary

	Year ended 31st March,				2021 HK\$'000
	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	
RESULTS					
Revenue	15,404	1,984,368	1,785,780	1,252,461	1,468,217
(Loss) profit before taxation	(1,293,560)	(32,706)	275,447	(903,771)	166,458
Taxation	(418)	(4,300)	1,751	185	(5)
(Loss) profit for the year	<u>(1,293,978)</u>	<u>(37,006)</u>	<u>277,198</u>	<u>(903,586)</u>	166,453
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(1,293,978)	(36,828)	277,056	(902,258)	167,056
Non-controlling interests	—	(178)	142	(1,328)	(603)
	<u>(1,293,978)</u>	<u>(37,006)</u>	<u>277,198</u>	<u>(903,586)</u>	166,453
As at 31st March,					
	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Total assets	1,180,622	1,428,455	1,488,165	547,209	789,037
Total liabilities	<u>(16,939)</u>	<u>(141,399)</u>	<u>(10,758)</u>	<u>(17,286)</u>	(73,889)
	<u>1,163,683</u>	<u>1,287,056</u>	<u>1,477,407</u>	<u>529,923</u>	715,148
EQUITY					
Equity attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	1,163,683	1,282,153	1,472,608	523,718	709,546
Non-controlling interests	—	4,903	4,799	6,205	5,602
	<u>1,163,683</u>	<u>1,287,056</u>	<u>1,477,407</u>	<u>529,923</u>	715,148

